## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B





### **Highlights & Features**

- Universal AC input voltage
- TNV-1 circuit approval to protection of equipment users from overvoltage on telecommunication networks
- Up to 92.0% efficiency
- Power Boost of 150% for 5 seconds
- Full corrosion resistant aluminium casing
- Conforms to harmonic current IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A
- Extreme low temperature cold start at -40°C
- Conformal coating on PCBA to protect against common dust and chemical pollutants
- Hazardous Locations approval to ATEX and Class I, Div 2

## **Safety Standards**













CB Certified for worldwide use

**Model Number:** DRP048V240W1B□ **Unit Weight:** 0.96 kg (2.12 lb) **Dimensions (L x W x D):** 121 x 85 x 124.1 mm (4.76 x 3.35 x 4.86 inch)

#### **General Description**

The CliQ II DIN rail power supply series from one of the world's leading power supply companies, Delta Electronics Group, offers output voltage of 48V. These products are encased in rugged yet lightweight full aluminium body that can withstand shock and vibration according to IEC 60068-2 standard. The series of single phase products can operate over a wide temperature range of -25°C to +80°C. These products also feature universal AC input voltage range from 85Vac to 264Vac and the power will not de-rate throughout the entire range. Another great feature is the conformal coating on the PCBA which allows selected models to be certified to ATEX and Class I, Div 2 for use in hazardous locations. The design conforms to harmonic current emission IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A.

## **Model Information**

#### CliQ II DIN Rail Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
DRP048V240W1B□	85-264Vac (120-375Vdc)	48Vdc	5.00A

#### **Model Numbering**

DR	Р	048V	240W	1	В	
DIN Rail	Power Supply	Output Voltage	Output Power	Single Phase	CliQ II Series	A - Metal Case, with Class I, Div 2 N - Metal Case,
						N - Metal Case, without Class I, Di



# 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## **Specifications**

## Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage		100-240Vac	
Input Voltage Range		85-264Vac	
Nominal Input Frequency		50-60Hz	
Input Frequency Range		47-63Hz	
DC Input Voltage Range*		120-375Vdc	
Input Current		< 2.50A @ 115Vac, < 1.30A @ 230Vac	
Efficiency at 100% Load		> 90.0% @ 115Vac, > 92.0% @ 230Vac	
Max Power Dissipation	0% load	< 6.5W @ 115Vac & < 5.5W @ 230Vac	
100% load		< 25W @ 115Vac & < 19W @ 230Vac	
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)		< 35A @ 115Vac & 230Vac	
Power Factor at 100% Load		> 0.96 @ 115Vac, > 0.90 @ 230Vac	
Leakage Current		< 1mA @ 240Vac	

<sup>\*</sup>Fulfills test conditions for DC input. Safety approval for DC input can be obtained upon request.

## Output Ratings / Characteristics\*\*

Nominal Output Voltage	48Vdc
Factory Set Point Tolerance	48Vdc ± 1%
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	48-56Vdc
Output Current	5.00A (continuously operating at 48V) 7.50A (Power Boost for 5 seconds at 48V, refer to the details in the Functions section)
Output Power	240W (continuously operating at 48V) 360W (Power Boost for 5 seconds at 48V, refer to the details in the Functions section)
Line Regulation	< 0.5% (@ 85-264Vac input, 100% load)
Load Regulation	< 1.0% (@ 85-264Vac input, 0-100% load)
PARD*** (20MHz)	< 200mVpp
Rise Time	< 200ms @ nominal input (100% load)
Start-up Time	< 1,000ms @ nominal input (100% load)
Hold-up Time	> 20ms @ 115Vac & 230Vac (100% load)
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	± 2% @ 85-264Vac input, 10-100% load (Slew Rate: 0.1A/μS, 50% duty cycle @ 5Hz )
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	10,000μF Max



<sup>\*\*</sup>For power de-rating from 50°C to 80°C, see power de-rating on page 3.
\*\*\*PARD is measured with an AC coupling mode, 5cm wires, and in parallel with 0.1µF ceramic capacitor & 47µF electrolytic capacitor.

