# **RICOH** R5437L Series

# 1 to 3 Cells Li-Ion Battery Protection IC for Secondary Protection

No. EA-416-180612

# OUTLINE

The R5437L is an overcharge protection IC for 1 to 3 serial cells Li-ion / Li-polymer rechargeable battery. This device provides the high-accuracy voltage detection function and the shutdown function can reduce the supply current to the minimum when all cell's voltage becomes less than the shutdown detection voltage.

# **FEATURES**

•	High Voltage Tolerant Process	
	Absolute Maximum Ratings	26 V
•	Low Supply Current	
	During Operation, Cell-voltage: 3.9 V, 3-Cells	Тур. 0.85 µА
•	High-accuracy Voltage Detection	
	Overcharge Detector Threshold (VDETIn(1))	4.10 V to 4.60 V, in 5 mV step
	Overcharge Detector Threshold Accuracy	± 0.02 V (Ta = 25°C)
		± 0.025 V (0°C ≤ Ta ≤ 60°C)
	Overcharge Release Voltage (V <sub>REL1n</sub> <sup>(1)</sup> )·····	VDET1n-OV to VDET1n-0.5V, in 50 mV step
	Overcharge Detection Delay Time	2-, 4-, or 6-sec with Delay Time Shortening Function <sup>(2)</sup>
	Overcharge Detection Delay Time Overcharge Release Voltage Condition	
•		Voltage Release Type
•	Overcharge Release Voltage Condition	Voltage Release Type
•	Overcharge Release Voltage Condition COUT Output (CMOS Output, Active-high)	Voltage Release Type Typ. 4.7 V
•	Overcharge Release Voltage Condition COUT Output (CMOS Output, Active-high) Shutdown Functions	Voltage Release Type Typ. 4.7 V Typ. 3.5 V ±0.3 V
•	Overcharge Release Voltage Condition COUT Output (CMOS Output, Active-high) Shutdown Functions Shutdown Detector Threshold	Voltage Release Type Typ. 4.7 V Typ. 3.5 V ±0.3 V
•	Overcharge Release Voltage Condition COUT Output (CMOS Output, Active-high) Shutdown Functions Shutdown Detector Threshold Shutdown Current	Voltage Release Type Typ. 4.7 V Typ. 3.5 V ±0.3 V

# **APPLICATIONS**

• Li-Ion or Li-Polymer Battery Protection

<sup>(1)</sup>  $V_{\text{DET1n}}$ ,  $V_{\text{REL1n}}$ : n =1, 2, 3 <sup>(2)</sup> The delay time can be reduced down to approx. 1/90 by applying a 4 V ± 0.2 V to the VDD – VC1 pins.

No. EA-416-180612

# **SELECTION GUIDE**

The overcharge and the delay time are user-selectable options.

#### **Selection Guide**

Product Name	Package	Quantity per Reel	Pb Free	Halogen Free
R5437Lxxx\$*-TR	DFN1814-6C	5,000 pcs	Yes	Yes

xxx: Specify the combination of the overcharge detector threshold (V<sub>DET1n</sub>) and the overcharge release voltage (V<sub>REL1n</sub>)<sup>(1)</sup>.

 $V_{DET1n}^{(2)}$ : 4.1 V to 4.6 V in 5 mV step V\_{REL1n}^{(2)}: V\_{DET1n} - 0 V to V\_{DET1n} - 0.5 V in 50 mV step

\$: Specify the combination of the overcharge detection delay time (t<sub>VDET1</sub>) and the overcharge release delay time (t<sub>VREL1</sub>). Refer to *Delay Time Code Table* for details.

#### Delay Time Code Table

Code	tvdet1 (s)	tvrel1 (ms)
Α	2	16
В	4	16
С	6	16

\*: Specify the function code.

