

*Halogen Free*

## **ATA Disk Module 4**

*Specification for Mini ADM (44P/270D)*

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*Version 1.1*



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## Features:

- **Standard ATA/IDE bus interface**
  - ATA command set compatible
  - ATA operating mode supports up to:
    - PIO Mode-4
    - Multiword DMA Mode-2
    - Ultra DMA Mode-6
- **Connector type**
  - 44-pin female connector
- **Low power consumption (typical)**
  - Supply voltage: 3.3V & 5V
  - Active mode: 120mA
  - Idle mode: 7mA
- **Performance**
  - Sustained read: Up to 85 MB/sec
  - Sustained write: Up to 40 MB/sec
- **Capacity**
  - Standard:
    - 1, 2, 4, 8, 16 GB
- **NAND Flash Type: SLC**
- **Temperature ranges**
  - Operation:
    - Standard: 0°C to 70°C
    - ET\*: -40°C to 85°C
  - Storage: -40°C to 100°C
- **Flash management**
  - **Intelligent endurance design**
    - Advanced wear-leveling algorithms*
    - S.M.A.R.T. technology*
    - Built-in hardware ECC*
    - Enhanced data integrity*
  - **Intelligent power failure recovery**
  - **Enhanced security level**
    - Secure protection zone*
    - ATA Secure Erase*
- **Halogen Free**

\* Extended Temperature

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## 1. General Description

Apacer's ATA-Disk Module (ADM) is a high-performance, embedded flash drive designed to replace the conventional IDE hard disk drive. The ADMs can be plugged into a standard IDE connector commonly found in desktops, IT-STB, industrial PCs and thin client systems. Apacer's ADM SSD has a built-in microcontroller with file management firmware that communicates with the ATA standard interfaces. No additional or proprietary host software is required.

Well suited for embedded flash storage applications by offering new and expanded functionalities as well as more cost-effective designs, better performance and increased reliability, ADM is designed to work at either 5 or 3.3 Volts, supports the standard ATA/IDE protocol for up to PIO Mode-4, Multiword DMA Mode-2 and Ultra DMA Mode-6 interfaces, and uses the standard ATA driver complying with all major operating systems such as Microsoft's Windows series, Apple's Mac OS family, and Unix variants.

Featuring technologies as Advanced Wear-leveling algorithms, S.M.A.R.T, Enhanced Data Integrity, Intelligent Power Failure Recovery, Secure Protection Zone and ATA Secure Erase, Apacer's ADM assures users of a versatile device on data storage.

### 1.1 Performance-Optimized Controller

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The kernel of an ATA-Disk Module is the ATA controller, which translates standard ATA signals into the data and controls of the flash media. This proprietary ATA controller is specifically designed to attain high data throughput from the host to the flash.

#### 1.1.1 Power Management Unit (PMU)

The power management unit (PMU) controls the power consumption of the ATA-Disk Module. It reduces the power consumption of the ATA-Disk Module Controller by putting circuitry not in operation into sleep mode. The PMU has zero wake-up latency.

#### 1.1.2 SRAM Buffer

The ATA-Disk Module Controller performs as an SRAM buffer to optimize the host's data transfer to and from the flash media.

## 2. Functional Block

The ATA-Disk Module (ADM) includes the ATA controller and flash media, as well as the ATA standard interface. Figure 2-1 shows the functional block diagram.