# 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		Aluminium
Dimensions (L x W x D)		121 x 85 x 124.1 mm (4.76 x 3.35 x 4.86 inch)
Unit Weight		0.96 kg (2.12 lb)
Indicator		Green LED (DC OK)
Cooling System		Convection
Terminal	Input	3 Pins (Rated 300V/15A)
	Output	4 Pins (Rated 300V/15A)
Wire	Input / Output	AWG 20-12
Mounting Rail		Standard TS35 DIN Rail in accordance with EN 60715
Noise (1 Meter from power supply)		Sound Pressure Level (SPL) < 40dBA

## **Environment**

Surrounding Air Temperature Operat		-25°C to +80°C (Cold Start at -40°C)			
	Storage	-40°C to +85°C			
Power De-rating	Vertical Mounting	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C			
	Horizontal Mounting	> 40°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C			
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condens	ing)		
Operating Altitude		0 to 2,500 Meters (8,200 ft.)			
Shock Test Non-Operating		IEC 60068-2-27, 30G (300m/S²) for a duration of 18ms, 1 time per direction, 2 times in total			
Vibration Non-Operating		IEC 60068-2-6, 10Hz to 500Hz @ 30m/S² (3G peak); displacement of 0.35mm; 60 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction			
Bump Test Operating		IEC 60068-2-29, Half Sine Wave: 10G for a duration of 11ms 1,000 times per direction, 6,000 times in total			
Over Voltage Category		III	According to IEC/EN 62477-1 / EN 60204-1 (clearance and creepage distances) and IEC 62103 (safety part)		
Pollution Degree		2			

## **Protections**

Overvoltage	< 57V, SELV Output, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Overload / Overcurrent	> 150% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	< 80°C Surrounding Air Temperature @ 100% load, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Internal Fuse at L pin	T6.3AH
Degree of Protection	IP20
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

<sup>\*</sup>PE: Primary Earth



# 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## Reliability Data

	> 500,000 hrs. as per Telcordia SR-332 I/P: 115Vac & 230Vac, O/P: 100% load, Ta: 25°C
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115Vac & 230Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

## Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Equipment of Machines		EN 60204-1 (over voltage category III)		
Electrical Equipment for Use in Electr	ical Power Installations	EN 62477-1 / IEC 62103		
Safety Entry Low Voltage		PELV* (EN 60204-1), SELV (EN 60950-1)		
Overvoltage on Telecommunication N	letworks	TNV-1 circuit		
Electrical Safety	SIQ Bauart	EN 60950-1		
	UL/cUL recognized	UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E191395)		
	CB Scheme	IEC 60950-1		
Industrial Control Equipment	UL/cUL listed	UL 508 and CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. E315355)		
	CSA	CSA C22.2 No. 107.1-01 (File No. 181564)		
Hazardous Location / ATEX (For DRP048V240W1BA)	cCSAus	CSA C22.2 No. 213-M1987, ANSI / ISA 12.12.01 [Class I, Division 2, Group A, B, C, D T4, Ta= -25°C to +80°C (Vertical: > +50°C derating, Horizontal: > +40°C derating)]		
	ATEX	EN 60079-0, EN 60079-15 [ I 3G Ex nA nC IIC T4 Gc, Ta= -25°C to +80°C (Vertical: > +50°C derating, Horizontal: > +40°C derating)]  Certificate No. EPS 12 ATEX 1 491 X		
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU  For DRP048V240W1BA: In conformance with Equipment for explosive atmospheres (ATEX) directive 2014/34/EU		
Material and Parts		RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU Compliant (EN 50581)		
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	4.0KVac		
	Input to Ground	1.5KVac		
	Output to Ground	1.5KVac		

<sup>\*</sup>Output must be earthed in the final unit in order to comply with PELV requirements according to standard EN 60204-1.