#### **Function Code Table**

Code	Overcharge Released Condition	COUT Output	
Α	Voltage Release	CMOS	"H" Active

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(1)</sup> Refer to *Product Code Table* for details.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(2)</sup>  $V_{\text{DET1n}}, V_{\text{REL1n}}$ : n = 1, 2, 3

### **Product Code List**

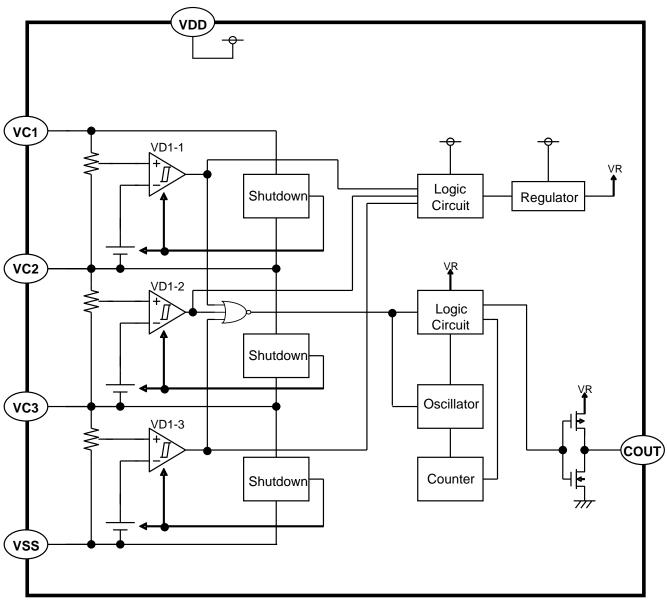
The product code is determined by the combination of the settable voltage (overcharge detector threshold:  $V_{DET1n}$  and overcharge release voltage:  $V_{REL1n}$ ) and the delay time (overcharge detection delay time:  $t_{VDET1}$  and overcharge release delay time:  $t_{VREL1}$ ) and the function code.

Dreduct Norse	Settable V	Settable Voltage (V)		/ Time
Product Name	VDET1n	<b>V</b> <sub>REL1n</sub>	tvdet1(s)	tvREL1(ms)
R5437L301AA	4.450	4.150	2	16
R5437L301BA	4.450	4.150	4	16
R5437L303AA	4.350	4.050	2	16
R5437L303BA	4.350	4.050	4	16
R5437L303CA	4.350	4.050	6	16
R5437L304AA	4.400	4.100	2	16
R5437L304BA	4.400	4.100	4	16
R5437L305AA	4.300	4.000	2	16
R5437L305BA	4.300	4.000	4	16
R5437L306CA	4.450	3.950	6	16
R5437L307CA	4.500	4.100	6	16
R5437L312AA	4.550	4.150	2	16
R5437L312BA	4.550	4.150	4	16
R5437L317BA	4.500	4.200	4	16
R5437L322BA	4.600	4.150	4	16

#### Product Code Table

No. EA-416-180612

# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**

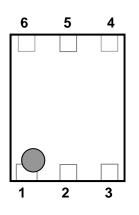


#### R5437L Block Diagram

No. EA-416-180612

# **PIN DESCRIPTIONS**

#### DFN1814-6C



# DFN1814-6C Pin Assignment

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	VC1	CELL1 Plus Pin
2	VC2	CELL2 Plus Pin
3	VSS	IC Ground Pin
4	VC3	CELL3 Plus Pin
5	VDD	Power Supply Pin
6	COUT	Overcharge Detection Output Pin

No. EA-416-180612

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C, V_{SS} = 0 V)$ 

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
M	Dower Supply Voltage	V <sub>C1</sub> -0.3 to V <sub>C1</sub> +6.5	V
V <sub>DD</sub>	Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>C1</sub> -0.3 to 26	V
V <sub>C1</sub>	CELL1 Plus Pin Input Voltage	$V_{C2}$ -0.3 to $V_{C2}$ +6.5	V
V <sub>C2</sub>	CELL2 Plus Pin Input Voltage	$V_{\rm C3}\mbox{-}0.3$ to $V_{\rm C3}\mbox{+}6.5$	V
V <sub>C3</sub>	CELL3 Plus Pin Input Voltage	-0.3 to 6.5	V
V <sub>COUT</sub>	COUT Pin Output Voltage	-0.3 to V <sub>OH1</sub> +0.3	V
PD	Power Dissipation (Standard Land Pattern)	150	mW
Tj	Junction Temperature Range	-40 to 125	°C
Tstg	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 125	°C

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Electronic and mechanical stress momentarily exceeded absolute maximum ratings may cause the permanent damages and may degrade the life time and safety for both device and system using the device in the field. The functional operation at or over these absolute maximum ratings is not assured.