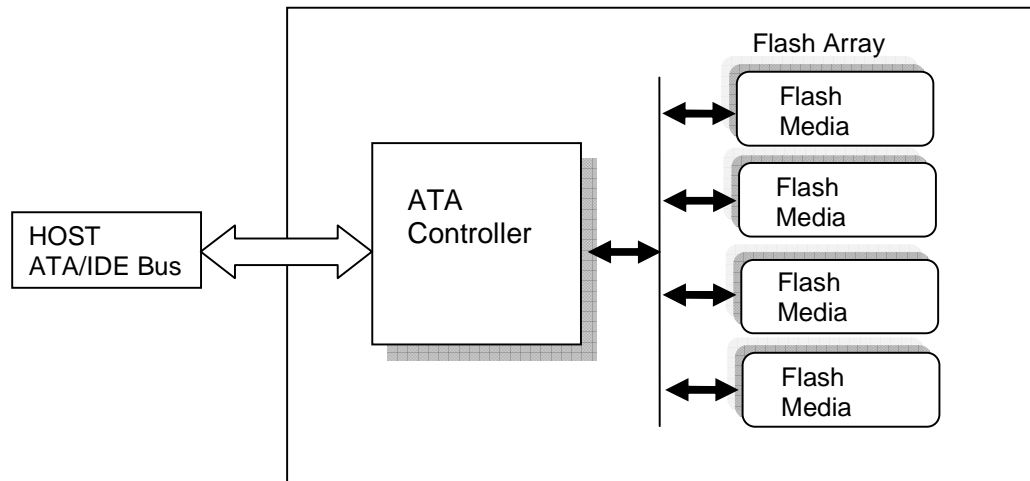


Figure 2-1: Functional block diagram

## 3. Pin Assignments

Table 3-1 lists the pin assignments with respective signal names for the 44-pin configuration. A “#” suffix indicates the active low signal. The pin type can be input, output or input/output.

**Table 3-1:** Pin assignments for the 44-pin configuration

Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin Type	I/O Type <sup>1</sup>	Pin No.	Signal Name	Pin Type	I/O Type
1	RESET#	I	I2U	2	GND	-	Ground
3	D7	I/O	I1Z, O2	4	D8	I/O	I1Z, O2
5	D6	I/O	I1Z, O2	6	D9	I/O	I1Z, O2
7	D5	I/O	I1Z, O2	8	D10	I/O	I1Z, O2
9	D4	I/O	I1Z, O2	10	D11	I/O	I1Z, O2
11	D3	I/O	I1Z, O2	12	D12	I/O	I1Z, O2
13	D2	I/O	I1Z, O2	14	D13	I/O	I1Z, O2
15	D1	I/O	I1Z, O2	16	D14	I/O	I1Z, O2
17	D0	I/O	I1Z, O2	18	D15	I/O	I1Z, O2
19	GND	-	Ground	20	NC	-	-
21	DMARQ#	O	O1	22	GND		Ground
23	IOWR# STOP	I	I2Z	24	GND	-	Ground
25	IORD# HDMARDY# HSTROBE#	I	I2Z	26	GND	-	Ground
27	IORDY DDMARDY# DSTROBE	O	O1	28	NC/CSEL	I	I1U
29	DMACK#	I	I2U	30	NC/WP# <sup>1</sup>	-/I	-/I1U
31	INTRQ	O	O1	32	IOCS16#	O	O2
33	A1	I	I1Z	34	PDIAG#	I/O	I1U, O1
35	A0	I	I1Z	36	A2	I	I1Z
37	CS1FX#	I	I2Z	38	CS3FX#	I	I2Z
39	DASP#	I/O	I1U, O6	40	GND	-	Ground
41	VDD	-	Power	42	VDD	-	Power
43	GND	-	Ground	44	NC	-	-

<sup>1</sup>. Pin 30 is selectable as NC or WP# through a zero ohm resistor jumper. Default is NC. Note that pin 30 is a GND pin on standard ATA interface. This pin could be redesigned for host to control the write protect function on ADM

## 4. Capacity Specification

Capacity specification of the ATA-Disk Module (ADM) product family is available as shown in Table 4-1. It lists the specific capacity and the default numbers of heads, sectors and cylinders for each product line.

**Table 4-1:** Capacity specifications

Capacity	Total bytes	Cylinders	Heads	Sectors	Max LBA
1 GB	979,034,112	1986	16	63	1,912,176
2 GB	1,958,584,320	3969	16	63	3,825,360
4 GB	3,917,168,640	7937	16	63	7,650,720
8 GB	7,682,605,056	14886	16	63	15,005,088
16 GB	15,521,009,664	16383*	16	63	30,314,472

\*CYLINDERS, HEADS OR SECTORS ARE NOT APPLICABLE FOR THESE CAPACITIES. ONLY LBA ADDRESSING APPLIES

### 4.1 Performance Specification

Performances of the ATA-Disk Module are listed in below tables.

**Table 4-2:** Standard SLC Performance specifications

Capacity	1 GB	2 GB	4 GB	8 GB	16 GB
<b>Performance</b>					
<b>Sustained read (MB/s)</b>	25	25	50	50	85
<b>Sustained write (MB/s)</b>	7	10	20	20	40

### 4.2 Environmental Specification

Environmental specification of the ATA-Disk Module (ADM) product family follows the MIL-STD-810F standard which is shown in Table 4-5.

