

Resonant Switching Series

Reverse conducting IGBT with monolithic body diode

IHW30N110R3

Data sheet

Industrial Power Control

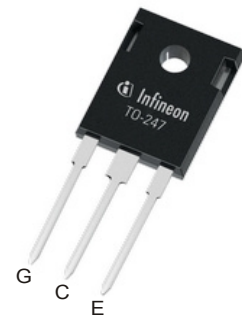
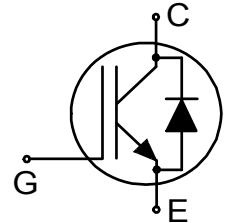
Reverse conducting IGBT with monolithic body diode

Features:

- Powerful monolithic body diode with low forward voltage designed for soft commutation only
- Very tight parameter distribution
- High ruggedness, temperature stable behavior
- Low V_{CEsat}
- Easy parallel switching capability due to positive temperature coefficient in V_{CEsat}
- Low EMI
- Qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Complete product spectrum and PSpice Models:
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Applications:

- Inductive cooking
- Inverterized microwave ovens
- Resonant converters
- Soft switching applications



Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	V_{CEsat} , $T_{vj}=25^{\circ}C$	T_{vjmax}	Marking	Package
IHW30N110R3	1100V	30A	1.55V	175°C	H30R1103	PG-TO247-3

Table of Contents

Description	2
Table of Contents	3
Maximum Ratings	4
Thermal Resistance	4
Electrical Characteristics	5
Electrical Characteristics Diagrams	7
Package Drawing	13
Testing Conditions	14
Revision History	15
Disclaimer	15

Maximum Ratings

For optimum lifetime and reliability, Infineon recommends operating conditions that do not exceed 80% of the maximum ratings stated in this datasheet.

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	1100	V
DC collector current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_C	60.0 30.0	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Cpuls}	90.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 1100\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$	-	90.0	A
Diode forward current, limited by T_{vjmax} $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_F	60.0 30.0	A
Diode pulsed current, t_p limited by T_{vjmax}	I_{Fpuls}	90.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage Transient Gate-emitter voltage ($t_p \leq 10\mu\text{s}$, $D < 0.010$)	V_{GE}	± 20 ± 25	V
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Power dissipation $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	333.0 166.0	W
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, wave soldering 1.6mm (0.063in.) from case for 10s		260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mounting torque, M3 screw Maximum of mounting processes: 3	M	0.6	Nm

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.45	K/W
Diode thermal resistance, junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.45	K/W
Thermal resistance junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		40	K/W

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Static Characteristic						
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 0.50mA$	1100	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CESat}	$V_{GE} = 15.0V, I_C = 30.0A$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}C$	- - -	1.55 1.85 2.00	1.75 - -	V
Diode forward voltage	V_F	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_F = 30.0A$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 125^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}C$	- - -	1.35 1.38 1.41	1.55 - -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 0.70mA, V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	5.1	5.8	6.4	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 1100V, V_{GE} = 0V$ $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}C$	- -	- -	5.0 2500.0	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0V, V_{GE} = 20V$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20V, I_C = 30.0A$	-	15.0	-	S
Integrated gate resistor	r_G			none		Ω

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25V, V_{GE} = 0V, f = 1MHz$	-	1460	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		-	55	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}		-	45	-	
Gate charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 880V, I_C = 30.0A,$ $V_{GE} = 15V$	-	180.0	-	nC
Internal emitter inductance measured 5mm (0.197 in.) from case	L_E		-	13.0	-	nH

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 600\text{V}, I_C = 30.0\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}, R_{G(on)} = 15.0\Omega, R_{G(off)} = 15.0\Omega, L_{\sigma} = 80\text{nH}, C_{\sigma} = 39\text{pF}$ L_{σ}, C_{σ} from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.	-	350	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	16	-	ns
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	1.15	-	mJ

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$						
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(\text{off})}$	$T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 600\text{V}$, $I_C = 30.0\text{A}$, $V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}$, $R_{G(\text{on})} = 15.0\Omega$, $R_{G(\text{off})} = 15.0\Omega$, $L\sigma = 80\text{nH}$, $C\sigma = 39\text{pF}$ $L\sigma$, $C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include “tail” and diode reverse recovery.	-	410	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	60	-	ns
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	1.80	-	mJ

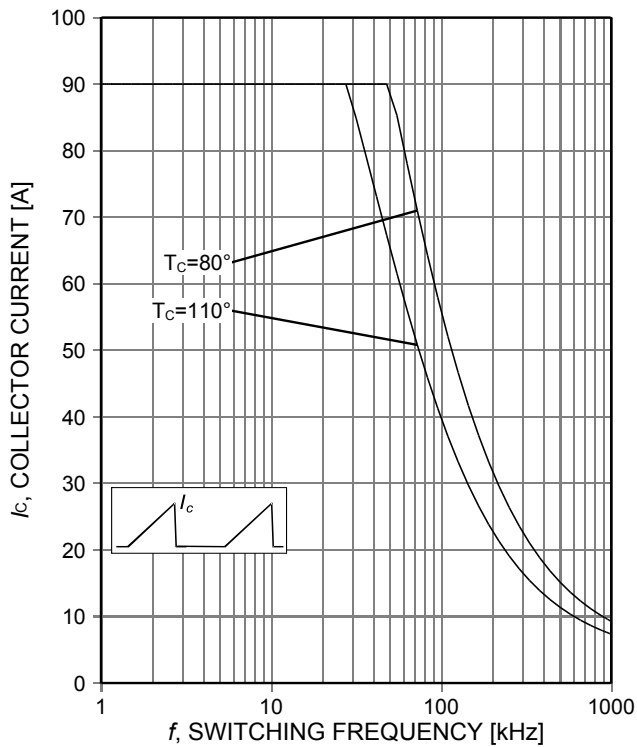


Figure 1. **Collector current as a function of switching frequency**
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}, D=0.5, V_{CE}=600\text{V}, V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}, R_G=15\Omega)$

