



## IR Receiver Modules for Remote Control Systems



23051

### DESIGN SUPPORT TOOLS

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### FEATURES

- Improved dark sensitivity
- Improved immunity against optical noise
- Improved immunity against Wi-Fi noise
- Low supply current
- Photo detector and preamplifier in one package
- Internal filter for PCM frequency
- Supply voltage: 2.5 V to 5.5 V
- Insensitive to supply voltage ripple and noise
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see [www.vishay.com/doc?99912](http://www.vishay.com/doc?99912)



### MECHANICAL DATA

#### Pinning for TSOP13...:

1 = OUT, 2 = GND, 3 = V<sub>S</sub>

### DESCRIPTION

The TSOP13... series devices are the latest generation miniaturized IR receiver modules for infrared remote control systems. This series provides improvements in sensitivity to remote control signals in dark ambient as well as in sensitivity in the presence of optical disturbances e.g. from CFLs. The robustness against spurious pulses originating from Wi-Fi signals has been enhanced.

The devices contain a PIN diode and a preamplifier assembled on a lead frame. The epoxy package contains an IR filter. The demodulated output signal can be directly connected to a microprocessor for decoding.

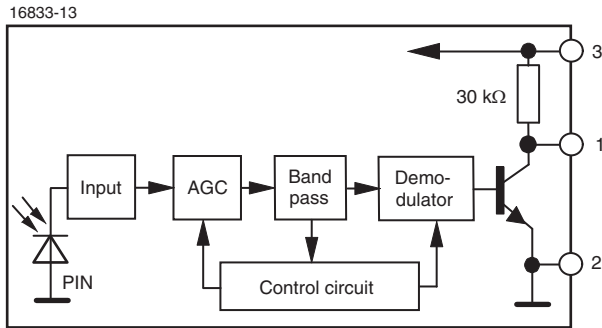
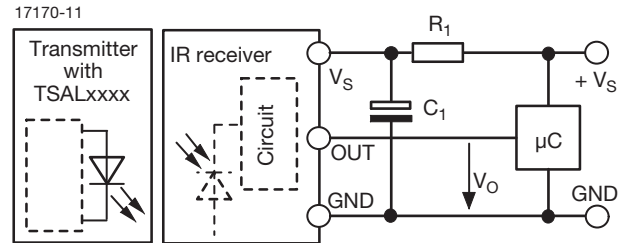
The TSOP131.., TSOP133.., and TSOP135.. series devices are designed to receive short burst codes (6 or more carrier cycles per burst). The third digit designates the AGC level (AGC1, AGC3, or AGC5) and the last two digits designate the band-pass frequency (see table below). The higher the AGC, the better noise is suppressed, but the lower the code compatibility. AGC1 provides basic noise suppression, AGC3 provides enhanced noise suppression and AGC5 provides maximized noise suppression. Generally, we advise to select the highest AGC that satisfactorily receives the desired remote code.

These components have not been qualified to automotive specifications.

| PARTS TABLE       |        |  |                                   |                                    |  |
|-------------------|--------|--|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| AGC               |        | BASIC NOISE SUPPRESSION (AGC1)   | ENHANCED NOISE SUPPRESSION (AGC3) | MAXIMIZED NOISE SUPPRESSION (AGC5) |  |
| Carrier frequency | 30 kHz | TSOP13130  | TSOP13330                         | TSOP13530                          |  |
|                   | 33 kHz | TSOP13133  | TSOP13333                         | TSOP13533                          |  |
|                   | 36 kHz | TSOP13136  | TSOP13336 <sup>(1)</sup>          | TSOP13536                          |  |
|                   | 38 kHz | TSOP13138  | TSOP13338 <sup>(2)(4)</sup>       | TSOP13538                          |  |
|                   | 40 kHz | TSOP13140  | TSOP13340                         | TSOP13540                          |  |
|                   | 56 kHz | TSOP13156  | TSOP13356 <sup>(3)</sup>          | TSOP13556                          |  |
| Package           |        | Minimold   |                                   |                                    |  |
| Pinning           |        | 1 = OUT, 2 = GND, 3 = V <sub>S</sub>   |                                   |                                    |  |
| Dimensions (mm)   |        | 5.4 W x 6.35 H x 4.9 D   |                                   |                                    |  |
| Mounting          |        | Leaded   |                                   |                                    |  |
| Application       |        | Remote control   |                                   |                                    |  |
| Best choice for   |        | <sup>(1)</sup> RCMM <sup>(2)</sup> RECS-80 Code <sup>(3)</sup> r-map <sup>(4)</sup> XMP-1, XMP-2 |                                   |                                    |  |