**Table 4-5:** Environmental specifications

Environment	Specification
Temperature	Operation 0°C to 70°C; -40°C to 85°C (Extended Temperature)
	Storage -40°C to 100°C
Humidity	5% to 95% RH (Non-condensing)
Vibration (Non-Operation)	Sine wave: 10~2000Hz, 15G (X, Y, Z axes)
Shock (Non-Operation)	Half sine wave, Peak acceleration 50 G, 11 ms (X, Y, Z ; All 6 axes)

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## 5. Flash Management

### 5.1 Intelligent Endurance Design

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#### 5.1.1 Advanced wear-leveling algorithms

The NAND flash devices are limited by a certain number of write cycles. When using a file system, frequent file table updates is mandatory. If some area on the flash wears out faster than others, it would significantly reduce the lifetime of the whole device, even if the erase counts of others are far from the write cycle limit. Thus, if the write cycles can be distributed evenly across the media, the lifetime of the media can be prolonged significantly. The scheme is achieved both via buffer management and Apacer-specific advanced wear leveling to ensure that the lifetime of the flash media can be increased, and the disk access performance is optimized as well.

#### 5.1.2 S.M.A.R.T. technology

S.M.A.R.T. is an acronym for Self-Monitoring, Analysis and Reporting Technology, an open standard allowing disk drives to automatically monitor their own health and report potential problems. It protects the user from unscheduled downtime by monitoring and storing critical drive performance and calibration parameters. Ideally, this should allow taking proactive actions to prevent impending drive failure. Apacer SMART feature adopts the standard SMART command B0h to read data from the drive. When the Apacer SMART Utility running on the host, it analyzes and reports the disk status to the host before the device is in critical condition.

#### 5.1.3 Built-in hardware ECC

The ATA-Disk Module uses BCH Error Detection Code (EDC) and Error Correction Code (ECC) algorithms which correct up to 12 random bits of error per 512-Byte sector or 24 random bits of error per 1K-Byte sector. High performance is fulfilled through hardware-based error detection and correction.

#### 5.1.4 Enhanced data integrity

The properties of NAND flash memory make it ideal for applications that require high integrity while operating in challenging environments. The integrity of data to NAND flash memory is generally maintained through ECC algorithms and bad block management. Flash controllers can support up to 8 bits ECC capability for accuracy of data transactions, and bad block management is a preventive mechanism from loss of data by retiring unusable media blocks and relocating the data to the other blocks, along with the integration of advanced wear leveling algorithms, so that the lifespan of device can be expanded.



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## **5.2 Intelligent Power Failure Recovery**

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The Low Power Detection on the controller initiates cached data saving before the power supply to the device is too low. This feature prevents the device from crash and ensures data integrity during an unexpected blackout. Once power was failure before cached data writing back into flash, data in the cache will lost. The next time the power is on, the controller will check these fragmented data segment, and, if necessary, replace them with old data kept in flash until programmed successfully.

## **5.3 Enhanced Security Level**

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### **5.3.1 Secure protection zone**

Partitioning with static commands to logically secure data, protection zones are the solid frameworks of file vaults. 3 different types of zones, unprotected, read-only, and restricted, are offered for effortless administration. When the product is shipped out of Apacer, all sectors are in the unprotected zone, which means there is no control on any data transaction. For further management control, the read-only zone can be set to be accessed exclusively for grantees, and the restricted zone, to be as the maximum security stockade with full administration privilege required. A maximum of 4 zones can be configured as either restricted or read-only zone presenting concurrently. The space outside these 4 zones is automatically in the unprotected zone if available. After the zone has been configured, the protection zone can be de-activated or re-activated by either software methods or hardware components. Protection zone configuration is non-volatile and it will be in effect until the next set of configuration overwrites it.

### **5.3.2 ATA Secure Erase**

Accomplished by the Secure Erase (SE) command, which added to the open ANSI standards that control disk drives, "ATA Secure Erase" is built into the disk drive itself and thus far less susceptible to malicious software attacks than external software utilities. It is a positive easy-to-use data destroy command, amounting to electronic data shredding. Executing the command causes a drive to internally completely erase all possible user data. This command is carried out within disk drives, so no additional software is required. Once executed, neither data nor the erase counter on the device would be recoverable, which blurs the accuracy of device lifespan. The process to erase will not be stopped until finished while encountering power failure, and will be continued when power is back on.