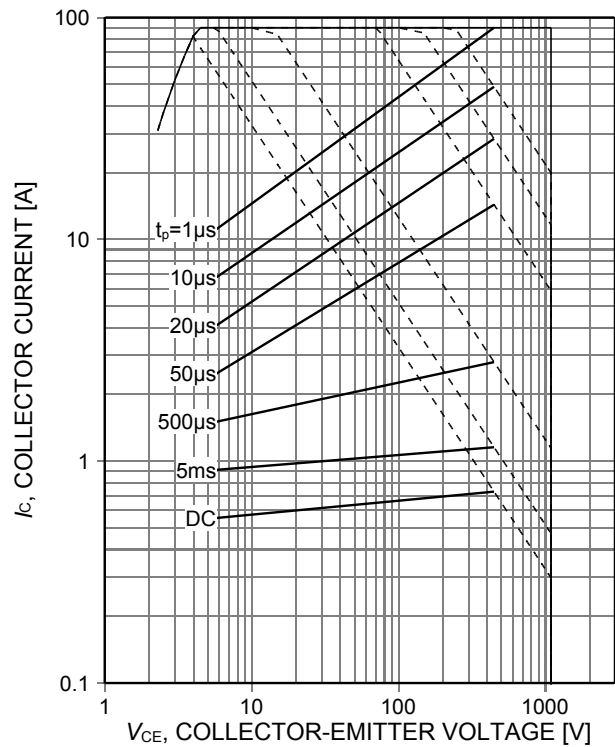


Figure 2. **Forward bias safe operating area**
 $(D=0, T_C=25^\circ\text{C}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C}; V_{GE}=15\text{V})$

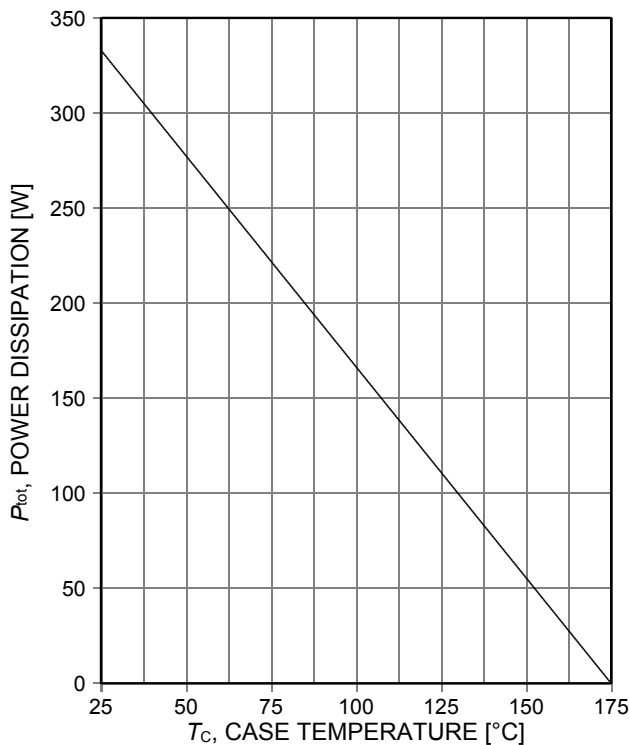


Figure 3. **Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**
 $(T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

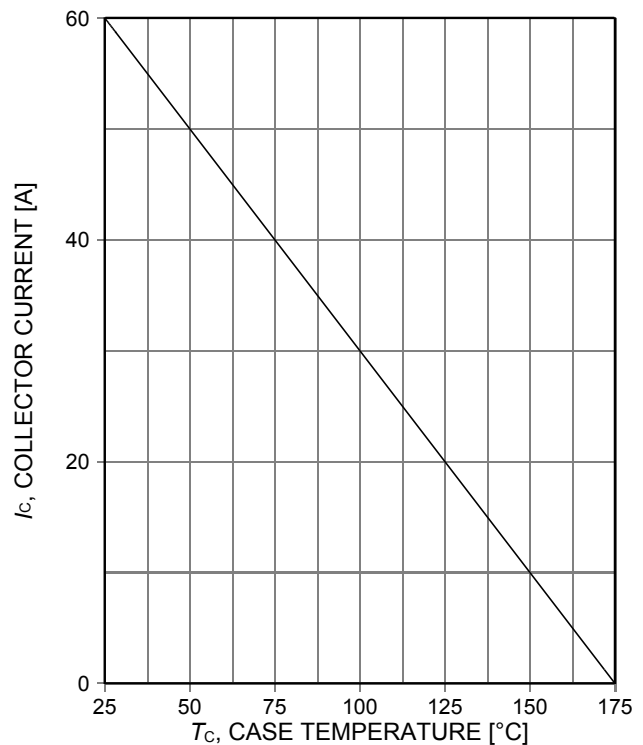


Figure 4. **Collector current as a function of case temperature**
 $(V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}, T_j \leq 175^\circ\text{C})$

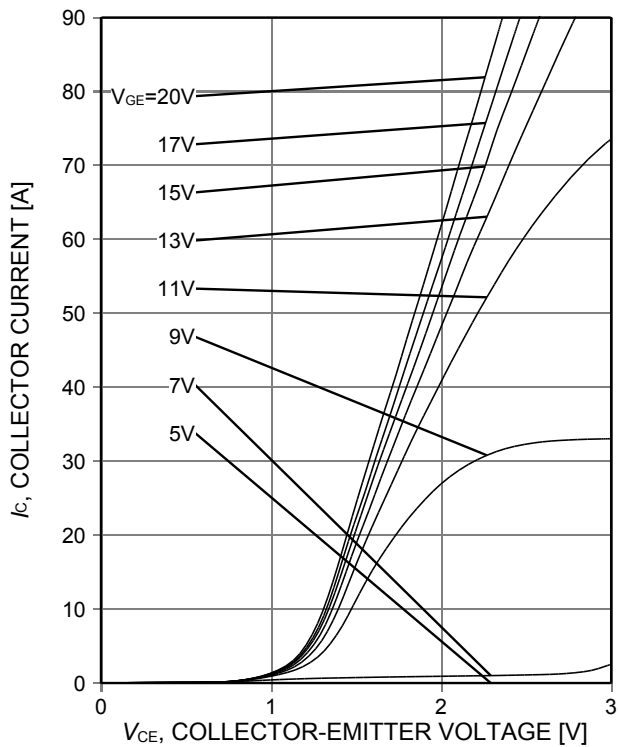


Figure 5. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$)

