

Part Number: 9595261802
 Frequency Range: Dimensions
 Description: 95 EER CORE
 Application: Inductive Components
 Where Used: Closed Magnetic Circuit
 Part Type: EER Cores
 Generic Name: EER25.5

Mechanical Specifications

Weight: 11.200 (g) per Set

Part Type Information

EER25.5/18, EER28/28, EER28/34, EER35/42, EER40/46, EER42/44, EER49/54

EER cores, similar to ETD cores, have been designed to make optimum use of a given volume of ferrite material for maximum throughput power. The structure, which includes a round center post, approaches a nearly uniform cross-sectional area that minimizes winding losses.

- EER cores can be supplied with the centerpost gapped to a mechanical dimension or an AL value.
- AL value is measured at 1 kHz, $B < 10$ gauss.
- Weight indicated is per pair or set.

Mechanical Specifications

Dim	mm	mm tol	nominal inch	inch misc.
A	25.50	± 0.5	1.004	-
B	9.30	± 0.15	0.366	-
C	7.50	± 0.25	0.295	-
D	6.40	± 0.15	0.252	-
E	19.80	min	0.780	min
F	7.50	± 0.25	0.295	-
G	-	-	-	-
H	-	-	-	-
J	-	-	-	-
K	-	-	-	-

Electrical Specifications

Typical Impedance (Ω)	

Electrical Properties	
A_L (nH)	2200 ±25%
A_e (cm ²)	0.43400
$\sum I/A$ (cm ⁻¹)	11.10
l_e (cm)	4.80
V_e (cm ³)	2.08300
A_{min} (cm ²)	.425

Legend

+ Test frequency

Preferred parts, the suggested choice for new designs, have shorter lead times and are more readily available.

The column H(Oe) gives for each bead the calculated dc bias field in oersted for 1 turn and 1 ampere direct current. The actual dc H field in the application is this value of H times the actual NI (ampere-turn) product. For the effect of the dc bias on the impedance of the bead material, see figures 18-23 in the application note How to choose Ferrite Components for EMI Suppression.

A ½ turn is defined as a single pass through a hole.

$\sum I/A$ - Core Constant

A_e - Effective Cross-Sectional Area

A_L - Inductance Factor ($\frac{L}{N^2}$)

N/AWG - Number of Turns/Wire Size for Test Coil

l_e - Effective Path Length

V_e - Effective Core Volume

NI - Value of dc Ampere-turns

Land Patterns

V	W ref	X	Y	Z
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

Winding Information

Turns Tested	Wire Size	1st Wire Length	2nd Wire Length
-	-	-	-

Reel Information

Tape Width mm	Pitch mm	Parts 7 " Reel	Parts 13 " Reel	Parts 14 " Reel
-	-	-	-	-

Package Size

Pkg Size
- (-)

Connector Plate

# Holes	# Rows
-	-



Ferrite Material Constants

Specific Heat	0.25 cal/g/°C
Thermal Conductivity	3.5 - 4.5 mW/cm - °C
Coefficient of Linear Expansion	8 - 10x10 ⁻⁶ /°C
Tensile Strength	4.9 kgf/mm ²
Compressive Strength	42 kgf/mm ²
Young's Modulus	15x10 ³ kgf/mm ²
Hardness (Knoop)	650
Specific Gravity	≈ 4.7 g/cm ³

The above quoted properties are typical for Fair-Rite MnZn and NiZn ferrites.

See next page for further material specifications.



Fair-Rite Products Corp. Your Signal Solution®

Ferrite Components for the Electronics Industry

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Fair-Rite Product's Catalog
Part Data Sheet, 9595261802
Printed: 2013-07-03



A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200 kHz with low temperature variation. New type 95 Material is a low loss power material, which features less power loss variation over temperature (25-120°C) at moderate flux densities for operation below 200 kHz.

Shapes available in 95 material are Toroids, U cores, Pot Cores, RM, PQ, EFD, EP.