## 6. Software Interface

### 6.1 Command Set

This section defines the software requirements and the format of the commands the host sends to the ATA-Disk Module (ADM). Commands are issued to the ADM by loading the required registers in the command block with the supplied parameters, and then writing the command code to the Command register. The manner in which a command is accepted varies.

**Table 6-1:** Command set (1 of 2)

Command	Code	FR <sup>1</sup>	SC <sup>2</sup>	SN <sup>3</sup>	CY <sup>4</sup>	DH <sup>5</sup>	LBA <sup>6</sup>
Check-Power-Mode	E5H or 98H	-	-	-	-	D <sup>8</sup>	-
Execute-Drive-Diagnostic	90H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Erase Sector(s)	C0H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Flush-Cache	E7H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Format Track	50H	-	Y <sup>7</sup>	-	Y	Y <sup>8</sup>	Y
Identify-Drive	ECH	-	-	-	-	D	-
Idle	E3H or 97H	-	Y	-	-	D	-
Idle-Immediate	E1H or 95H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Initialize-Drive-Parameters	91H	-	Y	-	-	Y	-
NOP	00H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Read-Buffer	E4H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Read-DMA	C8H or C9H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Read-Multiple	C4H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Read-Sector(s)	20H or 21H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Read-Verify-Sector(s)	40H or 41H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Recalibrate	1XH	-	-	-	-	D	-
Request-Sense	03H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Security-Disable-Password	F6H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Security-Erase-Prepare	F3H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Security-Erase-Unit	F4H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Security-Freeze-Lock	F5H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Security-Set-Password	F1H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Security-Unlock	F2H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Seek	7XH	-	-	Y	Y	Y	Y
Set-Features	EFH	Y <sup>7</sup>	-	-	-	D	-

## ATA-Disk Module 4 AP-FMxxxxL30XXS-XXX



**Table 6-1:** Command set (2 of 2)

Command	Code	FR <sup>1</sup>	SC <sup>2</sup>	SN <sup>3</sup>	CY <sup>4</sup>	DH <sup>5</sup>	LBA <sup>6</sup>
SMART	B0H	Y	Y	Y	Y	D	
Set-Multiple-Mode	C6H	-	Y	-	-	D	-
Set-Sleep-Mode	E6H or 99H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Standby	E2H or 96H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Standby-Immediate	E0H or 94H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Translate-Sector	87H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Write-Buffer	E8H	-	-	-	-	D	-
Write-DMA	CAH or CBH	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Write-Multiple	C5H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Write-Multiple-Without-Erase	CDH	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Write-Sector(s)	30H or 31H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Write-Sector-Without-Erase	38H	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Write-Verify	3CH	-	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y

1. FR - Features register

2. SC - Sector Count register

3. SN - Sector Number register

4. CY - Cylinder registers

5. DH - Drive/Head register

6. LBA - Logical Block Address mode supported (see command descriptions for use)

7. Y - The register contains a valid parameter for this command

8. For the Drive/Head register:

Y means both the ATA-Disk Module and Head parameters are used

D means only the ATA-Disk Module parameter is valid and not the Head parameter

## 7. Electrical Specification

**Caution: Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings** – Applied conditions greater than those listed under “Absolute Maximum Stress Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these conditions or conditions greater than those defined in the operational sections of this data sheet is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum stress rating conditions may affect device reliability.

**Table 7-1: Operating range**

Range	Ambient Temperature	3.3V	5V
Standard	0°C to +70°C	3.135-3.465V	4.75-5.25V
Extended Temperature	-40°C to +85°C		

**Table 7-2: Absolute maximum power pin stress ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Voltage	Conditions
Input Power	$V_{DDQ}$	3.3 V	-0.3V min to 4.0V max
		5 V	-0.3V min. to 6.5V max.
	$V_{DD(\text{core})}$ and $V_{DD(I/O)}$	3.3 V	-0.3V min to 4.0V max
Voltage on any flash media interface pin with respect to $V_{SS}$	-	-	-0.5V min to $V_{DD} + 0.5V$ max

