

ISOTOP[®] Boost chopper MOSFET Power Module

$V_{DSS} = 100V$
 $R_{DSon} = 11m\Omega \text{ max @ } T_j = 25^\circ C$
 $I_D = 142A \text{ @ } T_c = 25^\circ C$



Application

- AC and DC motor control
- Switched Mode Power Supplies
- Power Factor Correction
- Brake switch

Features

- Power MOS V[®] MOSFETs
 - Low R_{DSon}
 - Low input and Miller capacitance
 - Low gate charge
 - Fast intrinsic diode
 - Avalanche energy rated
 - Very rugged
- ISOTOP[®] Package (SOT-227)
- Very low stray inductance
- High level of integration

Benefits

- Outstanding performance at high frequency operation
- Direct mounting to heatsink (isolated package)
- Low junction to case thermal resistance
- Very rugged
- Low profile
- RoHS Compliant

Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Max ratings	Unit	
V_{DSS}	Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	100	V	
I_D	Continuous Drain Current	$T_c = 25^\circ C$	142	
		$T_c = 80^\circ C$	106	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain current	576	A	
V_{GS}	Gate - Source Voltage	± 30	V	
R_{DSon}	Drain - Source ON Resistance	11	$m\Omega$	
P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation	$T_c = 25^\circ C$	450	
I_{AR}	Avalanche current (repetitive and non repetitive)	144	A	
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy	50	mJ	
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy	2500		
I_{FAV}	Maximum Average Forward Current	Duty cycle=0.5	$T_c = 90^\circ C$	30
I_{FRMS}	RMS Forward Current (Square wave, 50% duty)			47

CAUTION: These Devices are sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

All ratings @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 100\text{V}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$			250	μA
		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 80\text{V}$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$			1000	
$R_{DS(on)}$	Drain – Source on Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 71\text{A}$				11	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 2.5\text{mA}$		2		4	V
I_{GSS}	Gate – Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$				± 100	nA

Dynamic Characteristics

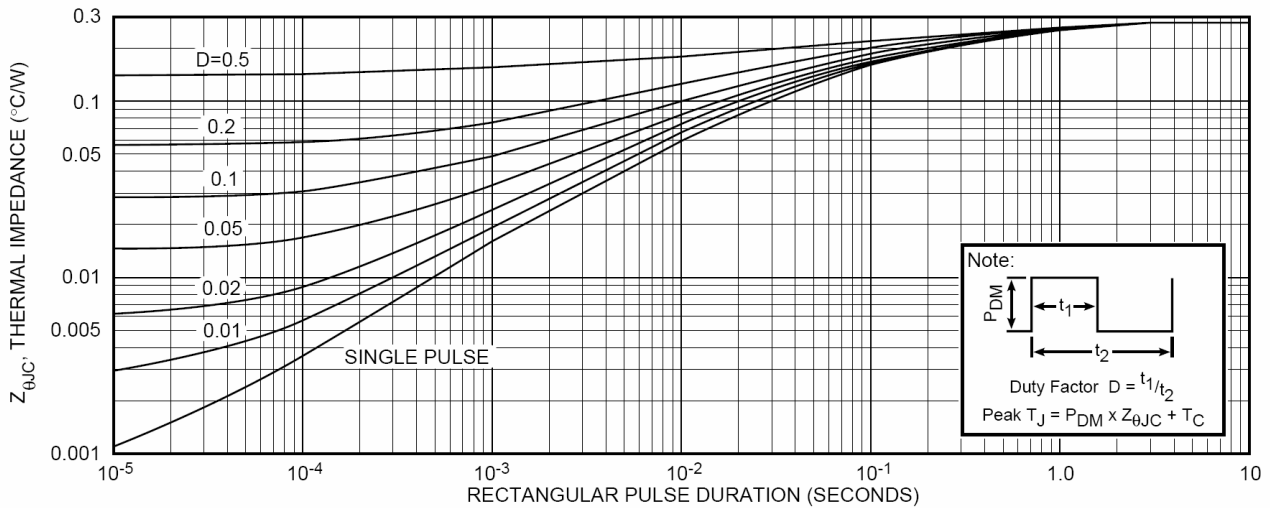
Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$			8600		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$			3200		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$f = 1\text{MHz}$			1180		
Q_g	Total gate Charge	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$			300		nC
Q_{gs}	Gate – Source Charge	$V_{Bus} = 50\text{V}$			95		
Q_{gd}	Gate – Drain Charge	$I_D = 50\text{A} @ T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$			110		
$T_{d(on)}$	Turn-on Delay Time	$V_{GS} = 15\text{V}$			16		ns
T_r	Rise Time	$V_{Bus} = 50\text{V}$			48		
$T_{d(off)}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$I_D = 142\text{A} @ T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$			51		
T_f	Fall Time	$R_G = 0.6\Omega$			9		