# 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## **EMC**

Emissions (CE & RE)		CISPR 32, EN 55032, CISPR 11, EN 55011, FCC Title 47: Class B		
Component Power Supply for General Use		EN 61204-3		
Immunity		EN 55024, EN 61000-6-1, EN 61000-6-2		
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Air Discharge: 15kV Contact Discharge: 8kV		
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 80MHz-1GHz, 10V/M, 80% modulation (1kHz) 1.4GHz-2GHz, 3V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz) 2GHz-2.7GHz, 1V/M, 80% modulation (1KHz)		
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 2kV		
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>2)</sup> : 2kV Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV		
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 150kHz-80MHz, 10Vrms		
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> 30A/Meter		
Voltage Dips and Interruptions	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable		
Low Energy Pulse Test (Ring Wave)	IEC 61000-4-12	Level 3 Criteria A <sup>1)</sup> Common Mode <sup>2)</sup> : 2kV Differential Mode <sup>3)</sup> : 1kV		
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN 61000-3-2, Class A		
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN 61000-3-3		

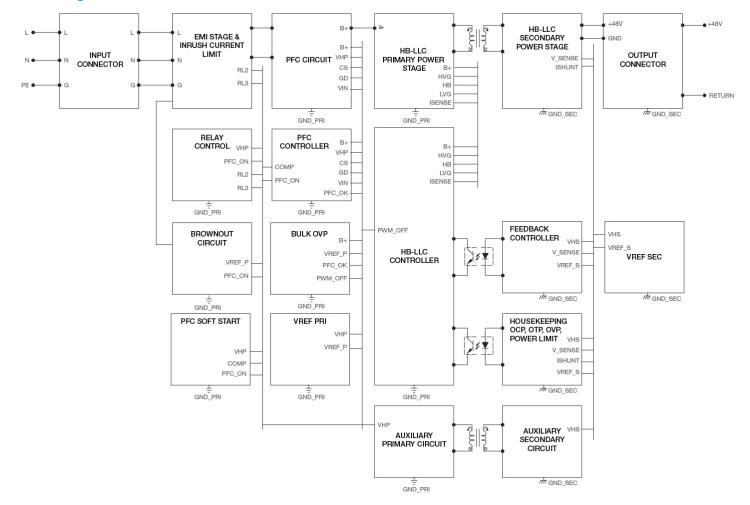
<sup>1)</sup> Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits



<sup>2)</sup> Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth) 3) Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

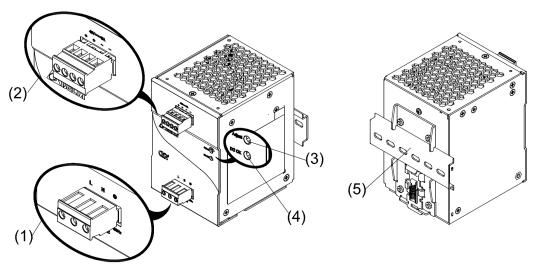
## **Block Diagram**





# 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

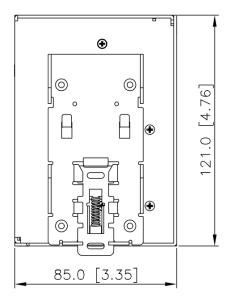
## **Device Description**

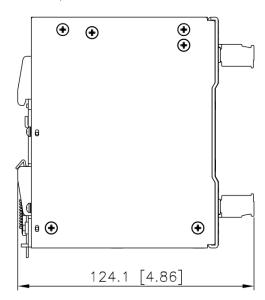


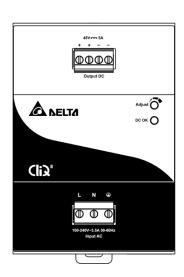
- 1) Input terminal block connector
- 2) Output terminal block connector
- 3) DC Voltage adjustment potentiometer
- 4) DC OK control LED (Green)
- 5) Universal mounting rail system