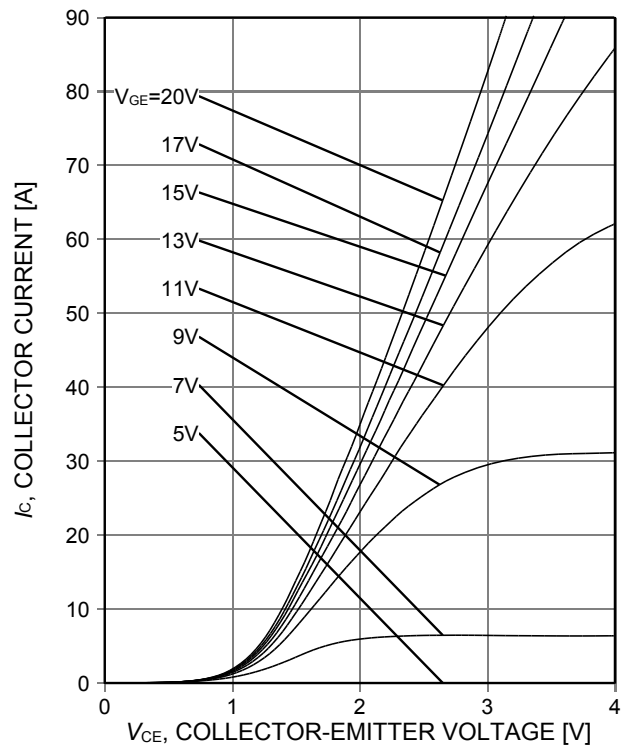


Figure 6. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$)

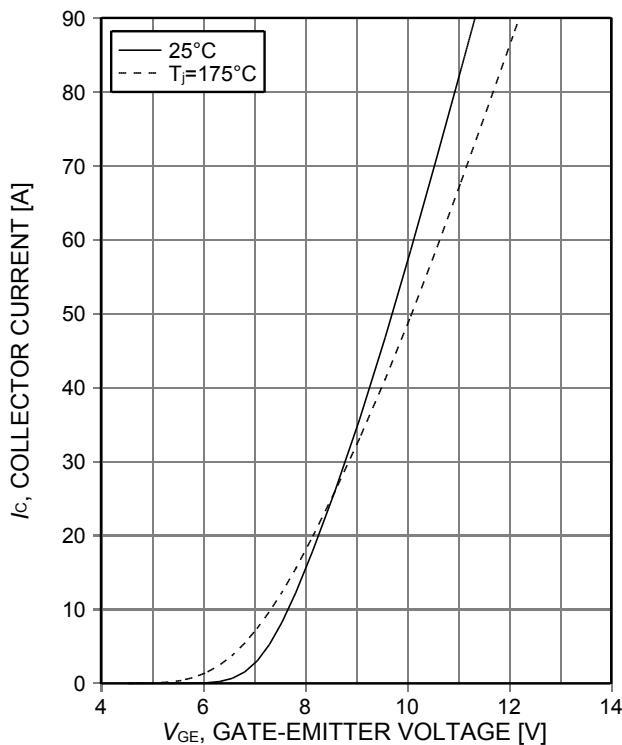


Figure 7. **Typical transfer characteristic**
($V_{CE}=20\text{V}$)

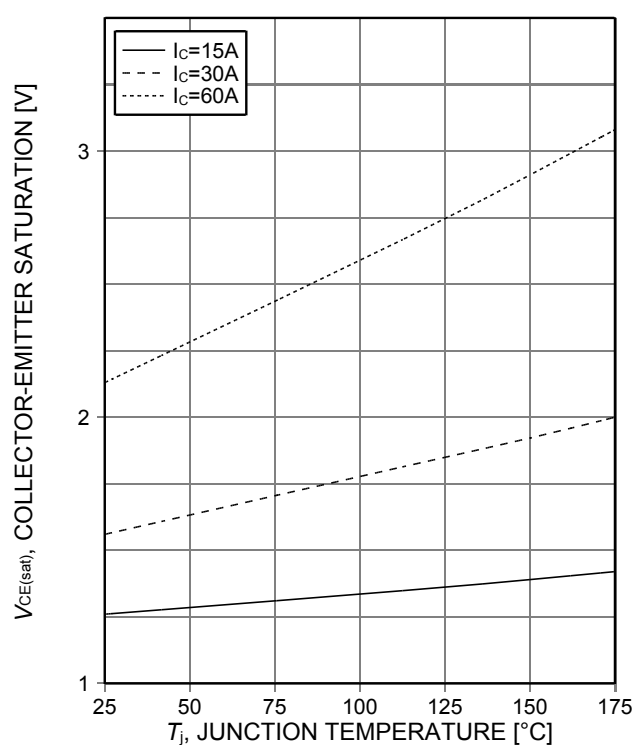


Figure 8. **Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($V_{GE}=15\text{V}$)

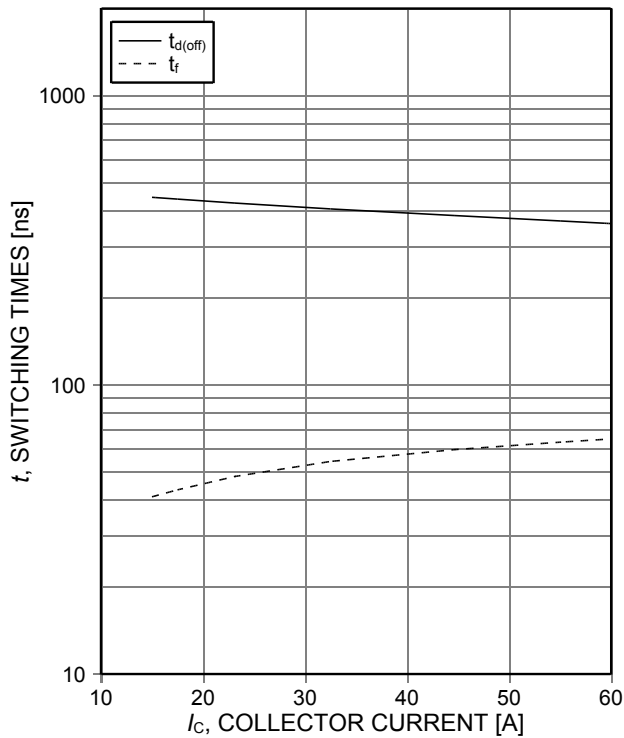


Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**
(ind. load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=15\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=15\Omega$, test circuit in Fig. E)

