HEDT-9000/9100

High Temperature 125°C Two Channel Optical Incremental Encoder Modules

AVAGO

Data Sheet



Description

The HEDT-9000 and the HEDT-9100 series are high performance, low cost, optical incremental encoder modules that operate to 125°C. When used with a codewheel, these modules detect rotary position. The modules consist of a lensed (LED) source and a detector IC enclosed in a small C-shaped plastic package. Due to a highly collimated light source and unique photodetector array, these modules are extremely tolerant to mounting misalignment.

The two channel digital outputs and the single 5 V supply input are accessed through five 0.025 inch square pins located on 0.1 inch centers.

Standard resolutions for the HEDT-9000 are 500 CPR and 1000 CPR for use with a HEDS-6100 codewheel or equivalent. For the HEDT-9100, standard resolutions between 96 CPR and 512 CPR are available for use with a HEDS-5120 codewheel or equivalent.

Note: Avago Technologies encoders are not recommended for use in safety critical applications. Eg. ABS braking systems, power steering, life support systems and critical care medical equipment. Please contact sales representative if more clarification is needed.

Features

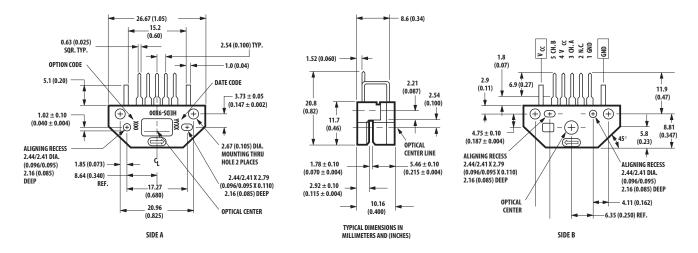
- High performance
- High resolution
- Low cost
- · Easy to mount
- No signal adjustment required
- Insensitive to radial and axial play
- Small size
- -40°C to 125°C operating temperature
- Two channel quadrature output
- TTL compatible
- Single 5 V supply

Applications

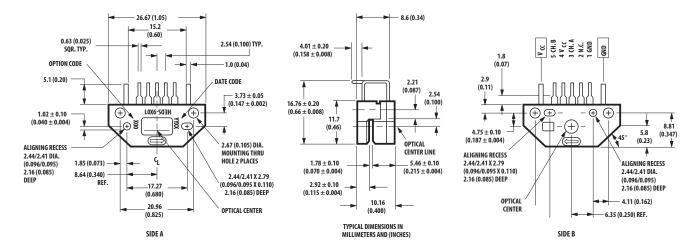
The HEDT-9000 and 9100 provide sophisticated motion detection at a low cost, at temperatures to 125°C, making them ideal for high volume industrial applications.

Package Dimensions

HEDx-9xx0 Option



HEDx-9xx1 Option

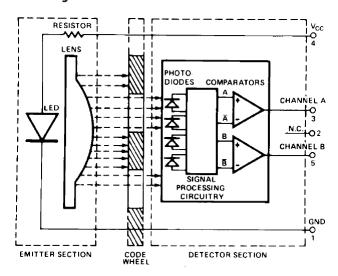


Theory of Operation

The HEDT-9000 and 9100 are C-shaped emitter/detector modules. Coupled with a codewheel, they translate the rotary motion of a shaft into a two-channel digital output.

As seen in the block diagram, each module contains a single Light Emitting Diode (LED) as its light source. The light is collimated into a parallel beam by means of a single polyetherimide lens located directly over the LED. Opposite the emitter is the integrated detector circuit. This IC consists of multiple sets of photodetectors and the signal processing circuitry necessary to product the digital waveforms.

Block Diagram



The codewheel rotates between the emitter and detector, causing the light beam to be interrupted by the pattern of spaces and bars on the codewheel. The photodiodes which detect these interruptions are arranged in a pattern that corresponds to the radius and design of the codewheel. These detectors are also spaced such that a light period on one pair of detectors corresponds to a dark period on the adjacent pair of detectors. The photodiode outputs are then fed through the signal processing circuitry resulting in A, \overline{A} , B, and \overline{B} . Two comparators receive these signals and produce the final outputs for channels A and B. Due to this integrated phasing technique, the digital output of channel A is in quadrature with that of channel B (90 degrees out of phase).