**Table 7-3: Recommended system power-up timing**

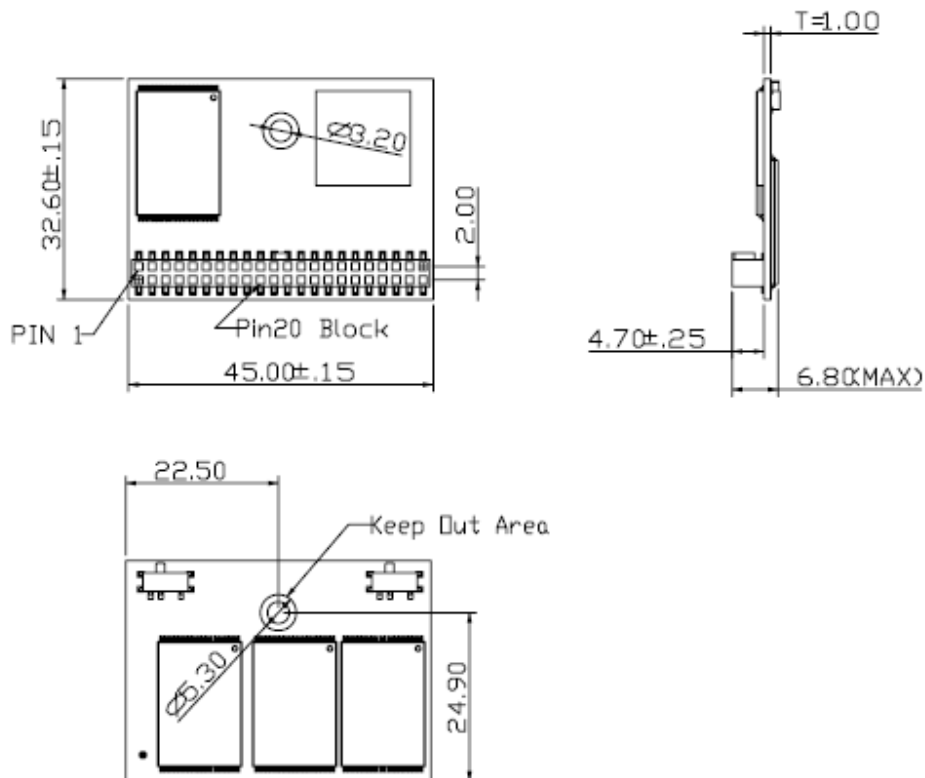
Symbol	Parameter	Typical	Maximum	Units
$T_{PU-READY}^*$	Power-up to Ready Operation	200	2000	ms
$T_{PU-WRITE}^*$	Power-up to Write Operation	200	2000	ms

\*This parameter is measured only for initial qualification and after a design or process change that could affect this parameter.