95 Material Characteristics

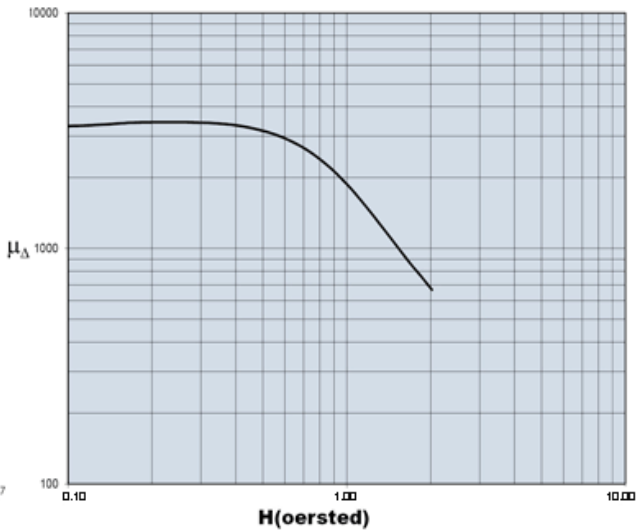
Property	Unit	Symbol	Value
Initial Permeability @ B < 10gauss		μ_i	3000
Flux Density @ Field Strength	gauss oersted	B H	5000 5
Residual Flux Density	gauss	B_r	800
Coercive Force	oersted	H_c	0.13
Loss Factor @ Frequency	10^{-6} MHz	$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	3.0 0.1
Temperature Coefficient of Initial Permeability (20 - 70°C)	% / °C		0.4
Curie Temperature	°C	T_c	> 220
Resistivity	ohm-cm	ρ	200

Complex Permeability vs. Frequency



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using HP 4284A and HP4291A.