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITION**

Symbol	Item	Rating	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Operating Input Voltage	1.5 to 20 / V <sub>c1</sub> +5 V	V
Та	Operating Temperature Range	-40 to 85	°C

#### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

All of electronic equipment should be designed that the mounted semiconductor devices operate within the recommended operating conditions. The semiconductor devices cannot operate normally over the recommended operating conditions, even if when they are used over such conditions by momentary electronic noise or surge. And the semiconductor devices may receive serious damage when they continue to operate over the recommended operating conditions.

# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

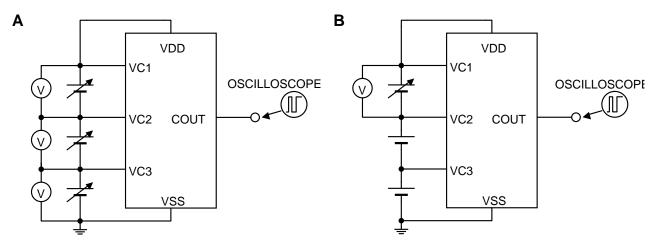
 $V_{CELLn} = CELLn$  (Ex.  $V_{CELL1}$  is a voltage difference between VC1 and VC2) n = 1, 2, 3, unless otherwise noted

The specifications surrounded by  $\square$  are guaranteed by Design Engineering at  $0^{\circ}C \le Ta \le 60^{\circ}C$ .

R5437L Electrical Characteristics						(Ta =	= 25°C)
Symbol	Item	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Circuit
VDET1n	CELLn Overcharge Detection Voltage	Detect rising edge of supply voltage	VDET1n -0.020V VDET1n -0.025V	VDET1n	V <sub>DET1n</sub> +0.020V V <sub>DET1n</sub> +0.025V	V	A
$V_{REL1n}$	CELLn Overcharge Release Voltage	Detect falling edge of supply voltage	V <sub>REL1n</sub> -0.050V	$V_{REL1n}$	V <sub>REL1n</sub> +0.050V	V	А
t <sub>VDET1</sub>	Overcharge Detection Delay Time	$V_{CELLn}=3.9 V (n=2,3)$ $V_{CELL1}=3.9 V \rightarrow 4.7 V$	t <sub>VDET1</sub> x 0.8	tvdet1	tvdet1 x 1.2	S	В
t <sub>VREL1</sub>	Overcharge Release Delay Time	$\begin{array}{l} V_{\text{CELLn}}{=}3.9 \text{ V} (n{=}2,3) \\ V_{\text{CELL1}}{=}4.7 \text{ V} \rightarrow 3.9 \text{ V} \end{array}$	12.8	16	19.2	ms	В
V <sub>SHT</sub>	Shutdown Detection Voltage	Detect falling edge of supply voltage	3.2	3.5	3.8	V	С
		Iон=0µA,Vcelln = 4.7 V	V 4.0 4.7	5.4			
Voh1	Cout Pch. ON Voltage 1	$I_{OH}=0\mu A, V_{CELLn} = 4.7 V$ (n=1, at 1 cell protection)		V <sub>DD</sub>		V	D
Voh2	Cout Pch. ON Voltage 2	I <sub>OH</sub> = -50μΑ, V <sub>CELLn</sub> = 4.7V	V <sub>ОН1</sub> -0.5V	V <sub>0H1</sub> -0.1V		V	Е
Vol	Cout Nch. ON Voltlage	Iol=50µA,Vcelln=3.9 V		0.1	0.5	V	F
I <sub>SHT</sub>	Shutdown Current	V <sub>CELLn</sub> = 3.1 V			0.1	μA	G
lss	Supply Current	V <sub>CELLn</sub> = 3.9 V		0.85	1.7	μA	G

# P5/37L Electrical Characteristics

# **TEST CIRCUITS**

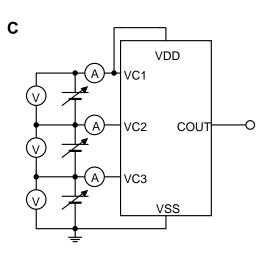


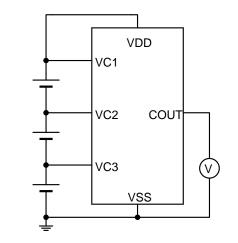
<sup>(1)</sup> Refer to *TEST CIRCUITS* for detail information.