Definitions

Count (N): The number of bar and window pairs or counts per revolution (CPR) of the codewheel.

1 Shaft Rotation = 360 mechanical degrees,

= N cycles.

1 cycle (C) = 360 electrical degrees (°e),

= 1 bar and window pair.

Pulse Width (P): The number of electrical degrees that an output is high during 1 cycle. This value is nominally 180°e or 1/2 cycle.

Pulse Width Error (ΔP): The deviation, in electrical degrees of the pulse width from its ideal value of 180°e.

State Width (S): The number of electrical degrees between a transition in the output of channel A and the neighboring transition in the output of channel B. There are 4 states per cycle, each nominally 90°e.

State Width Error (ΔS): The deviation, in electrical degrees, of each state width from its ideal value of 90°e.

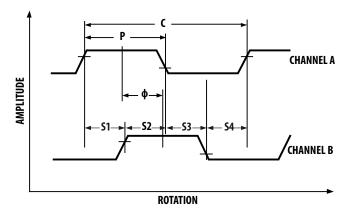
Phase (φ): The number of electrical degrees between the center of the high state of channel A and the center of the high state of channel B. This value is nominally 90°e for guadrature output.

Phase Error ($\Delta \phi$): The deviation of the phase from its ideal value of 90°e.

Direction of Rotation: When the codewheel rotates in the direction of the arrow on top of the module, channel A will lead channel B. If the codewheel rotates in the opposite direction, channel B will lead channel A.

Optical Radius (R_{op}): The distance from the codewheel's center of rotation to the optical center (O.C.) of the encoder module.

Output Waveforms



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Storage Temperature, T _s	-40°C to 125°C
Operating Temperature, T _A	-40°C to 125°C
Supply Voltage, V _{CC}	-0.5 V to 7 V
Output Voltage, V _o	-0.5 V to $V_{\rm cc}$
Output Current per Channel, I	-1.0 mA to 5 mA

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes
Temperature	Т	-40		125	°C	
Supply Voltage	V_{cc}	4.5		5.5	Volts	Ripple < 100 mV _{p-p}
Load Capacitance	C_{L}			100	pF	3.3 kΩ pull-up resistor
Count Frequency	f			100	kHz	Velocity (rpm) x N
						60

Note: The module performance is guaranteed to 100 kHz but can operate at higher frequencies.

Encoding Characteristics

Encoding Characteristics over Recommended Operating Range and Recommended Mounting Tolerances. These Characteristics do not include codewheel/codestrip contributions.

Description	Sym.	Тур.	Case 1 Max.	Case 2 Max.	Units	Notes
Pulse Width Error	ΔΡ	7	35	45	°e	
Logic State Width Error	ΔS	5	35	45	°e	
Phase Error	Δφ	2	15	20	°e	

Case 1: Module mounted on tolerance circle of ± 0.13 mm (± 0.005 in.).

Case 2: HEDT-9000 mounted on tolerances of ± 0.50 mm (0.020").

HEDT-9100 mounted ontolerances of ± 0.38 mm (0.015").

Electrical Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics over Recommended Operating Range, typical at 25°C.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Notes
Supply Current	I _{cc}		17	40	mA	
High Level Output Voltage	V_{OH}	2.4			Volts	$I_{OH} = -40 \mu A \text{ max.}$
Low Level Output Voltage	V_{OL}			0.4	Volts	$I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$
Rise Time	t _r		200		ns	$C_L = 25 \text{ pF}$
Fall Time	t,		50		ns	$R_i = 11 \text{ k}\Omega$ pull-up

Recommended Codewheel Characteristics

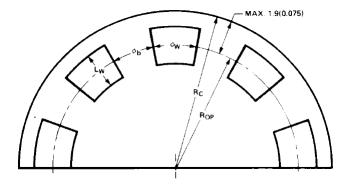


Figure 1. Codestrip Design.