Incremental Permeability vs. H

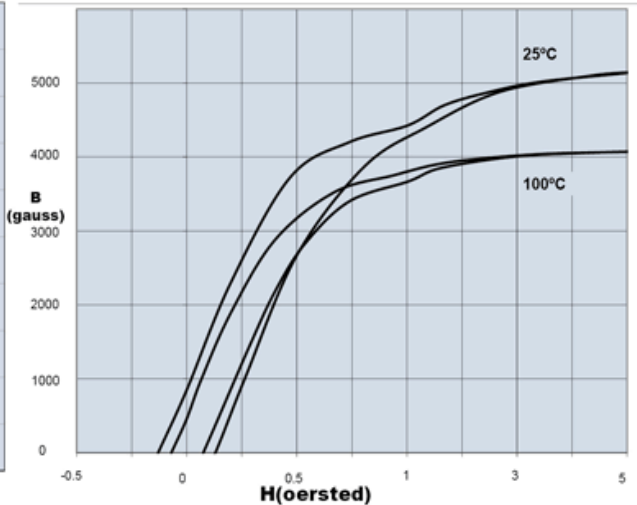


Initial Permeability vs. Temperature



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

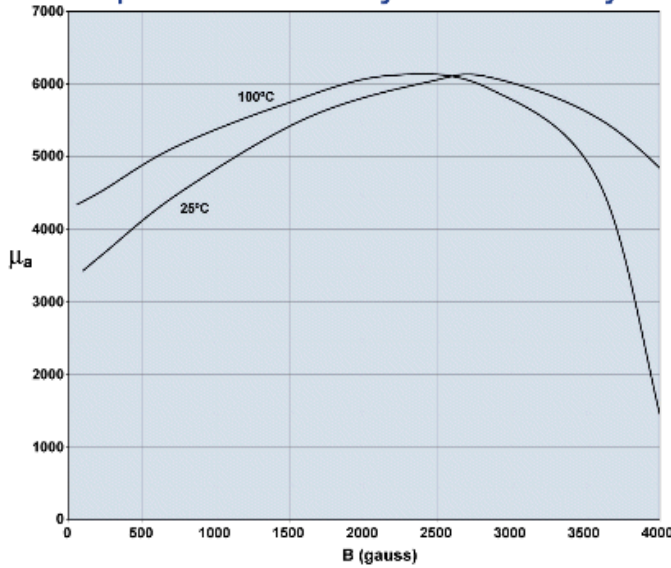
Hysteresis Loop



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

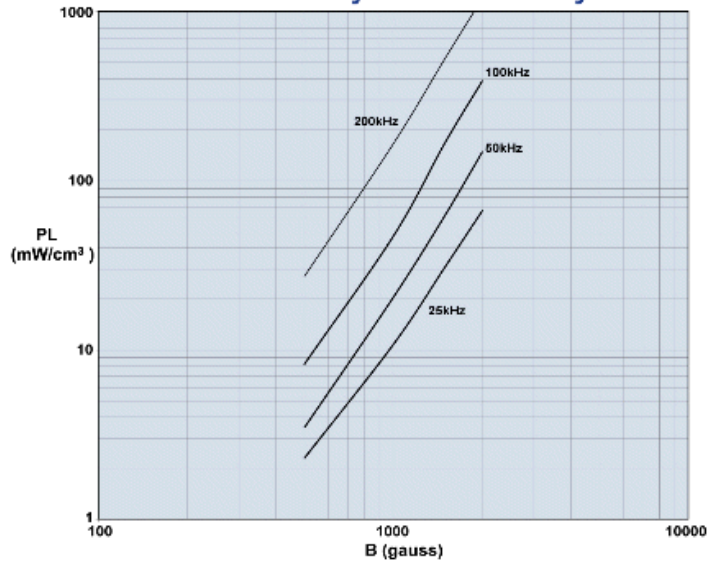
A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200kHz with low temperature variation.

Amplitude Permeability vs. Flux Density



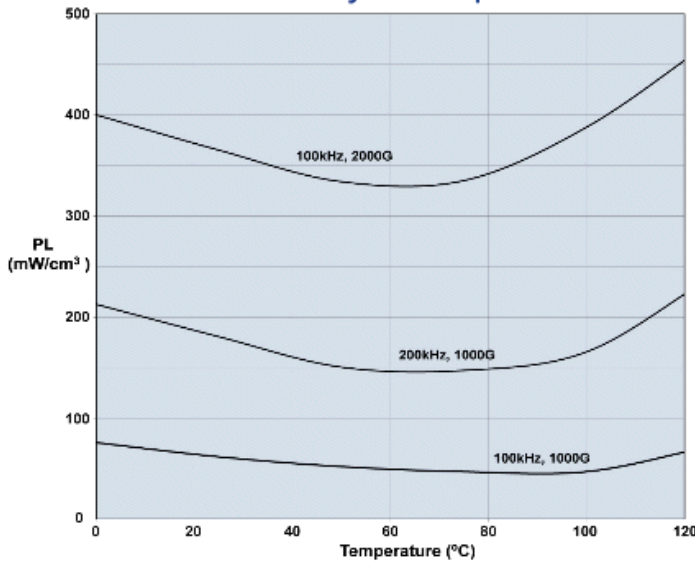
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

Power Loss Density vs. Flux Density



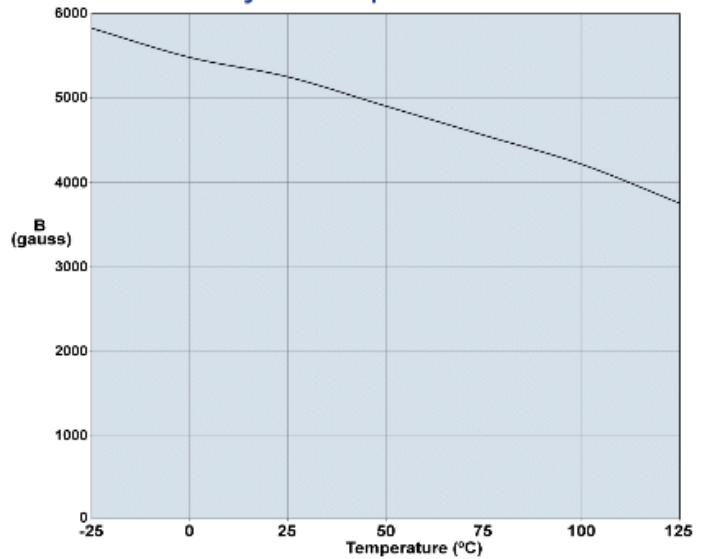
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW at 100°C.

Power Loss Density vs. Temperature



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW at 100°C.

Flux Density vs. Temperature



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz and H=5 oersted.