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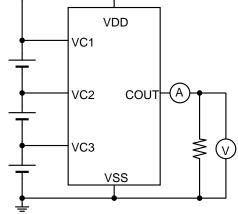
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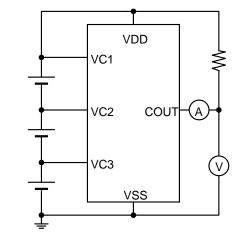


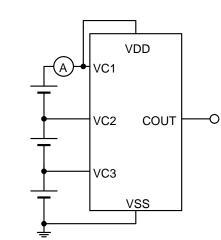


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# THEORY OF OPERATION

### Overcharge Detection Circuit, VD1-n (n = 1, 2, 3)

(See the following timing chart)

While the cells are charged, the voltage between VC1 pin and VC2 pin (Cell-1 voltage), the voltage between VC2 pin and VC3 pin (Cell-2 voltage), and the voltage between VC3 pin and VSS pin (Cell-3 voltage) are supervised. If at least one of the cells' voltage becomes equal or more than the overcharge detector threshold, the overcharge is detected, and an external charge control Nch. FET turns on with COUT pin being at "H" level and by cutting a fuse on the charger path, and charge stops.

To reset the overcharge and make the COUT pin level to "L" again after detecting over-charge, in such conditions that a time when all the cells' voltages are down to a level lower than overcharge released voltage. Internal fixed output delay times for overcharge detection and release from over-charge exist. Even if one of voltage of the cells keeps its level more than the overcharge detector threshold, and output delay time passes, overcharge voltage is detected. After detecting overcharge, even if all the cell voltages become equal or less than the released voltage from overcharge, if at least one of the cells voltage becomes higher than the released voltage from overcharge within the output delay time of the release from overcharge, then overcharge is not released.

The output type of the COUT pin is CMOS output between VSS and the built-in regulator, and "H" level of COUT pin is the output voltage of the built-in regulator.

#### **Shutdown Function**

The voltage between VC1 pin and VC2 pin (Cell-1 voltage), the voltage between VC2 pin and VC3 pin (Cell-2 voltage), and the voltage between VC3 pin and VSS pin (Cell-3 voltage) are supervised. If the cell voltage becomes equal or less than the shutdown detector threshold, the overcharge detector of the cell is halted, as a result, the consumption current of IC itself (Shutdown current) is extremely reduced. If at least one of the cells voltage becomes higher than the shutdown detection voltage, the shutdown detection is released.

### **Delay Shortening (DS) Function**

Applying a voltage of 4 V  $\pm$  0.2 V between VDD and VC1 can shorten the overcharge detection delay time (t<sub>VDET1</sub>) into approximately 1/90, likewise, the overcharge release delay time (t<sub>VREL1</sub>) into approximately 1/60.

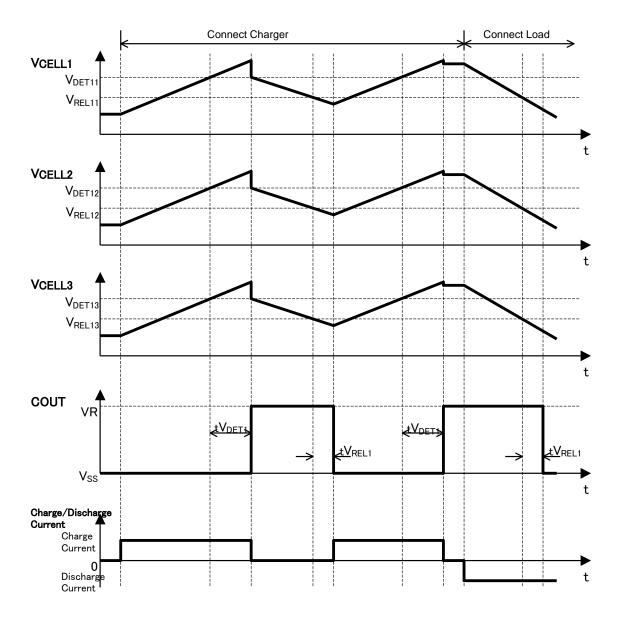
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### 1-cell/ 2-cell Protection Alternative