Chopper diode ratings and characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
V_F	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_F = 30\text{A}$			1.1	1.15	V	
		$I_F = 60\text{A}$			1.4			
		$I_F = 30\text{A}$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.9			
I_{RM}	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current	$V_R = 200\text{V}, T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$				250	μA	
		$V_R = 200\text{V}, T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$				500		
C_T	Junction Capacitance	$V_R = 200\text{V}$			94		pF	
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 1\text{A}, V_R = 30\text{V}$ $di/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		21		ns	
				$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		24		
				$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		48		
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current	$I_F = 30\text{A}$ $V_R = 133\text{V}$ $di/dt = 200\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		3		A	
				$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		6		
				$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		33		
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F = 30\text{A}$ $V_R = 133\text{V}$ $di/dt = 1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	$T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$		150		nC	
				$T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$		31		
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 30\text{A}$			31		ns	
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	$V_R = 133\text{V}$			335		nC	
I_{RRM}	Maximum Reverse Recovery Current	$di/dt = 1000\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$			19		A	

Thermal and package characteristics

Symbol	Characteristic	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
R_{thJC}	Junction to Case Thermal Resistance	MOSFET		0.28	°C/W
		Diode		1.21	
R_{thJA}	Junction to Ambient (IGBT & Diode)			20	
V_{ISOL}	RMS Isolation Voltage, any terminal to case $t=1$ min, $I_{iso}<1$ mA, 50/60Hz	2500			V
T_J, T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-55		150	°C
T_L	Max Lead Temp for Soldering: 0.063" from case for 10 sec			300	
Torque	Mounting torque (Mounting = 8-32 or 4mm Machine and terminals = 4mm Machine)			1.5	N.m
Wt	Package Weight		29.2		g