#### Note

- 30 kHz and 33 kHz only available on written request

**BLOCK DIAGRAM**

**APPLICATION CIRCUIT**


$R_1$  and  $C_1$  recommended to reduce supply ripple for  $V_S < 2.8$  V

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| PARAMETER                   | TEST CONDITION                | SYMBOL    | VALUE                 | UNIT |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|------|
| Supply voltage              |                               | $V_S$     | -0.3 to +6            | V    |
| Supply current              |                               | $I_S$     | 3                     | mA   |
| Output voltage              |                               | $V_O$     | -0.3 to $(V_S + 0.3)$ | V    |
| Output current              |                               | $I_O$     | 5                     | mA   |
| Junction temperature        |                               | $T_j$     | 100                   | °C   |
| Storage temperature range   |                               | $T_{stg}$ | -25 to +85            | °C   |
| Operating temperature range |                               | $T_{amb}$ | -25 to +85            | °C   |
| Power consumption           | $T_{amb} \leq 85$ °C          | $P_{tot}$ | 10                    | mW   |
| Soldering temperature       | $t \leq 10$ s, 1 mm from case | $T_{sd}$  | 260                   | °C   |

**Note**

- Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect the device reliability

**ELECTRICAL AND OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25$  °C, unless otherwise specified)

| PARAMETER             | TEST CONDITION  | SYMBOL             | MIN. | TYP.     | MAX. | UNIT              |
|-----------------------|---|--------------------|------|----------|------|-------------------|
| Supply current        | $E_v = 0$ , $V_S = 3.3$ V   | $I_{SD}$           | 0.55 | 0.70     | 0.90 | mA                |
|                       | $E_v = 40$ klx, sunlight  | $I_{SH}$           | -    | 0.80     | -    | mA                |
| Supply voltage        |   | $V_S$              | 2.5  | -        | 5.5  | V                 |
| Transmission distance | $E_v = 0$ , test signal see Fig. 1, IR diode TSAL6200, $I_F = 50$ mA                              | $d$                | -    | 30       | -    | m                 |
| Output voltage low    | $I_{OSL} = 0.5$ mA, $E_e = 0.7$ mW/m <sup>2</sup> , test signal see Fig. 1                        | $V_{OSL}$          | -    | -        | 100  | mV                |
| Minimum irradiance    | Pulse width tolerance:<br>$t_{pi} - 3.0/f_0 < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 3.5/f_0$ , test signal see Fig. 1 | $E_e \text{ min.}$ | -    | 0.08     | 0.15 | mW/m <sup>2</sup> |
| Maximum irradiance    | $t_{pi} - 3.0/f_0 < t_{po} < t_{pi} + 3.5/f_0$ , test signal see Fig. 1                           | $E_e \text{ max.}$ | 30   | -        | -    | W/m <sup>2</sup>  |
| Directivity           | Angle of half transmission distance   | $\phi_{1/2}$       | -    | $\pm 45$ | -    | deg               |