Codewheel Options

HEDS Series	CPR (N)	Option	Optical Radius mm (in.)
5120	96	K	11.00 (0.433)
5120	100	C	11.00 (0.433)
5120	192	D	11.00 (0.433)
5120	200	E	11.00 (0.433)
5120	256	F	11.00 (0.433)
5120	360	G	11.00 (0.433)
5120	400	Н	11.00 (0.433)
5120	500	Α	11.00 (0.433)
5120	512	I	11.00 (0.433)
6100	500	Α	23.36 (0.920)
6100	1000	В	23.36 (0.920)

Parameter	Symbol	Minimum	Maximum	Units	Notes
Window/Bar Ratio	$\phi_{\rm w}/\phi_{\rm b}$	0.7	1.4		
Window Length	L	1.8 (0.07)	2.3 (0.09)	mm (inch)	
Absolute Maximum Codewheel Radius	R_{c}		R _{OP} + 1.9 (0.075)	mm (inch)	Includes eccentricity errors

Mounting Considerations

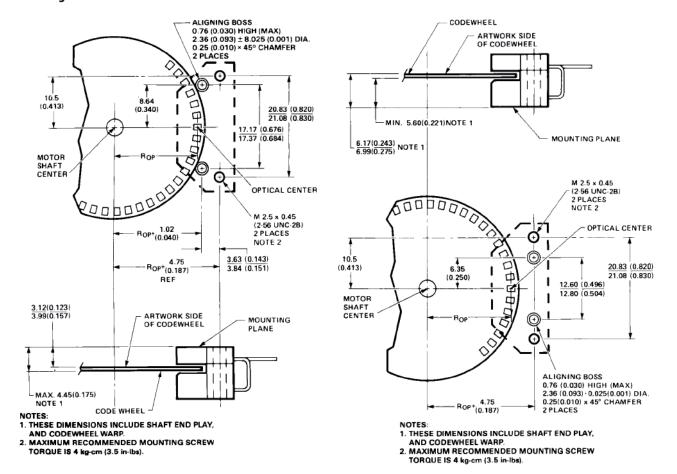


Figure 2. Mounting Plane Side A.

Figure 3. Mounting Plane Side B.

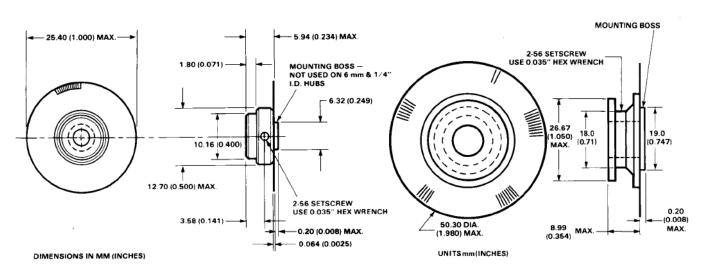
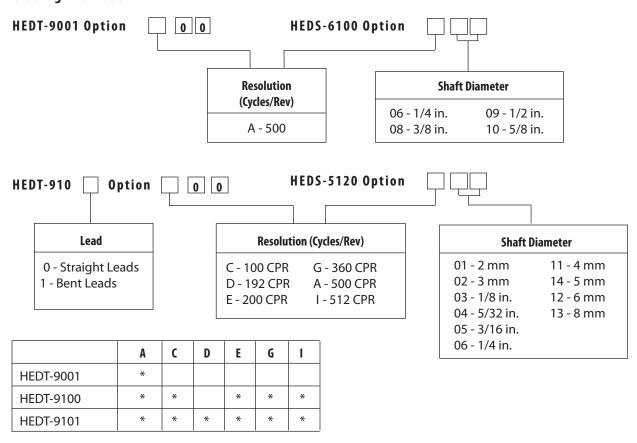


Figure 4. HEDS-5120 Codewheel.

Figure 5. HEDS-6100 Codewheel.

Ordering Information



		01	02	03	04	05	06	08	09	10	11	12	13	14
HEDS-6100	А								*			*	*	
		01	02	03	04	05	06	08	09	10	11	12	13	14
HEDS-5120	А	*	*	*	*	*	*				*	*		*
	С		*				*				*	*	*	*
	D					*								
	Е						*					*		
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	G		*	*		*	*				*			*
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For product information and a complete list of distributors, please go to our website: **www.avagotech.com**