Typical MOSFET Performance Curve


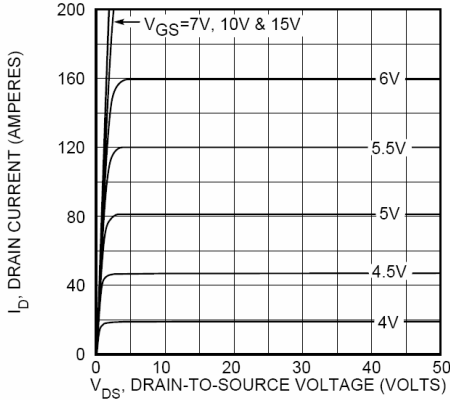


FIGURE 2, TYPICAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

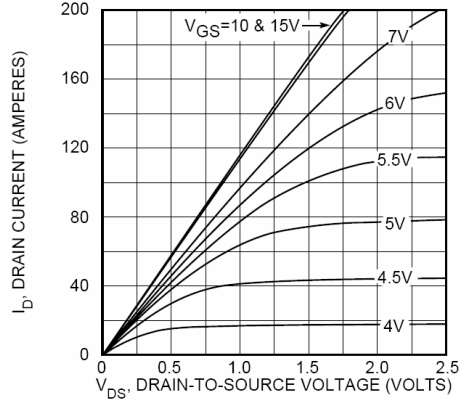


FIGURE 3, TYPICAL OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS

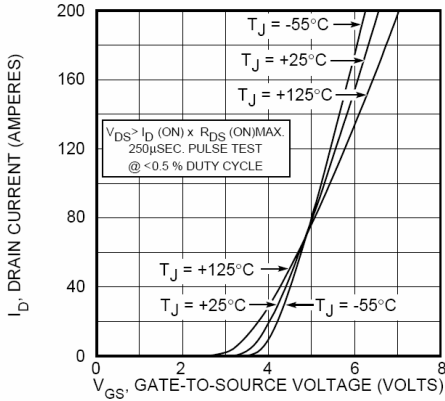


FIGURE 4, TYPICAL TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

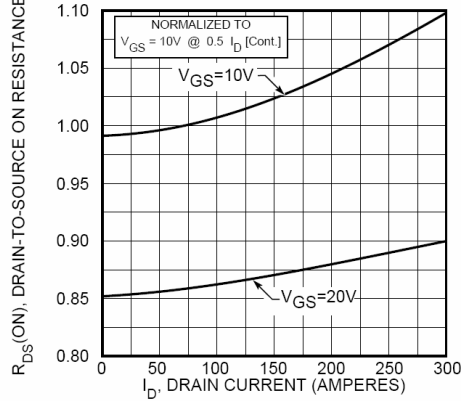


FIGURE 5, $R_{DS(ON)}$ vs DRAIN CURRENT

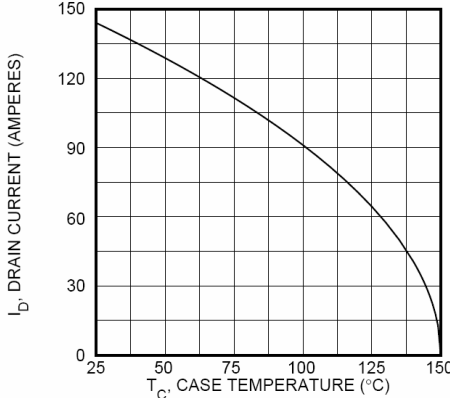


FIGURE 6, MAXIMUM DRAIN CURRENT vs CASE TEMPERATURE

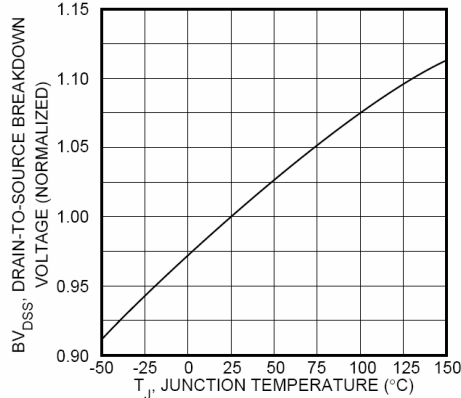


FIGURE 7, BREAKDOWN VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

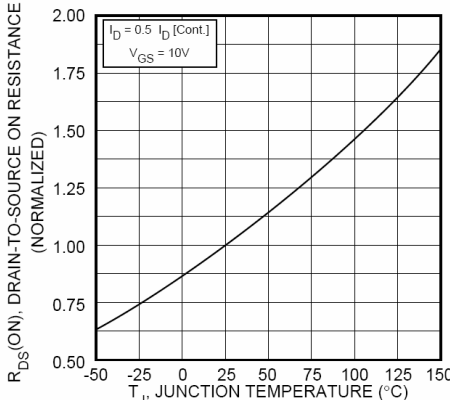


FIGURE 8, ON-RESISTANCE vs. TEMPERATURE

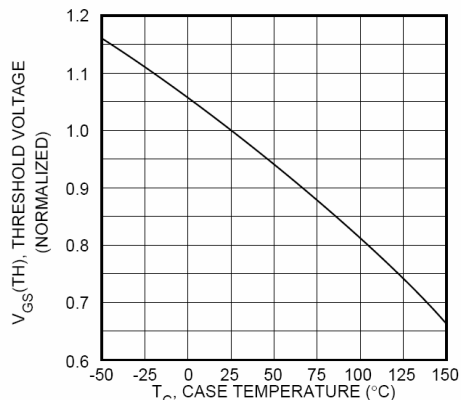


FIGURE 9, THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

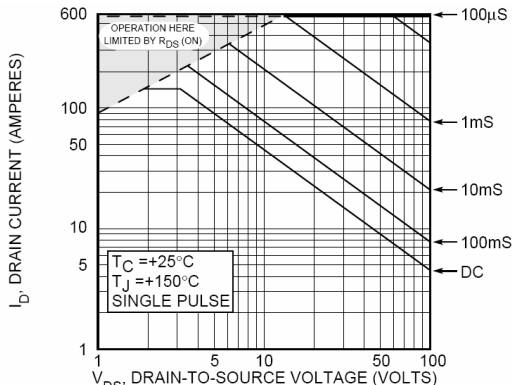


FIGURE 10, MAXIMUM SAFE OPERATING AREA

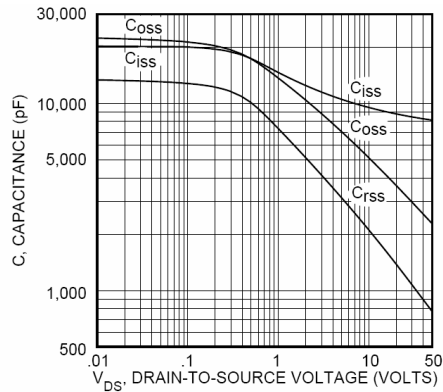


FIGURE 11, TYPICAL CAPACITANCE vs DRAIN-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