**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

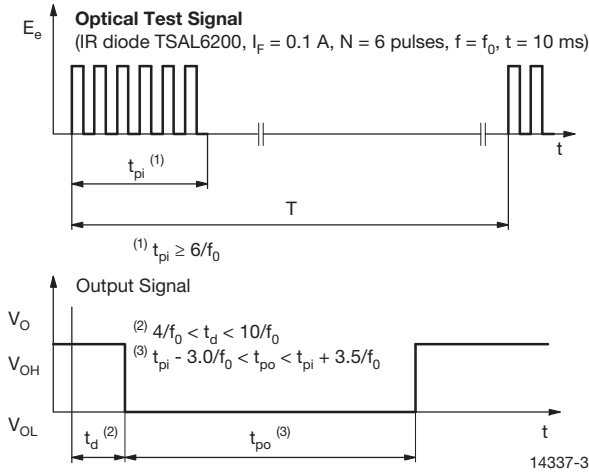


Fig. 1 - Output Delay and Pulse-Width

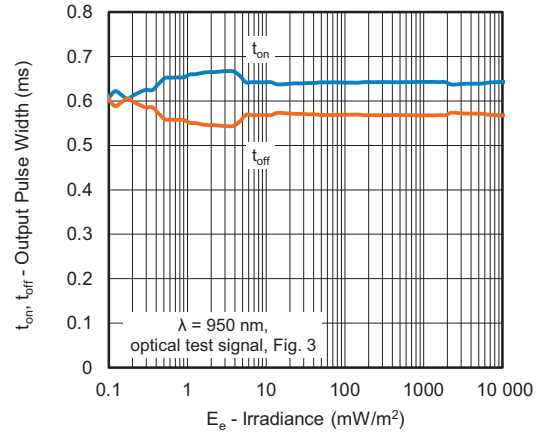


Fig. 4 - Pulse-Width vs. Irradiance in Dark Ambient

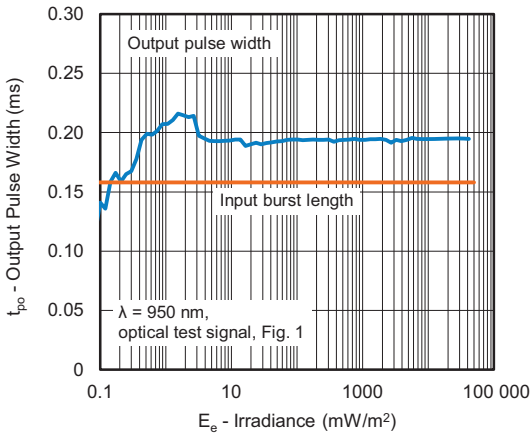


Fig. 2 - Pulse-Width vs. Irradiance in Dark Ambient

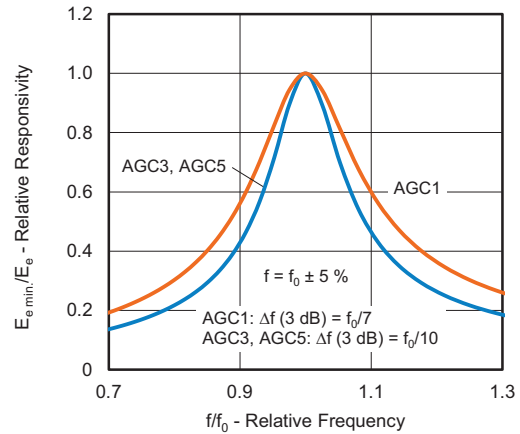


Fig. 5 - Frequency Dependence of Responsivity

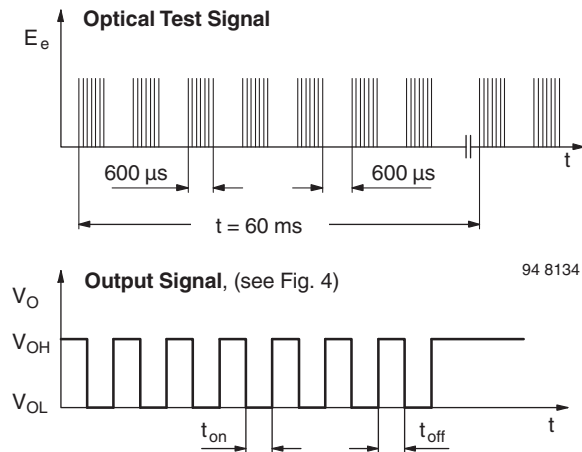


Fig. 3 - Test Signal

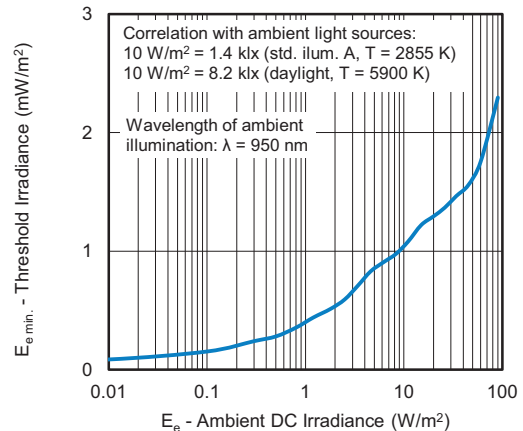


Fig. 6 - Sensitivity in Bright Ambient



Fig. 7 - Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage Disturbances



Fig. 10 - Relative Spectral Sensitivity vs. Wavelength



Fig. 8 - Max. Envelope Duty Cycle vs. Burst Length



Fig. 11 - Directivity



Fig. 9 - Sensitivity vs. Ambient Temperature



Fig. 12 - Sensitivity vs. Supply Voltage

**SUITABLE DATA FORMAT**

This series is designed to suppress spurious output pulses due to noise or disturbance signals. The devices can distinguish data signals from noise due to differences in frequency, burst length, and envelope duty cycle. The data signal should be close to the device's band-pass center frequency (e.g. 38 kHz) and fulfill the conditions in the table below.

When a data signal presented to the device in the presence of a disturbance, the sensitivity of the receiver is automatically reduced by the AGC to insure that no spurious pulses are present at the receiver's output. Some examples which are suppressed are:

- DC light (e.g. from tungsten bulbs sunlight)
- Continuous signals at any frequency
- Strongly or weakly modulated patterns from fluorescent lamps with electronic ballasts (see Fig. 13 or Fig. 14).
- 2.4 GHz and 5 GHz Wi-Fi



Fig. 13 - IR Disturbance from Fluorescent Lamp With Low Modulation



Fig. 14 - IR Disturbance from Fluorescent Lamp With High Modulation

|  | <b>TSOP131..</b>                | <b>TSOP133..</b>                | <b>TSOP135..</b>              |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Minimum burst length   | 6 cycles/burst                  | 6 cycles/burst                  | 6 cycles/burst                |