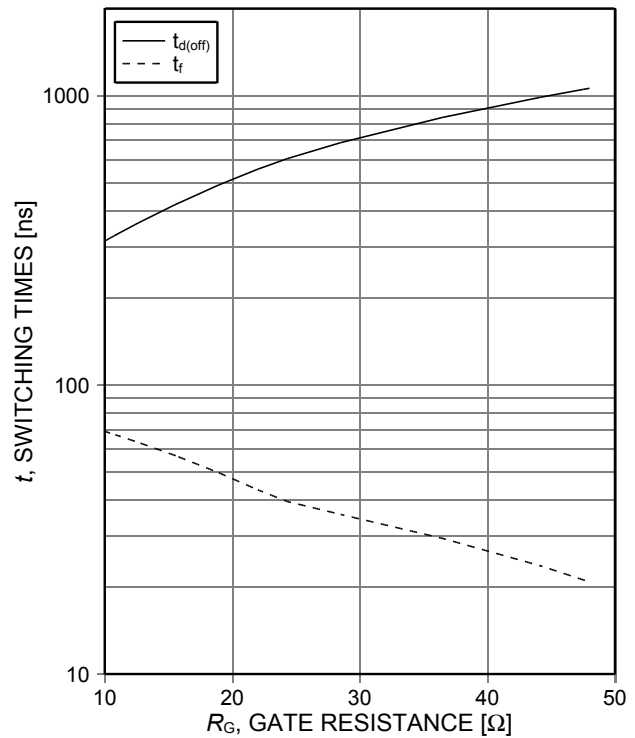


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistance**
(ind. load, $T_J=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, test circuit in Fig. E)

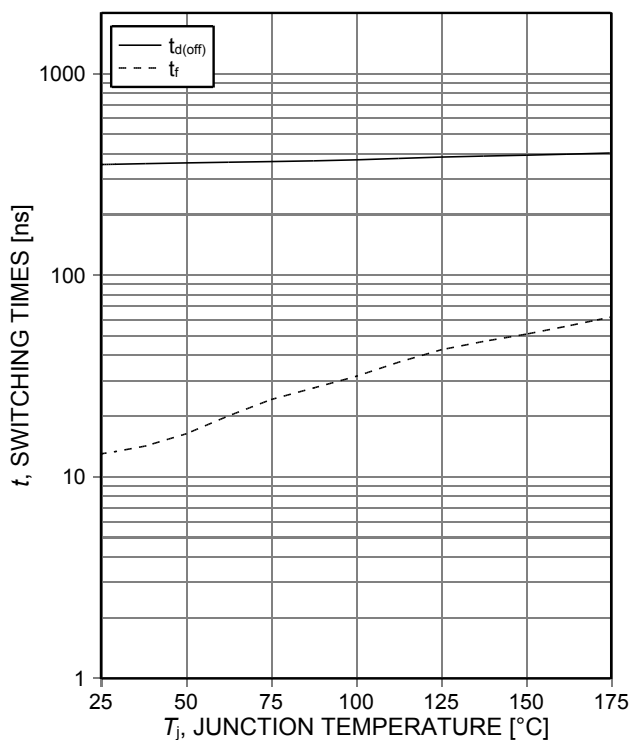


Figure 11. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**
(ind. load, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=15\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=15\Omega$, test circuit in Fig. E)

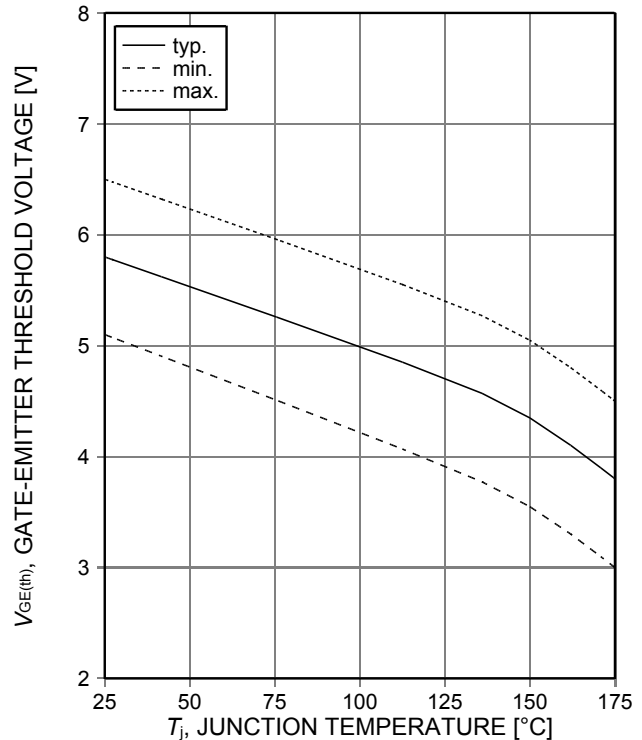


Figure 12. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($I_C=0.7\text{mA}$)