#### **Dimensions**

**L x W x D:** 121 x 85 x 124.1 mm (4.76 x 3.35 x 4.86 inch)









## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## **Engineering Data**

## Output Load De-rating VS Surrounding Air Temperature

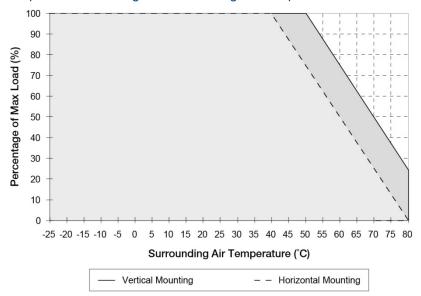


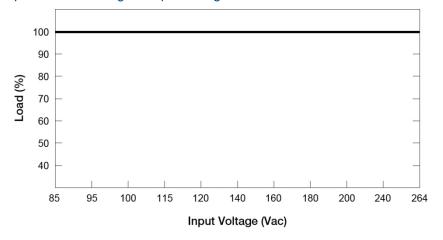
Fig. 1 De-rating for Vertical Mounting Orientation > 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

**De-rating for Horizontal Mounting Orientation** > 40°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C

#### Note

- Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graph shown in Fig. 1.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Environment", the device may run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- In order for the device to function in the manner intended, it is also necessary to keep a safety distance as recommended in the safety instructions while the device is in operation.
- Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device can be very hot!
- If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.

## Output Load De-rating VS Input Voltage



No output power de-rating across the entire input voltage range



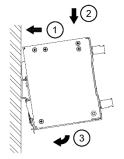
## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## **Assembly & Installation**

The power supply unit (PSU) can be mounted on 35mm DIN rails in accordance with EN 60715. The device should be installed with input terminal block at the bottom.

Each device is delivered ready to install.

#### Mounting



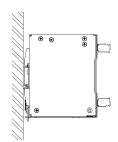
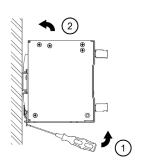


Fig. 2.1 Mounting

Snap on the DIN rail as shown in Fig. 2.1:

- Tilt the unit upwards and insert it onto the DIN rail.
- Push downwards until stopped.
- Press against the bottom front side for locking.
- Shake the unit slightly to ensure that it is secured.

## Dismounting



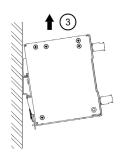
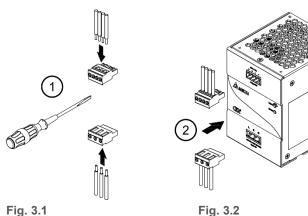


Fig. 2.2 Dismounting

To uninstall, pull or slide down the latch with screw driver as shown in Fig. 2.2. Then slide the power supply unit (PSU) in the opposite direction, release the latch and pull out the power supply unit (PSU) from the rail.

## Connection



CAUTION: Must tighten wire to housing (Fig. 3.1) before plugging into the terminal block connection (Fig. 3.2).

In accordance to EN 60950 / UL 50950, flexible cables require ferrules. Use appropriate copper cables designed to sustain operating temperature of:

- 60°C, 60°C / 75°C for USA
   At least 75°C for ambient not exceeding 60°C, and 90°C for ambient exceeding 60°C for Canada.



## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

Cha"

## Safety Instructions

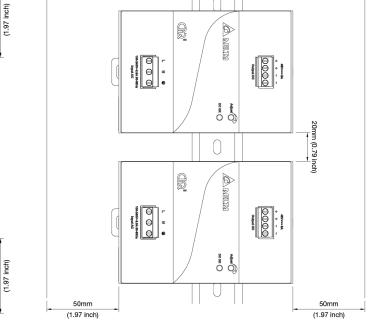
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Vertical Mounting

Horizontal Mounting

20mm (0.79 inch)

Admic Source S



- ALWAYS switch mains of input power OFF before connecting and disconnecting the input voltage to the unit. If mains are not turned OFF, there is risk of explosion / severe damage.
- To guarantee sufficient convection cooling, keep a distance of 50mm (1.97 inch) above and below the device as well as a lateral distance of 20mm (0.79 inch) to other units.

  Note that the application of the device and because it is to be a sufficient on the country of the device as well as a lateral distance of 20mm (0.79 inch) to other units.
- Note that the enclosure of the device can become very hot depending on the surrounding air temperature and load of the power supply. Risk of burns!
- Only plug in and unplug connectors when power is turned off!
- DO NOT insert any objects into the unit.
- Hazardous voltages may be present for up to 5 minutes after the input mains voltage is disconnected. Do not touch the unit during this time.
- The power supplies are built in units and must be installed in a cabinet or room (condensation free environment and indoor location) that is relatively free of conductive contaminants.
- CAUTION: "For use in a controlled environment".

## For DRP048V240W1BA:

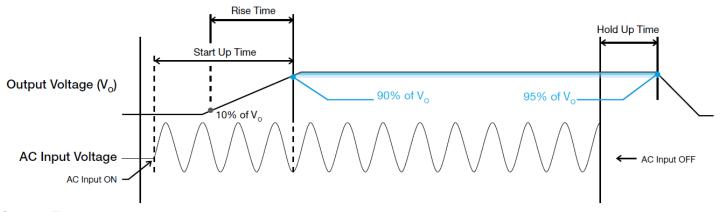
- The power supplies unit must be installed in an IP54 enclosure or cabinet in the final installation. The enclosure or cabinet must comply with EN 60079-0 or EN 60079-15.
- Warning: Explosion Hazard Substitution of components may impair suitability for Class I, Division 2.
- Warning: Explosion Hazard Do not disconnect equipment or adjust potentiometer unless the power has been switched off or the area is known to be non-hazardous.



## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

#### **Functions**

■ Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time



### Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

#### Rise Time

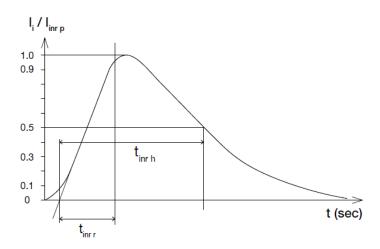
The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

## Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

## **Inrush Current**

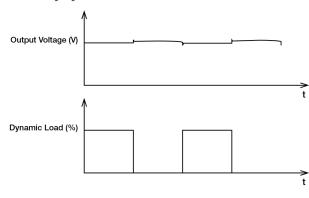
Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



## Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remain within  $\pm 2\%$  of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 10% to 100% of its rated current.

■ 50% duty cycle / 5Hz





## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

#### **Power Boost**

Power Boost is the reserve power available constantly that allows reliable startup to support sudden and short spike of loads with high inrush current typically during turn on to remove the need of more expensive higher rated power supply unit. After the output has reached its steady state set value, the power supply can support surge loads with a higher short-term power demand up to 150% of maximum rated load (Io Max), for a maximum duration of 5 seconds. The Power Boost is also available to repeatedly basis with according to the condition of an average (R.M.S) output power shall not exceed continuous operating condition or refer to duty cycle calculation below.

$$Duty\ cycle\ (\%) = \frac{T_P}{Total\ Time}$$

$$Average\ Output\ Power\ (P_{Avg}) = \frac{(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P) + (Non\text{-}Peak\ Power\ \times T_N)}{Total\ Time}$$

OR

$$Non\text{-}Peak\ Power = \frac{\left(P_{Avg} \times Total\ Time\right) - \left(Power\ Boost\ \times T_P\right)}{T_N}$$