By short-circuiting between cells, this device can meet as a protection IC for 1 or 3 cells placed in series. The following table indicates pins to short-circuit depending on protected cells.

Protected Cells	Pins to short-circuit
1-cell protection	VC1 and VC2 pins, and VC3 and VSS pins
2-cell protection	VC1 and VC2 pins, or VC3 and VSS pins

If providing other connections except above short-circuit for 1 or 2 cells protection, perform thorough evaluation using the actual devices.



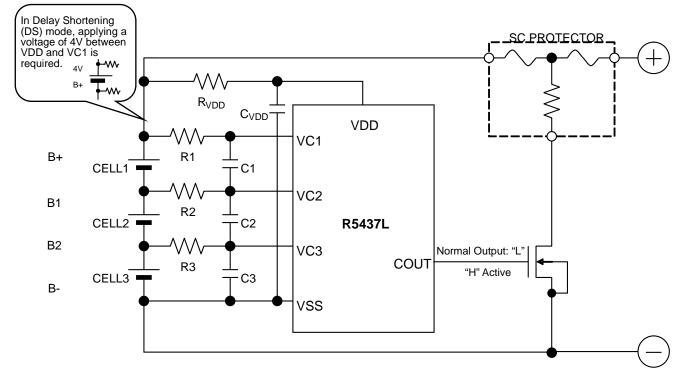
**Overcharge Operation Timing Chart** 

# RICOH

# **APPLICATION INFORMATION**

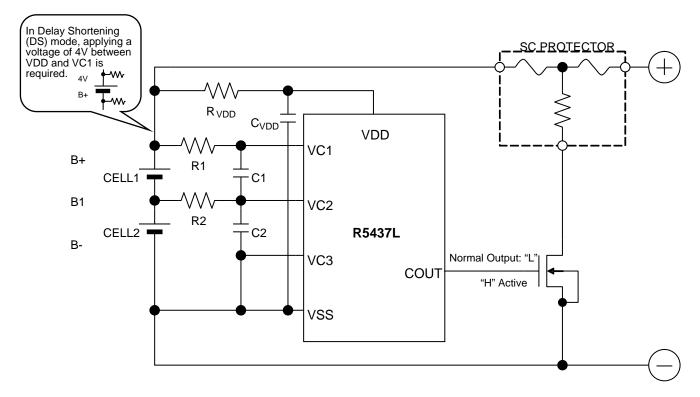
# Typical Application Circuits in Normal Mode (CMOS Output, Active-high)

As for the order of cell's connection, connect a positive terminal of CELL1 as the end terminal. If connected another terminal, a fuse blowout might be caused by transiently "High" output of the COUT pin.