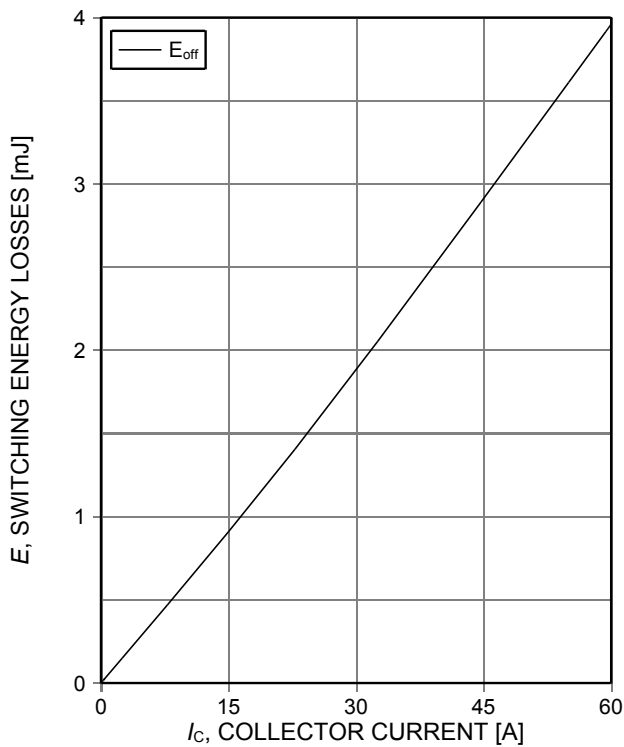


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**
(ind. load, $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $R_{G(on)}=15\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=15\Omega$, test circuit in Fig. E)

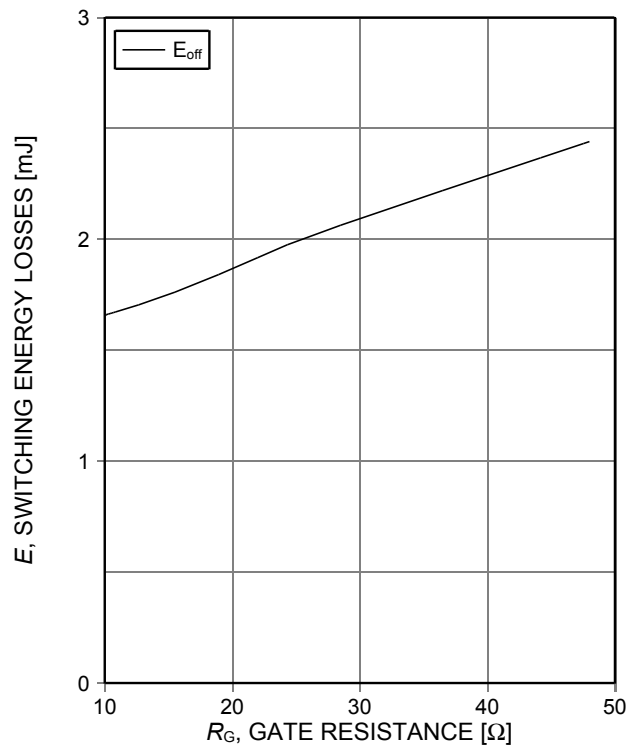


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistance**
(ind. load, $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, test circuit in Fig. E)

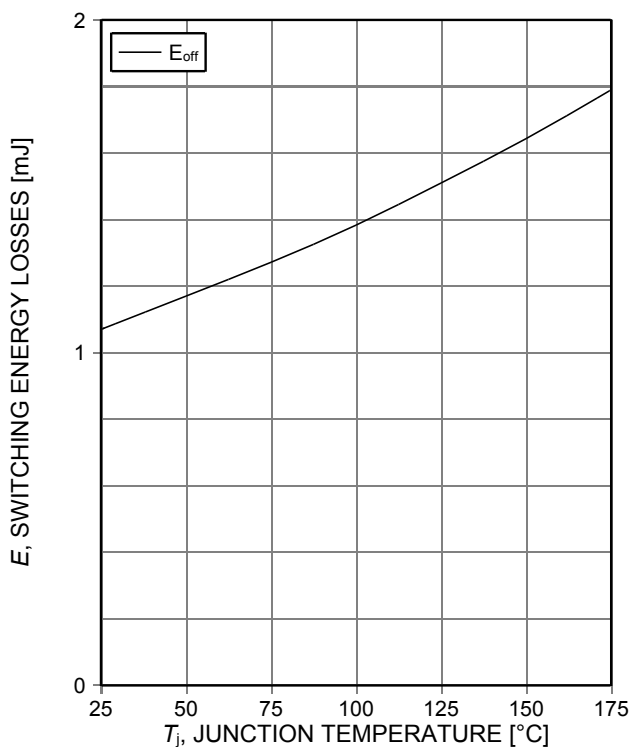


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**
(ind load, $V_{CE}=600\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=15\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=15\Omega$, test circuit in Fig. E)

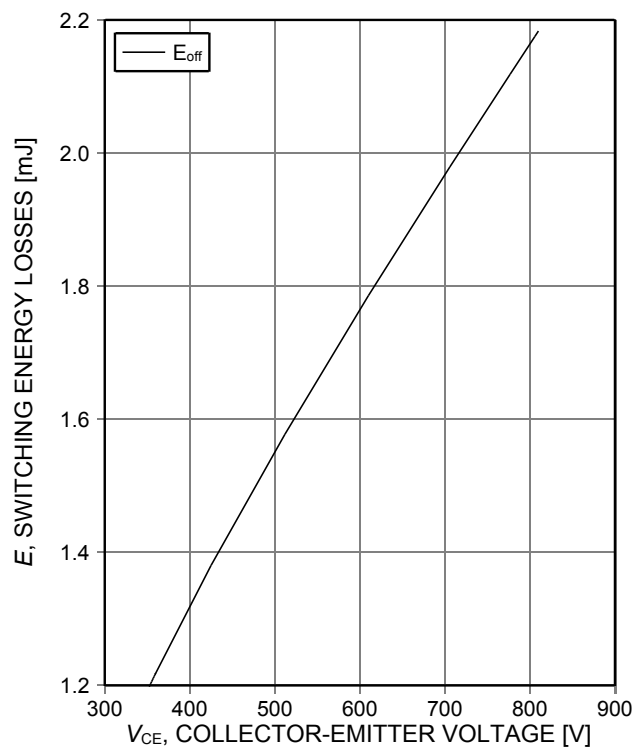


Figure 16. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage**
(ind. load, $T_j=175^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=0/15\text{V}$, $I_C=30\text{A}$, $R_{G(on)}=15\Omega$, $R_{G(off)}=15\Omega$, test circuit in Fig. E)