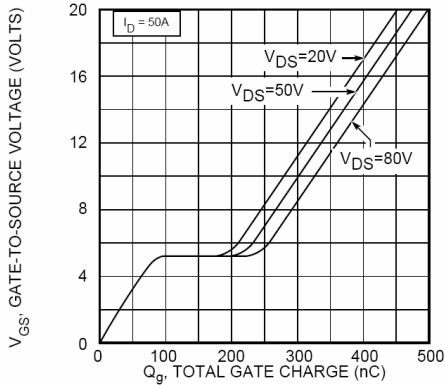


FIGURE 12, GATE CHARGES vs GATE-TO-SOURCE VOLTAGE

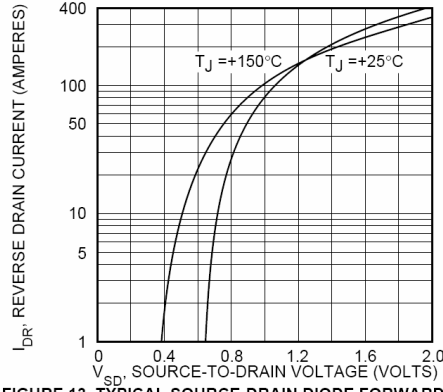


FIGURE 13, TYPICAL SOURCE-DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

Typical Diode Performance Curve

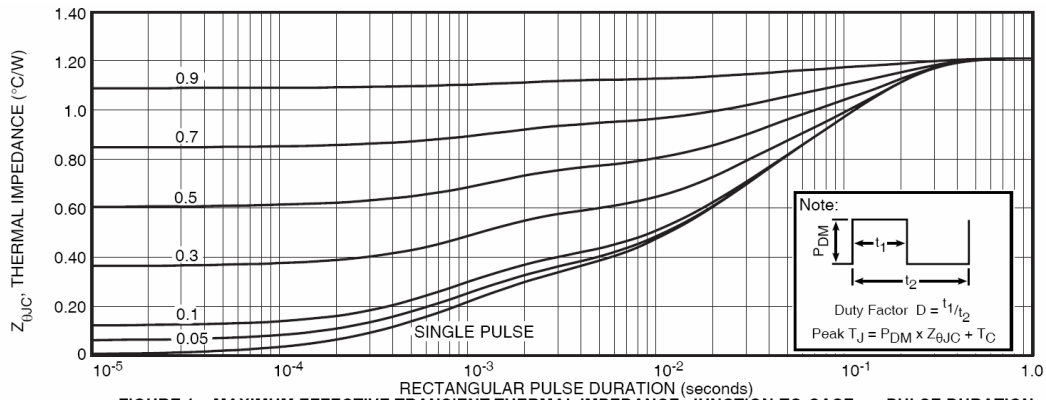


FIGURE 1a. MAXIMUM EFFECTIVE TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE, JUNCTION-TO-CASE vs. PULSE DURATION