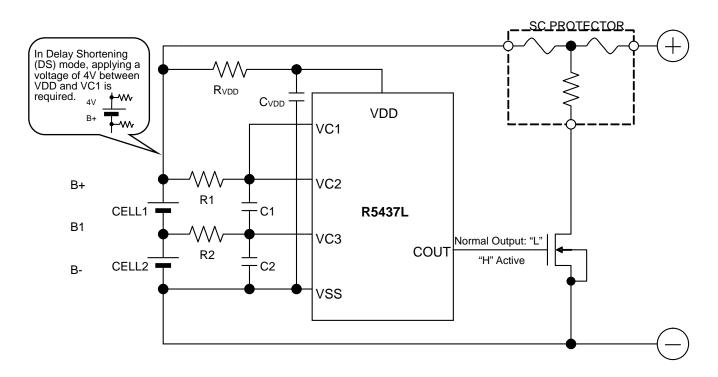


**Typical Application Circuit for 3-cell Protection** 

#### No. EA-416-180612

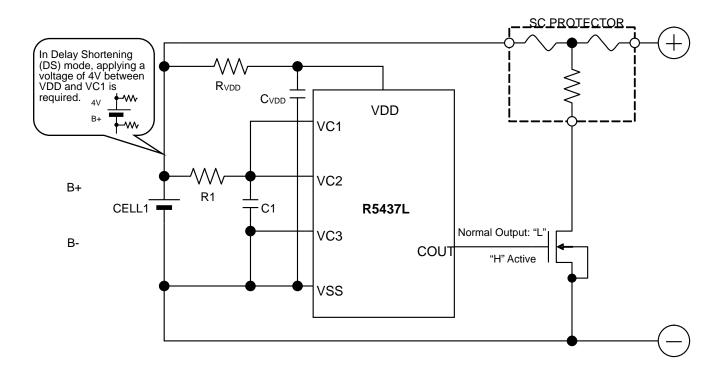


Typical Application Circuit for 2-cell Protection -1



Typical Application Circuit for 2-cell Protection -2

No. EA-416-180612



#### **Typical Application Circuit for 1-cell Protection**

Symbol	Тур.	Unit	Range
Rvdd	100	Ω	100 to 1000
R1	1000	Ω	330 to 1000
R2	1000	Ω	330 to 1000
R3	1000	Ω	330 to 1000
CVDD	0.1	μF	0.01 to 1
C1	0.1	μF	0.01 to 1
C2	0.1	μF	0.01 to 1
C3	0.1	μF	0.01 to 1

#### **External Components**

No. EA-416-180612

# **Technical Notes on the Selection Components**

- The voltage fluctuation is stabilized with R<sub>VDD</sub> and C<sub>VDD</sub>. If a small R<sub>VDD</sub> is set, in the case of the large transient may happen to the cell voltage, by the flowing current, the IC may be unstable. If a large R<sub>VDD</sub> is set, by the consumption current of the IC itself, the voltage difference between VDD pin and VC1 pin is generated, and unexpected operation may result. Therefore, the appropriate value range of R<sub>VDD</sub> is from 100 Ω to 1 kΩ. To make a stable operation of the IC, the appropriate value range of C<sub>VDD</sub> is from 0.01 µF to 1.0 µF.
- The voltage fluctuation is stabilized with R1 to R3 and C1 to C3. If a R1 to R3 is too large, by the conduction current at detection, the detector threshold may shift higher. Therefore, the appropriate value range of R1 to R3 is equal or less than 1 kΩ. To make a stable operation of the IC, the appropriate value range of C1 to C3 is 0.01 µF or more.
- The typical application circuit diagrams are just examples. This circuit performance largely depends on the PCB layout and external components. In the actual application, fully evaluation is necessary.
- Overvoltage and the over current beyond the absolute maximum rating should not be forced to the protection IC and external components. During the time until the fuse is open after detecting overcharge, a large current may flow through the FET. Select an FET with large enough current capacity in order to endure the large current.
- To connect the SC protector, connect the SC protector to the cell must be the last.

### Contact Information for Inquiries regarding SC PROTECTOR

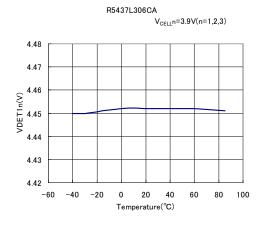
Dexerials Corporation (Sony Chemical & Information Device Company Ltd.) Gate-city Osaki East Tower 8F, 1-11-2 Osaki, Shinagawa, Tokyo, 141-0032 TEL: 03-5435-3946 URL: http://www.dexerials.jp

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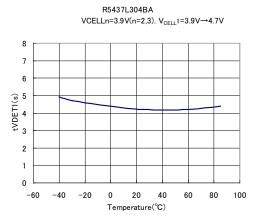
# **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