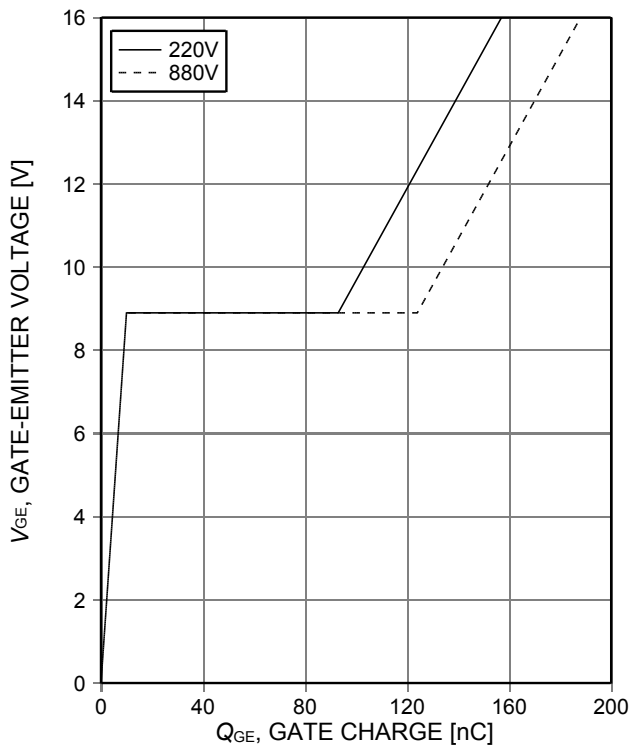


Figure 17. **Typical gate charge**
($I_C=30A$)

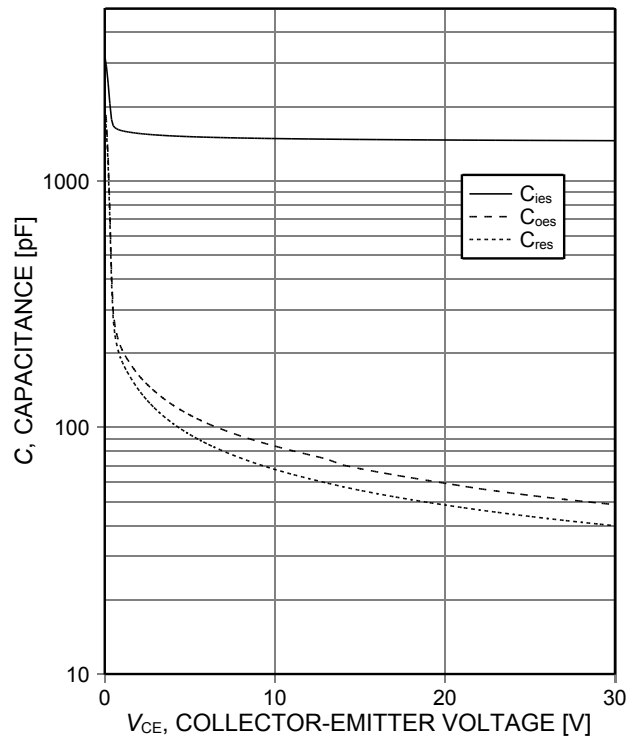


Figure 18. **Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
($V_{GE}=0V$, $f=1MHz$)

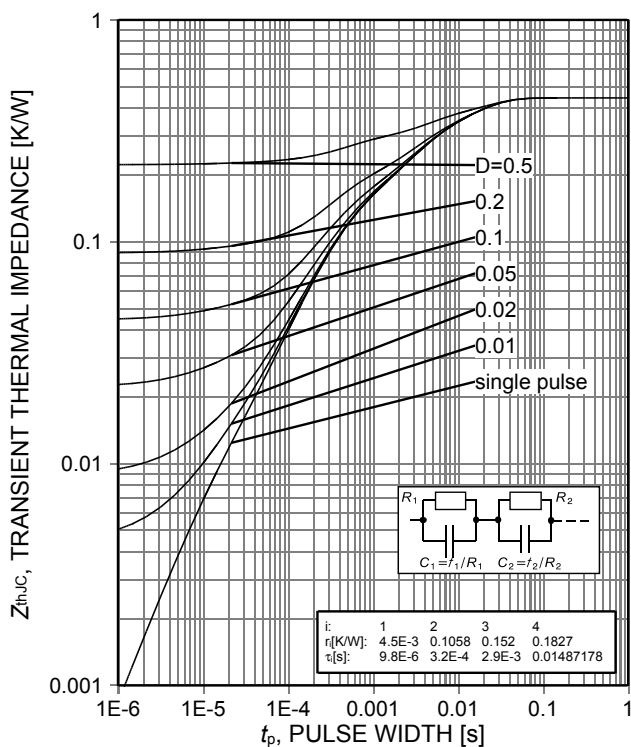


Figure 19. **IGBT transient thermal impedance**
($D=t_p/T$)

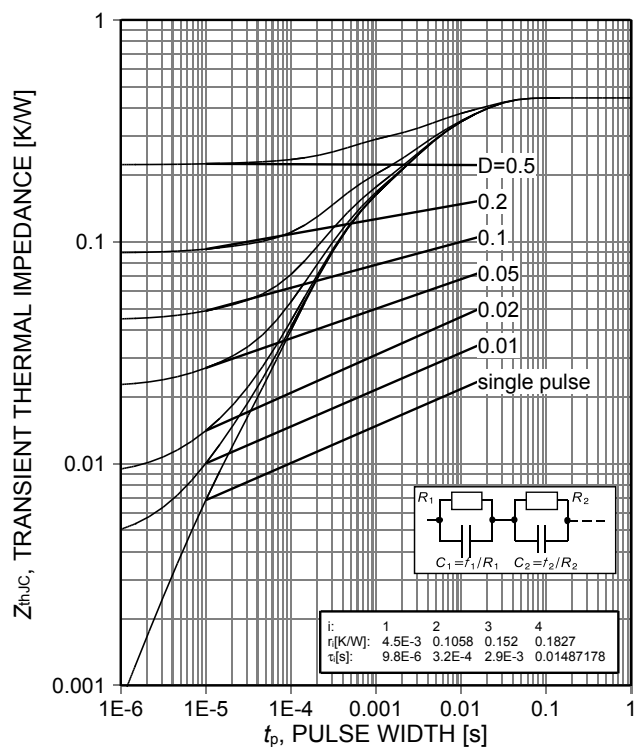


Figure 20. **Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width**
($D=t_p/T$)