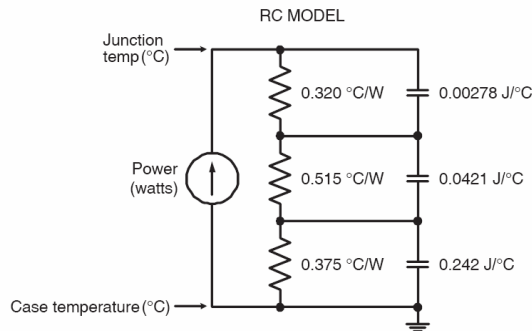


FIGURE 1b, TRANSIENT THERMAL IMPEDANCE MODEL

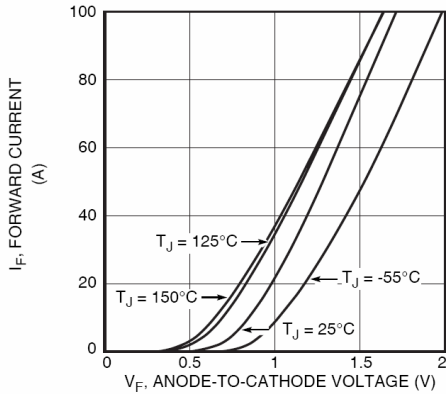


Figure 2. Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

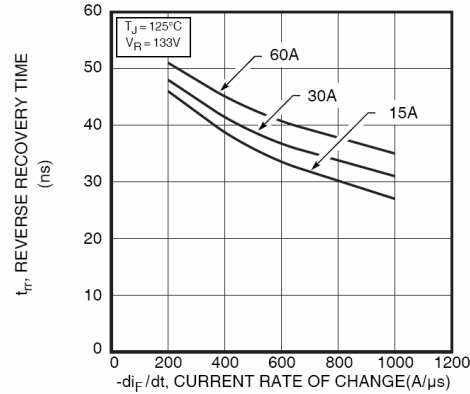


Figure 3. Reverse Recovery Time vs. Current Rate of Change

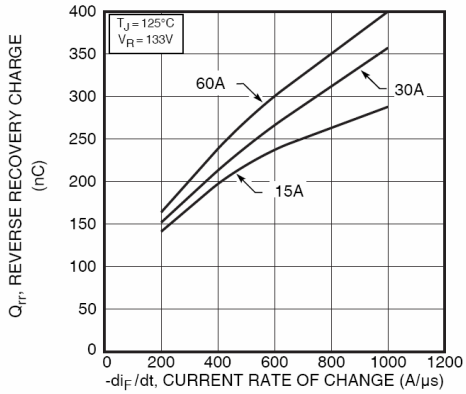


Figure 4. Reverse Recovery Charge vs. Current Rate of Change

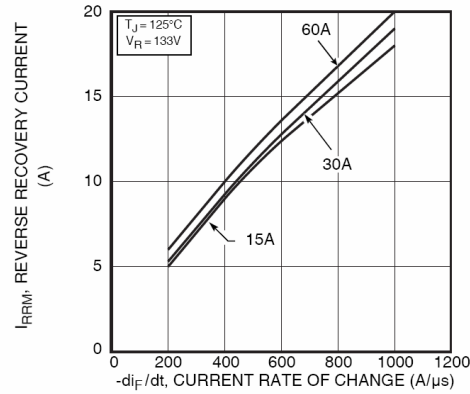


Figure 5. Reverse Recovery Current vs. Current Rate of Change

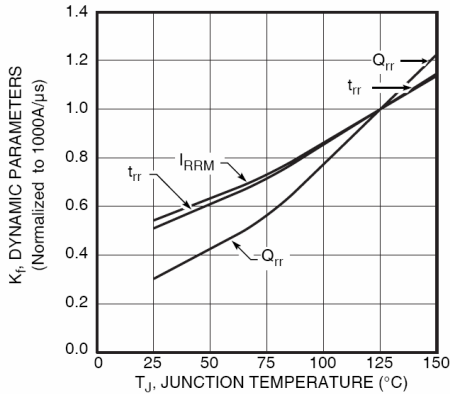


Figure 6. Dynamic Parameters vs. Junction Temperature

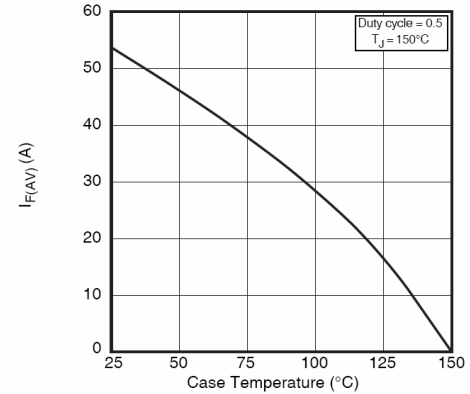


Figure 7. Maximum Average Forward Current vs. Case Temperature

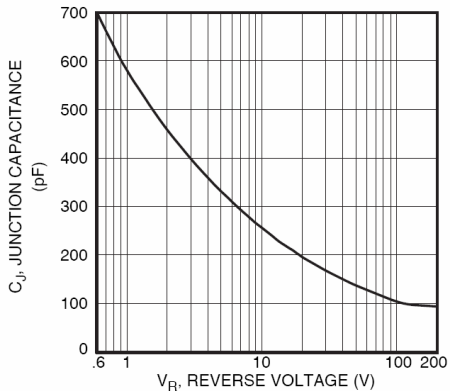


Figure 8. Junction Capacitance vs. Reverse Voltage

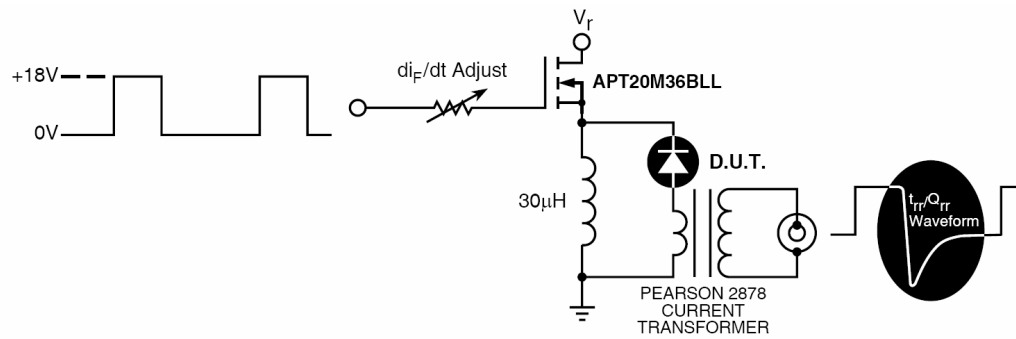


Figure 9. Diode Test Circuit

- 1 I_F - Forward Conduction Current