| After each burst of length<br>A gap time is required of                          | 6 to 70 cycles<br>≥ 10 cycles   | 6 to 35 cycles<br>≥ 10 cycles   | 6 to 24 cycles<br>≥ 10 cycles |
| For bursts greater than<br>a minimum gap time in the data<br>stream is needed of | 70 cycles<br>> 1 x burst length | 35 cycles<br>> 6 x burst length | 24 cycles<br>> 25 ms          |
| Maximum number of continuous<br>short bursts/second                              | 1800                            | 2800                            | 1800                          |
| RCMM code  | Yes                             | Preferred                       | Yes                           |
| XMP-1 code   | Yes                             | Preferred                       | Yes                           |
| r-map code   | Yes                             | Preferred                       | Yes                           |
| Suppression of interference from<br>fluorescent lamps                            | Fig. 13                         | Fig. 13 and Fig. 14             | Fig. 13 and Fig. 14           |

**Note**

- For data formats with long bursts (more than 10 carrier cycles) please see the datasheet for TSOP132.., TSOP134.., TSOP136..



## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS in millimeters



Not indicated tolerances ± 0.2



Technical drawings according to DIN specification.

Drawing no.: 6.550-5335.01-4  
Issue: 1; 16.09.15



**BULK PACKAGING**

Standard shipping for minimold is in conductive plastic bags. The packing quantity is determined by weight and the number of components per carton may vary by a maximum of  $\pm 0.3\%$ .

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

Examples: TSOP13338  
          TSOP13356V11  
          TSOP13338SS1F

For more information, see: [www.vishay.com/doc?80076](http://www.vishay.com/doc?80076)

**PACKAGING QUANTITY**

- 300 pieces per bag (each bag is individually boxed)
- 6 bags per carton



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