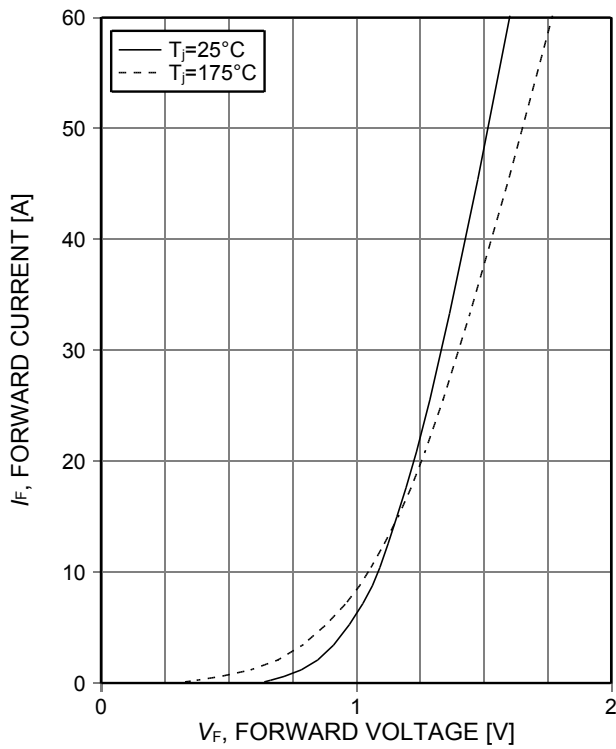


Figure 21. Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

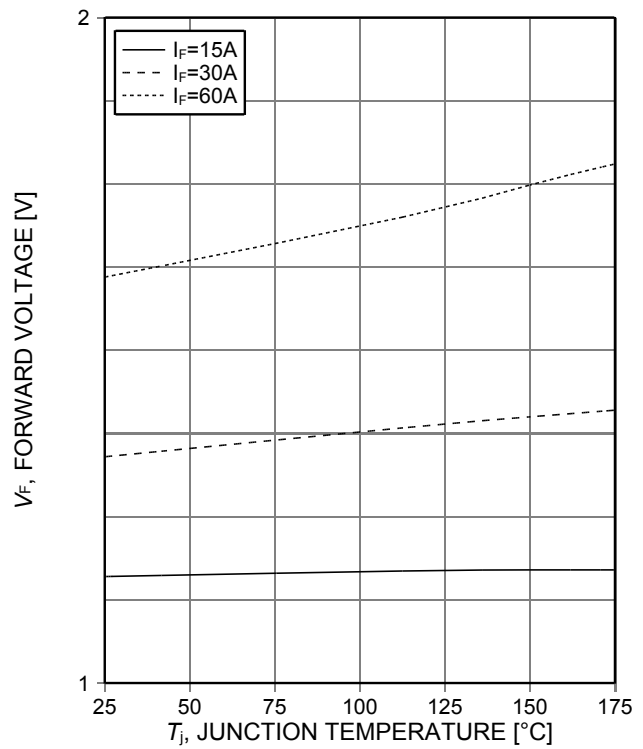
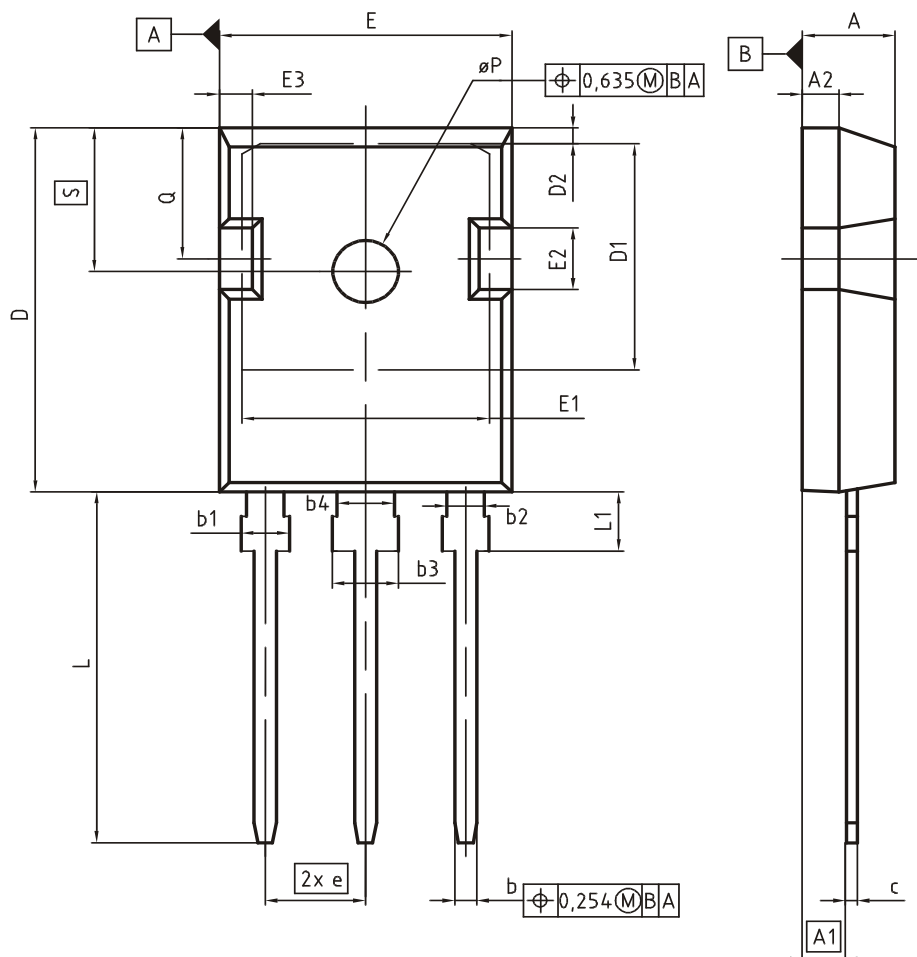
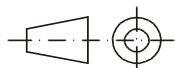


