

Important notice

Dear Customer,

On 7 February 2017 the former NXP Standard Product business became a new company with the tradename **Nexperia**. Nexperia is an industry leading supplier of Discrete, Logic and PowerMOS semiconductors with its focus on the automotive, industrial, computing, consumer and wearable application markets

In data sheets and application notes which still contain NXP or Philips Semiconductors references, use the references to Nexperia, as shown below.

Instead of <http://www.nxp.com>, <http://www.philips.com/> or <http://www.semiconductors.philips.com/>, use **<http://www.nexperia.com>**

Instead of sales.addresses@www.nxp.com or sales.addresses@www.semiconductors.philips.com, use **salesaddresses@nexperia.com** (email)

Replace the copyright notice at the bottom of each page or elsewhere in the document, depending on the version, as shown below:

- © NXP N.V. (year). All rights reserved or © Koninklijke Philips Electronics N.V. (year). All rights reserved

Should be replaced with:

- © **Nexperia B.V. (year). All rights reserved.**

If you have any questions related to the data sheet, please contact our nearest sales office via e-mail or telephone (details via **salesaddresses@nexperia.com**). Thank you for your cooperation and understanding,

Kind regards,

Team Nexperia

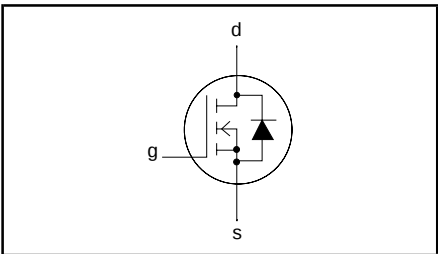
N-channel enhancement mode
MOS transistor

BSH105

FEATURES

- Very low threshold voltage
- Fast switching
- Logic level compatible
- Subminiature surface mount package

SYMBOL



QUICK REFERENCE DATA

$V_{DS} = 20\text{ V}$
$I_D = 1.05\text{ A}$
$R_{DS(ON)} \leq 250\text{ m}\Omega\ (V_{GS} = 2.5\text{ V})$
$V_{GS(TO)} \geq 0.4\text{ V}$

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

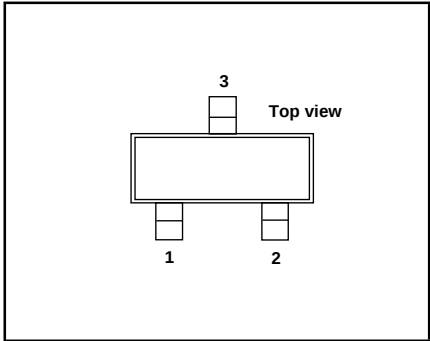
N-channel, enhancement mode, logic level, field-effect power transistor. This device has very low threshold voltage and extremely fast switching making it ideal for battery powered applications and high speed digital interfacing.

The BSH105 is supplied in the SOT23 subminiature surface mounting package.

PINNING

PIN	DESCRIPTION
1	gate
2	source
3	drain

SOT23



LIMITING VALUES

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{DS}	Drain-source voltage		-	20	V
V_{DGR}	Drain-gate voltage	$R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$	-	20	V
V_{GS}	Gate-source voltage		-	± 8	V
I_D	Drain current (DC)	$T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	1.05	A
		$T_a = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.67	A
I_{DM}	Drain current (pulse peak value)	$T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	4.2	A
P_{tot}	Total power dissipation	$T_a = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.417	W
		$T_a = 100\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.17	W
T_{stg}, T_j	Storage & operating temperature		- 55	150	$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCES

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{th\ j-a}$	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	FR4 board, minimum footprint	300	-	K/W

N-channel enhancement mode MOS transistor

BSH105

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}; I_D = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	20	-	-	V
$V_{GS(TO)}$	Gate threshold voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}; I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	0.4	0.57	-	V
		$T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	0.1	-	-	V
$R_{DS(ON)}$	Drain-source on-state resistance	$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}; I_D = 0.6\text{ A}$	-	140	200	m Ω
		$V_{GS} = 2.5\text{ V}; I_D = 0.6\text{ A}$	-	180	250	m Ω
		$V_{GS} = 1.8\text{ V}; I_D = 0.3\text{ A}$	-	240	300	m Ω
		$V_{GS} = 2.5\text{ V}; I_D = 0.6\text{ A}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	270	375	m Ω
g_{fs}	Forward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 16\text{ V}; I_D = 0.6\text{ A}$	0.5	1.6	-	S
I_{GSS}	Gate source leakage current	$V_{GS} = \pm 8\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	10	100	nA
I_{DSS}	Zero gate voltage drain current	$V_{DS} = 16\text{ V}; V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}; T_j = 150^\circ\text{C}$	-	50	100	nA
			-	1.3	10	μA
$Q_{g(tot)}$	Total gate charge	$I_D = 1\text{ A}; V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}; V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}$	-	3.9	-	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-source charge		-	0.4	-	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate-drain (Miller) charge		-	1.4	-	nC
$t_{d\text{ on}}$	Turn-on delay time	$V_{DD} = 20\text{ V}; I_D = 1\text{ A};$	-	2	-	ns
t_r	Turn-on rise time	$V_{GS} = 8\text{ V}; R_G = 6\text{ }\Omega$	-	4.5	-	ns
$t_{d\text{ off}}$	Turn-off delay time	Resistive load	-	45	-	ns
t_f	Turn-off fall time		-	20	-	ns
C_{iss}	Input capacitance	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}; V_{DS} = 16\text{ V}; f = 1\text{ MHz}$	-	152	-	pF
C_{oss}	Output capacitance		-	71	-	pF
C_{rss}	Feedback capacitance		-	33	-	pF