## ■ An example of Power Boost and Average Output Power

Power Boost	Peak Power (W <sub>P</sub> )	Power Boost Duration (T <sub>P</sub> )	Duty Cycle	Non-Peak Power (W <sub>N</sub> )	Non-Peak Power Duration (T <sub>N</sub> )	Total Time (T)
150%	360	5 sec	10%	226W	45 sec	50 sec
150%	360	5 sec	35%	175W	9.3 sec	14.3 sec
120%	288	10 sec	20%	228W	40 sec	50 sec
120%	288	10 sec	35%	214W	18.5 sec	28.5 sec

It is not recommended to prolong the duration of Power Boost to be longer than the specified duty cycle calculation, this may cause damage to the PSU.

#### **External Input Protection Device**

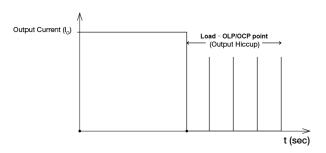
The unit is protected with internal fuse (not replaceable) at L pin and it has been tested and approved on 20A (UL) and 16A (IEC) branch circuits without additional protection device. An external protection device is only required if the supplying branch has an ampacity greater than above. Thus, if an external protective device is necessary, or, utilized, please refer a minimum value in instruction sheet with B or C characteristic breaker.



## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## Overload & Overcurrent Protections (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds its specification as defined on Page 3 under "Protections". In such occurrence, the  $V_{\rm O}$  will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and  $I_{\rm O}$  is back within the specifications.



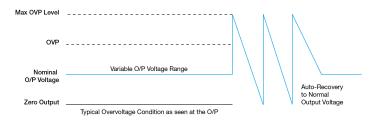
It is not recommended to prolong the duration of  $I_0$  when it is less than OLP/OCP point, but greater than 100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

## Short Circuit Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

## Overvoltage Protection (Auto-Recovery)

The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections".



## Over Temperature Protection (Auto-Recovery)

As described in load de-rating section, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode until the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the derating graph.



## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## **Operating Mode**

#### ■ Redundant Operation

In order to ensure proper redundant operation for the power supply unit (PSU), the output voltage difference between the two units must be kept at 0.90~1.00V for 48V supplies. Follow simple steps given below to set them up for the redundant operation:

#### Step 1.

Measure output voltage of PSU 1 and PSU 2. If PSU 1 is the master unit, then  $V_0$  of PSU 1 must be higher than PSU 2. In order to set the output voltage, individually connect the power supply to 50% of rated load at any line voltage from 85-264Vac, and set the PSU 1 and PSU 2 output voltage.

#### Step 2.

Connect the power supply units PSU 1 and PSU 2 to  $V_{\text{in}}$  1 &  $V_{\text{in}}$  2, respectively, of the DRR-20N (or 20A) module shown on the diagram on the right.

#### Step 3.

Connect the system load from  $V_{out}$ . Please note that output voltage  $V_{out}$  from DRR module will be =  $V_{O}$  (output voltage of power supply) –  $V_{drop}^*$  (in DRR module).

 $^*V_{drop}$  will vary from 0.60V to 0.90V (Typical 0.65V) depending on the load current and surrounding air temperature.

# PSU 1 PSU 2 DRR-20A Common Output GND A AELTA DC OK Signal GND\* Terminal Terminal Terminal HV1 (PSU1) +V2 (PSU2) Signal GND\* Common Output GND DC OK Relay

\*\*The Signal GND in the DRR module is for the built-in LED and DC OK signals. The Output GND terminals from the two PSU's do not need to be connected to the Signal GND terminal

Fig. 4 Redundant Operation Connection Diagram

#### Parallel Operation

The power supply units (PSUs) can also be used for parallel operation in order to increase the output power. The difference in output voltage between the two units must be kept to within 25mV of each other. This difference must be verified with the same output load connected independently to each unit.

Parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, start up time will be different from those on the datasheet, when two units are connected in parallel. The user will need to verify that any differences will still allow the two power supplies connected in parallel will work properly in their product/application.

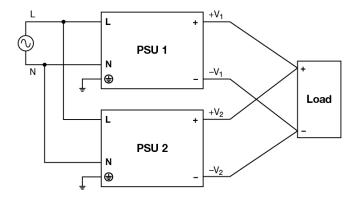


Fig. 5 Parallel Operation Connection Diagram



## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

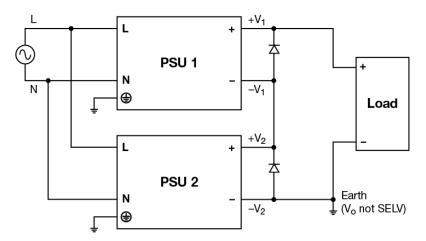


Fig. 6 Series Operation Connection Diagram

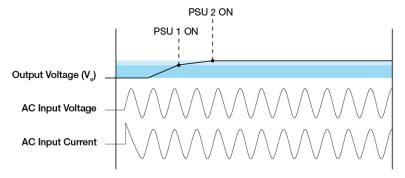
#### Series Operation

Delta's CliQ II can be connected in series to increase the output voltage as shown in figure above. Power supply from the same product series only be used and with the same rated output current. The maximum load current should not exceed the smallest rated output current. Any number of power supplies can be connected in series, user must note that output voltage > 60Vdc will not meet SELV requirements and could be hazardous to user the total voltage shall not exceed 150Vdc. Installing a protection against the touching is must and connect the output ground to earth when output voltage is not SELV.

A diode in reverse bias must be added across output terminals of each power supply, this is to prevent -V voltage being applied to other power supply in fault conditions such as short circuit across load. During short circuit -V<sub>1</sub> & +V<sub>1</sub> will come across +V<sub>2</sub> & -V<sub>2</sub> which means connecting 2 power supplies in opposite polarity and may cause damage to the power supply. With reverse bias diodes in place the voltage across each power supply will be restricted to one diode drop – approximately 0.7V to 1.0V.

It is recommended to provide sufficient de-rating for diodes hence it is recommended to use 2 times the voltage rating of the output voltage or equal to the rating of series output depending which is higher, e.g. 48V power supply can use 96V rated diode which is equal to two 48V power supplies connected in series OR a 48V power supply adjusted to 56V output will see 56V + 56V = 112V, in this case reverse voltage rating of diode shall be > 112V.

During the short circuit condition, the current through diodes will be large, hence it is recommended that diodes to be least twice the current rating of the power supply.



The turn ON would be non-monotonic as the power supply with the fastest startup time and rise time will turn on first. As a result, the startup waveform with 2 power supplies connected in series would see a step.

User must consider to verify parameters such as EMI, inrush current, leakage current, PARD, startup time would differ from datasheet numbers as multiple power supplies in series.



## 48V 240W 1 Phase / DRP048V240W1B

## **Others**

## **Delta RoHS Compliant**



#### Restriction of the usage of hazardous substances

The European directive 2011/65/EU limits the maximum impurity level of homogeneous materials such as lead, mercury, cadmium, chrome, polybrominated flame retardants PBB and PBDE for the use in electrical and electronic equipment. RoHS is the abbreviation for "Restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment".

This product conforms to this standard.

## **Conformal Coating**



#### The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBAs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

#### PFC - Norm EN 61000-3-2





Typically, the input current waveform is not sinusoidal due to the periodic peak charging of the input capacitor. In industrial environments, compliance with EN 61000-3-2 is only necessary under special conditions. Complying to this standard can have some technical drawbacks, such as lower efficiency; and, can also result in higher product cost. Frequently, the user does not profit from compliance to this standard; therefore, it is important to know whether it is mandatory to meet this standard for a specific application.

#### Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to **www.DeltaPSU.com** for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