- 2 di_F/dt - Rate of Diode Current Change Through Zero Crossing.
- 3 I_{RRM} - Maximum Reverse Recovery Current.
- 4 t_{rr} - Reverse Recovery Time, measured from zero crossing where diode current goes from positive to negative, to the point at which the straight line through I_{RRM} and $0.25 \cdot I_{RRM}$ passes through zero.
- 5 Q_{rr} - Area Under the Curve Defined by I_{RRM} and t_{rr} .

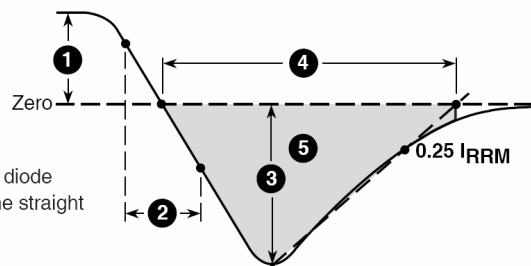
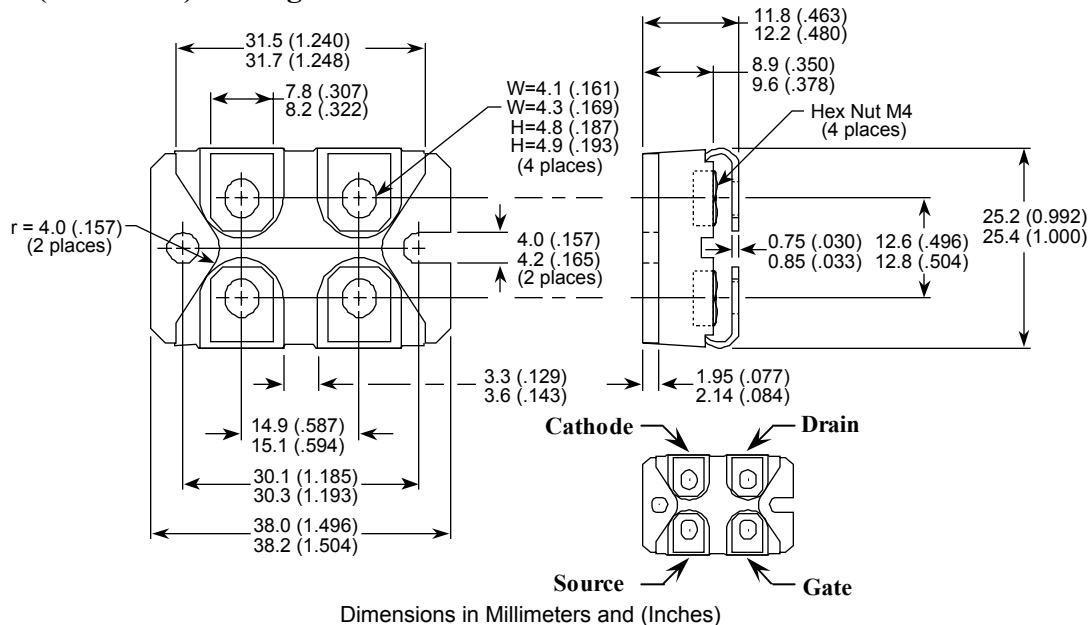


Figure 10, Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

SOT-227 (ISOTOP[®]) Package Outline



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Microsemi's products are covered by one or more of U.S. patents 4,895,810 5,045,903 5,089,434 5,182,234 5,019,522 5,262,336 6,503,786 5,256,583 4,748,103 5,283,202 5,231,474 5,434,095 5,528,058 and foreign patents. U.S. and Foreign patents pending. All Rights Reserved.