True peak acceleration loop powered sensors

PC420ATP series



Wilcoxon's PC420ATP series sensors provide 24/7 output of true peak acceleration, allowing for continuous trending of overall machine vibration in process control systems. True peak output is particularly useful in detecting loose parts on reciprocating machinery. The trend data alerts users to changing machine conditions and helps guide maintenance in prioritizing the need for service.



Table 1: PC420ATP-yy model selection guide

4-20 mA output type	yy (4-20 mA full scale)
ATP = True peak output, acceleration	05 = 5 g 10 = 10 g 20 = 20 g

Key features

- True peak output helps detect high-frequency impacts on reciprocating machines
- Intrinsically safe certified and explosion-proof models available
- Easily integrated into existing process control systems
- Manufactured in an approved ISO 9001 facility

Certifications



Note: Due to continuous process improvement, specifications are subject to change without notice. This document is cleared for public release.

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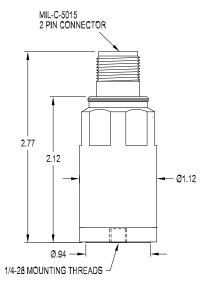


SPECIFICATIONS

Full scale, 20 mA, ±5%		see Table 1 on page 1
Frequency response:	±10% ±3 dB	10 Hz - 1.0 kHz 4.0 Hz - 2.0 kHz
Repeatability		±2%
Transverse sensitivity, ma	x	5%
Power requirements (2-wir Voltage at sensor term		12 - 30 VDC
Loop resistance ¹ at 24 VD0	C, max	700 Ω
Turn on time, 4-20 mA loop)	<30 seconds
Grounding		case isolated, internally shielded
Temperature range		–40° to +85° C
Vibration limit		250 g peak
Shock limit		2,500 g peak
Sealing		hermetic
Sensing element design		PZT, shear
Weight		162 grams
Case material		stainless steel
Mounting		1/4-28 tapped hole
Output connector		2 pin, MIL-C-5015 style
Mating connector		R6 type
Recommended cabling		J9T2A

Accessories supplied: SF6 mounting stud (metric mounting available); calibration data (level 2)

Connector pin
А
В
shell

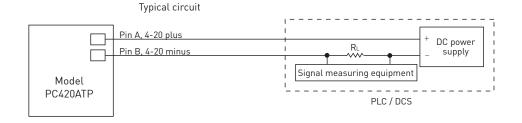


Notes: ¹ Maximum loop resistance (R_L) can be calculated by:

$$R_{L} = \frac{V_{DC power} - 10 V}{20 \text{ mA}}$$

DC supply voltage	R _L (max resistance) ²	R _L (minimum wattage capability)³
12 VDC	100 Ω	1/8 watt
20 VDC	500 Ω	1/4 watt
24 VDC	700 Ω	1/2 watt
26 VDC	800 Ω	1/2 watt
30 VDC	1,000 Ω	1/2 watt

 $^{^{\}rm 2}$ Lower resistance is allowed, greater than 10 Ω recommended.



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 $^{^{3}}$ Minimum R $_{\!_{L}}$ wattage determined by: (0.0004 x R $_{\!_{L}}$).