Figure 22. Typical diode forward voltage as a function of junction temperature

PG-TO247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.27	2.54	0.089	0.100
A2	1.85	2.16	0.073	0.085
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123
c	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027
D	20.80	21.10	0.819	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053
E	15.70	16.13	0.618	0.635
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.00	2.60	0.039	0.102
e	5.44 (BSC)		0.214 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.32	0.780	0.800
L1	4.10	4.47	0.161	0.176
ØP	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

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SCALE 0 5 7.5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION 
ISSUE DATE 09-07-2010
REVISION 05

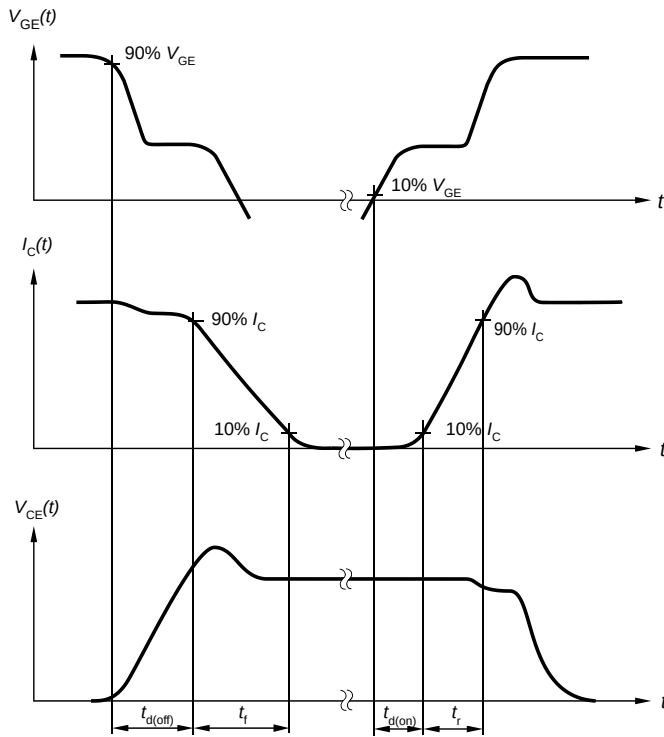


Figure A. Definition of switching times

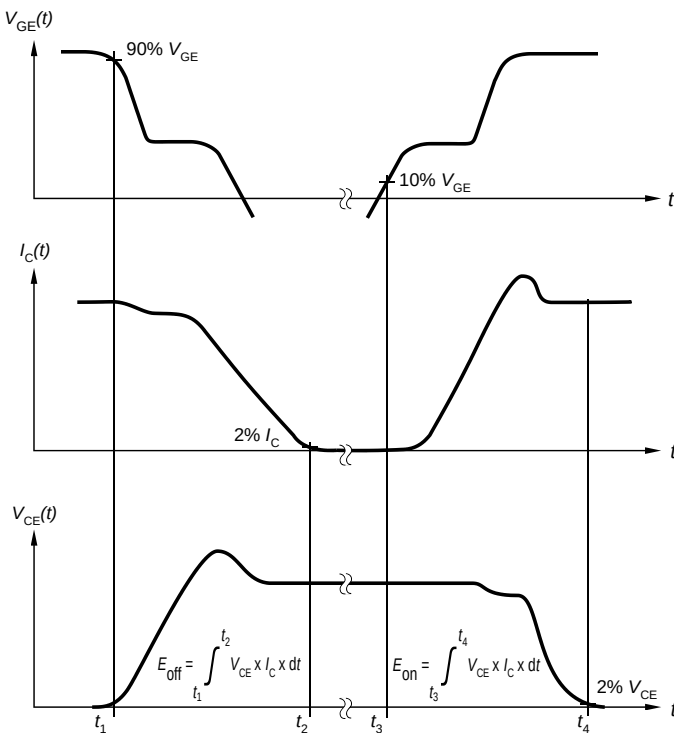


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

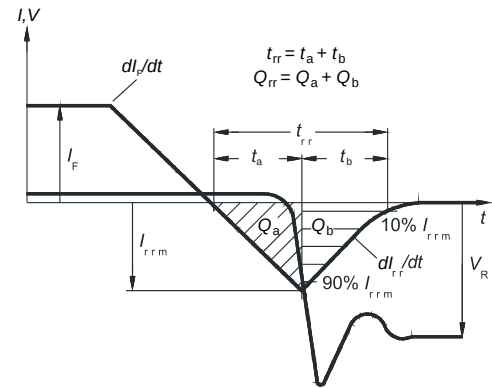


Figure C. Definition of diode switching characteristics

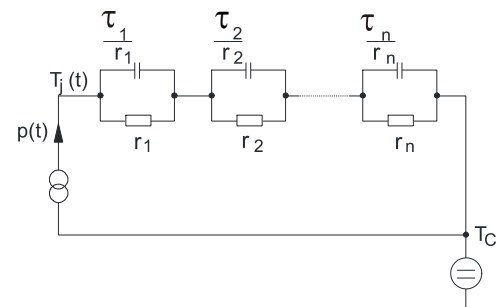
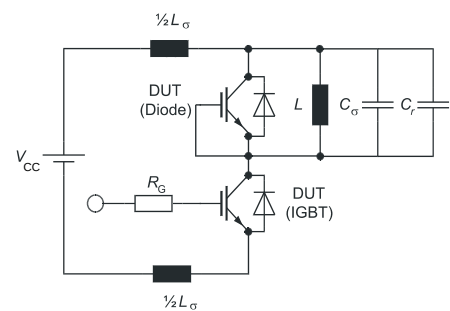


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Parasitic inductance L_{σ} ,
parasitic capacitor C_{σ} ,
relief capacitor C_r ,
(only for ZVT switching)

Revision History

IHW30N110R3

Revision: 2015-01-26, Rev. 2.1

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
1.1	2009-12-01	-
1.2	2011-01-21	Package drawing Rev. 05
1.3	2013-02-12	Layout change
2.1	2015-01-26	Final data sheet

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