### Part1. vs. Temperature

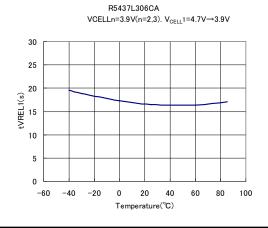
1) Celln Overcharge Detection Threshold vs. Temperature



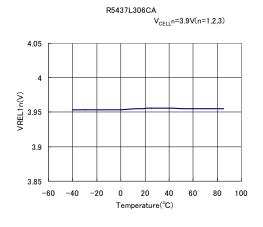
#### 3) Overcharge Output delay Time vs. Temperature



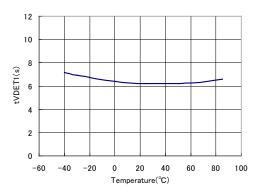
# 4) Released Delay Time from Overcharge vs. Temperature



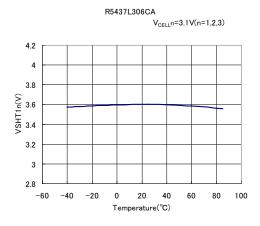
# 2) Celln Overcharge Release Voltage vs. Temperature



R5437L306CA VCELLn=3.9V(n=2,3). V<sub>CELL</sub>1=3.9V→4.7V



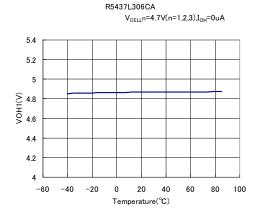
5) Celln Shutdown Threshold vs. Temperature



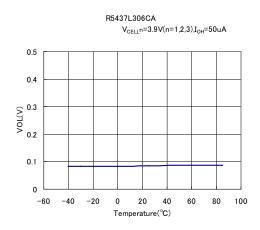
**RICOH** 

No. EA-416-180612

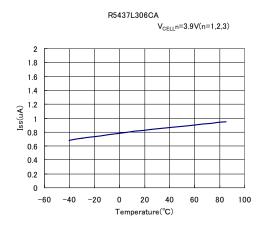
# 6) COUT Pch. On Voltage (No Load) vs. Temperature



#### 8) COUT Nch. On Voltage vs. Temperature

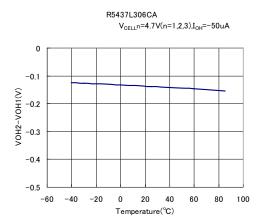


#### 10) Supply Current vs. Temperature

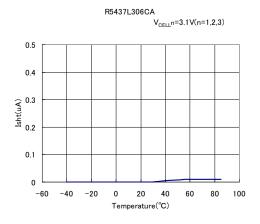


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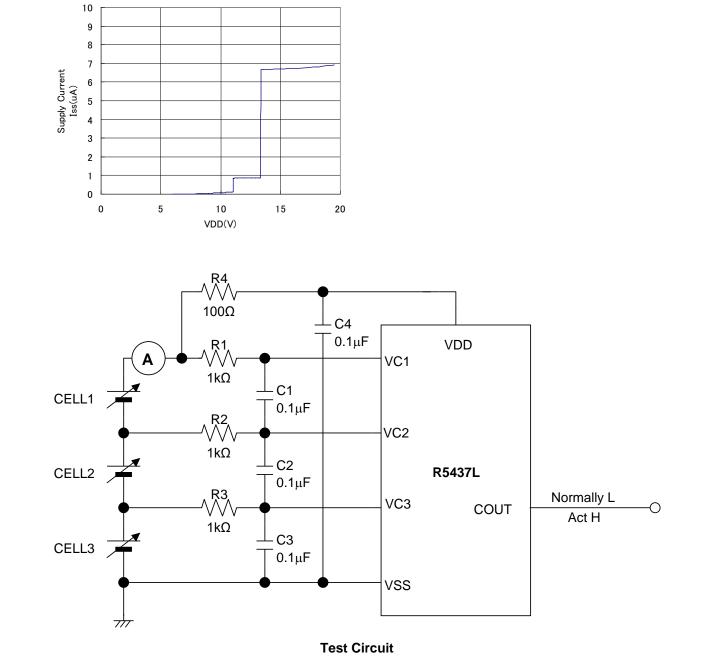
# 7) COUT Pch. On Voltage vs. Temperature