## 8. Physical Characteristics

### 8.1 Dimension – Mini ADM

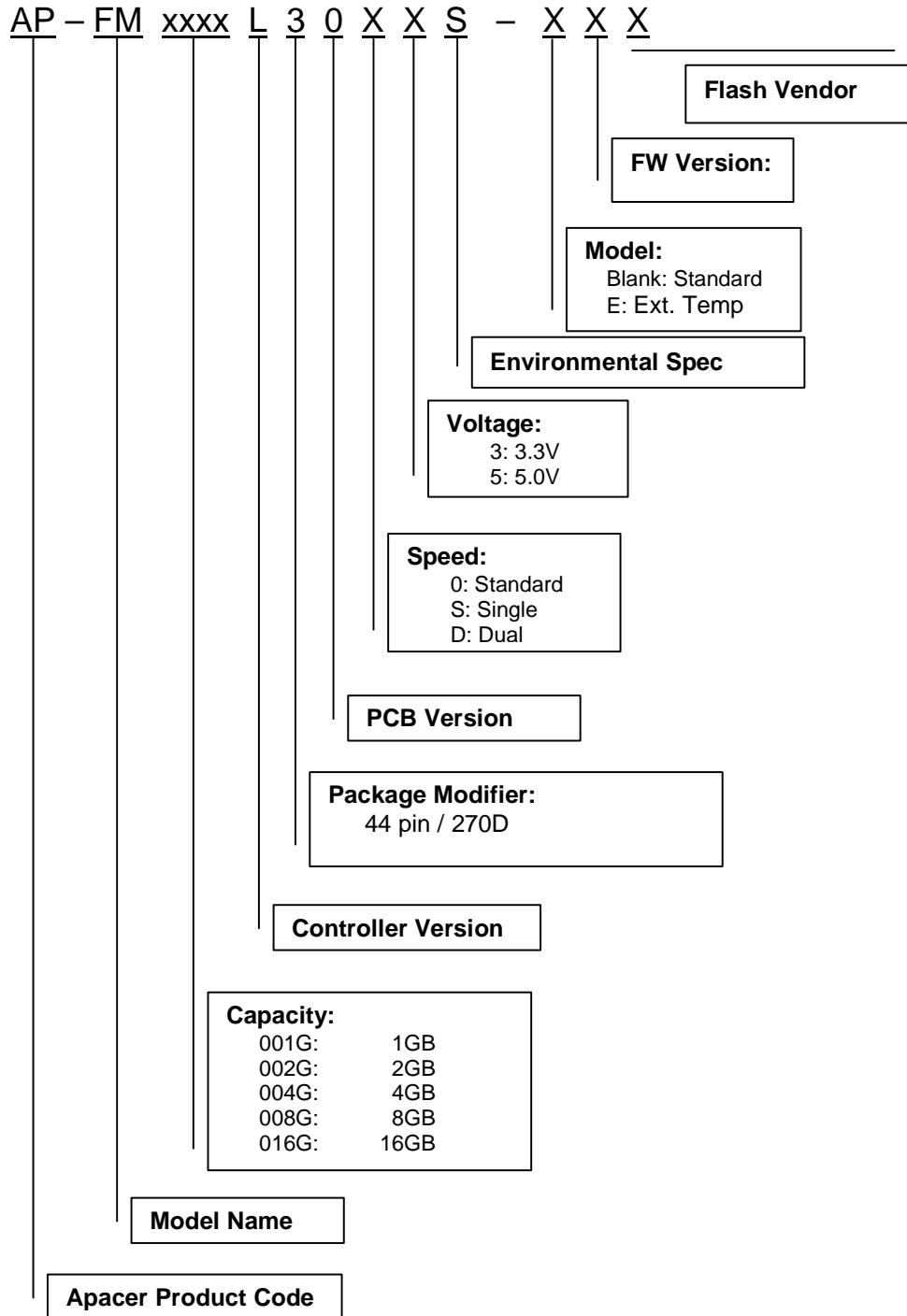
#### 8.1.1 44 pin/ 270 degree



Unit: mm  
Tolerance:  $\pm 0.2$  mm

## 9. Product Ordering Information

### 9.1 Product Code Designations



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## 9.2 Valid Combinations

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### 9.2.1 Standard SLC

Capacity	Standard ADM4 44/270 5V SLC		Standard ADM4 44/270 3.3V SLC	
1 GB	AP-FM001GL3005S-DT	1024Mx8*1	AP-FM001GL3003S-DT	1024Mx8*1
2 GB	AP-FM002GL3005S-DT	2048Mx8*1	AP-FM002GL3003S-DT	2048Mx8*1
4 GB	AP-FM004GL3005S-DT	2048Mx8*2	AP-FM004GL3003S-DT	2048Mx8*2
8 GB	AP-FM008GL3005S-DT	4096Mx8*2	AP-FM008GL3003S-DT	4096Mx8*2
16 GB	AP-FM016GL3005S-DT	4096Mx8*4	AP-FM016GL3003S-DT	4096Mx8*4

### 9.2.2 Ext. Temp Standard SLC

Capacity	Standard ADM4 44/270 5V SLC ET		Standard ADM4 44/270 3.3V SLC ET	
1 GB	AP-FM001GL3005S-EDT	1024Mx8*1	AP-FM001GL3003S-EDT	1024Mx8*1
2 GB	AP-FM002GL3005S-EDT	2048Mx8*1	AP-FM002GL3003S-EDT	2048Mx8*1
4 GB	AP-FM004GL3005S-EDT	2048Mx8*2	AP-FM004GL3003S-EDT	2048Mx8*2
8 GB	AP-FM008GL3005S-EDT	4096Mx8*2	AP-FM008GL3003S-EDT	4096Mx8*2
16 GB	AP-FM016GL3005S-EDT	4096Mx8*4	AP-FM016GL3003S-EDT	4096Mx8*4

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## Revision History

Revision	Date	Description	Remark
1.0	04/12/2011	Official release	
1.1	05/27/2011	Updated Features content · Capacity Specification & Electrical Specification	



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## Global Presence

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