#### 9) Shutdown Current vs. Temperature



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# Part2. Supply Current vs. VDD (R5437L306CA) 3-cell Protection Supply Current vs. VDD

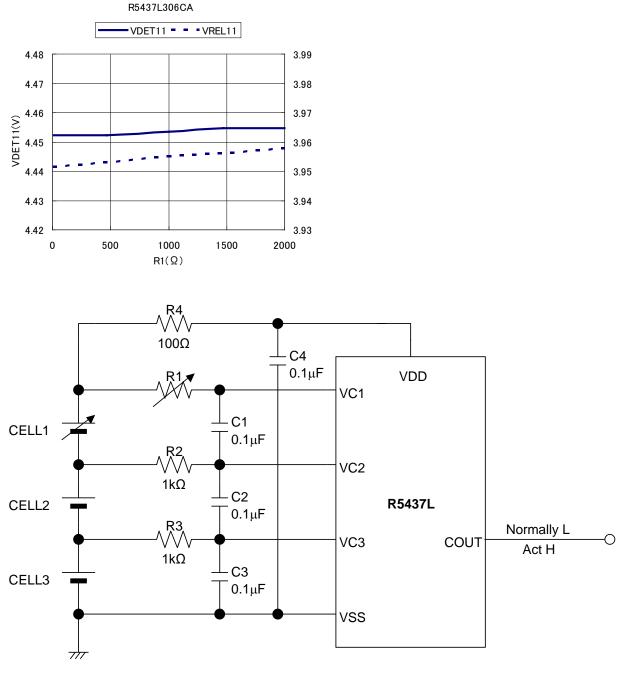
R5437L306CA

R5437L

No. EA-416-180612

No. EA-416-180612



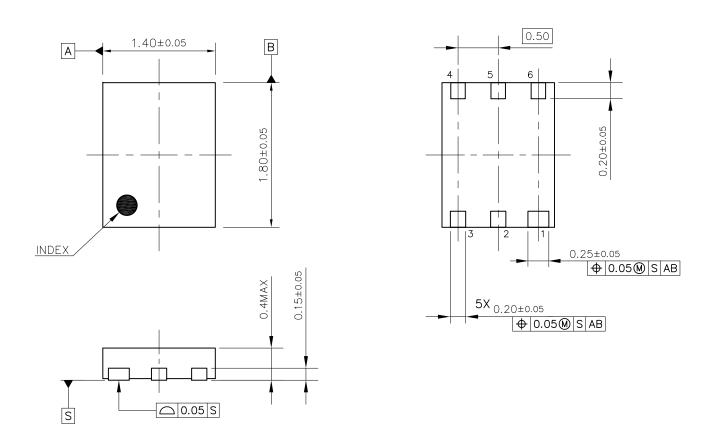


**Test Circuit** 

# PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

# DFN1814-6C

Ver. A





# RICOH

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- 7. Anti-radiation design is not implemented in the products described in this document.
- 8. The X-ray exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products. Confirm the product functions and characteristics in the evaluation stage.
- 9. WLCSP products should be used in light shielded environments. The light exposure can influence functions and characteristics of the products under operation or storage.
- 10. There can be variation in the marking when different AOI (Automated Optical Inspection) equipment is used. In the case of recognizing the marking characteristic with AOI, please contact Ricoh sales or our distributor before attempting to use AOI.
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# **RICOH** RICOH ELECTRONIC DEVICES CO., LTD.

https://www.e-devices.ricoh.co.jp/en/

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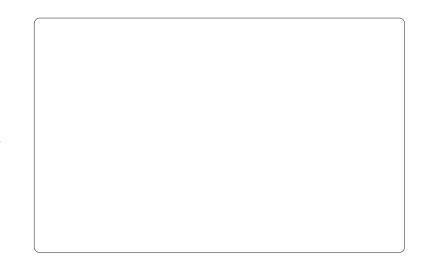
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