REVERSE DIODE LIMITING VALUES AND CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
I_{DR}	Continuous reverse drain current	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1.05	A
I_{DRM}	Pulsed reverse drain current		-	-	4.2	A
V_{SD}	Diode forward voltage	$I_F = 0.5\text{ A}; V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	-	0.74	1	V
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time	$I_F = 0.5\text{ A}; -dI_F/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s};$	-	27	-	ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse recovery charge	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}; V_R = 16\text{ V}$	-	19	-	nC

N-channel enhancement mode MOS transistor

BSH105

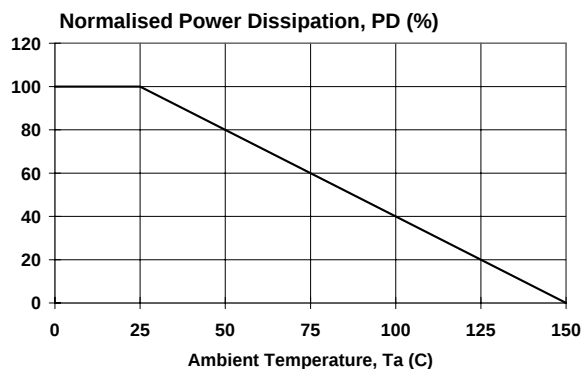


Fig.1. Normalised power dissipation.
 $PD\% = 100 \cdot P_D / P_{D\ 25^\circ\text{C}} = f(T_a)$

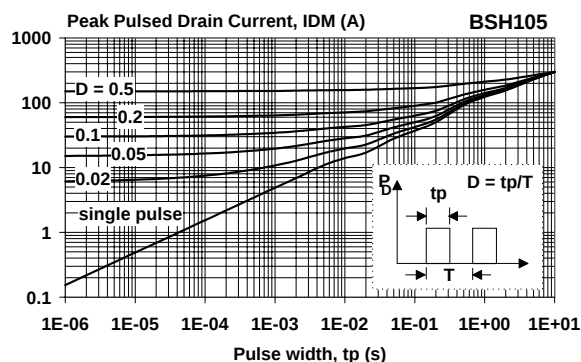


Fig.4. Transient thermal impedance.
 $Z_{th\ j-a} = f(t)$; parameter $D = t_p/T$

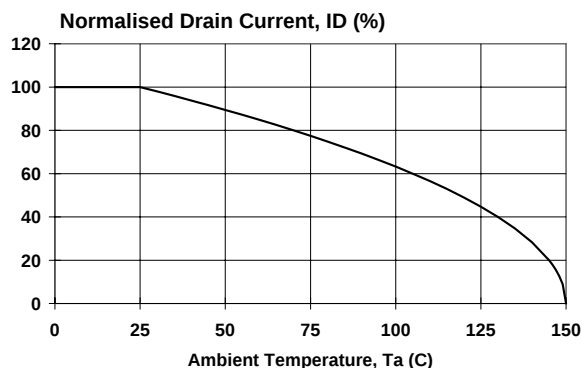


Fig.2. Normalised continuous drain current.
 $ID\% = 100 \cdot I_D / I_{D\ 25^\circ\text{C}} = f(T_a)$; conditions: $V_{GS} \geq 4.5\text{ V}$

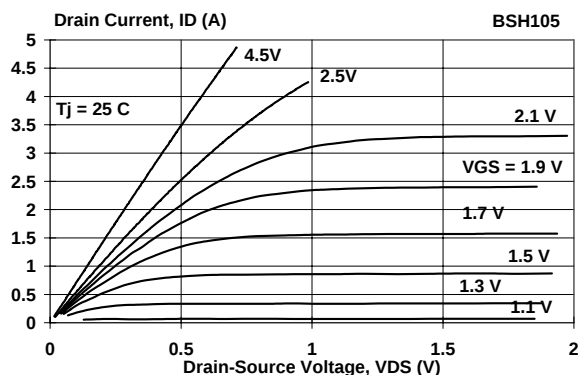


Fig.5. Typical output characteristics, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
 $I_D = f(V_{DS})$; parameter V_{GS}

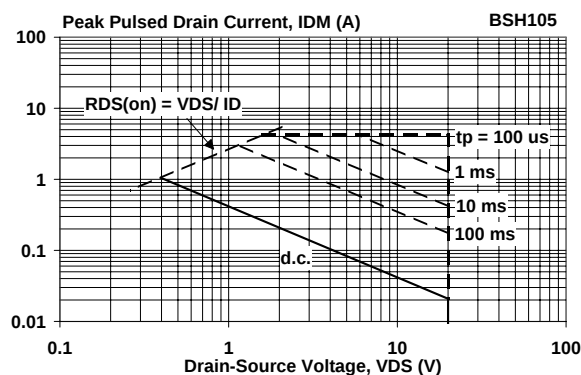


Fig.3. Safe operating area. $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
 I_D & $I_{DM} = f(V_{DS})$; I_{DM} single pulse; parameter t_p

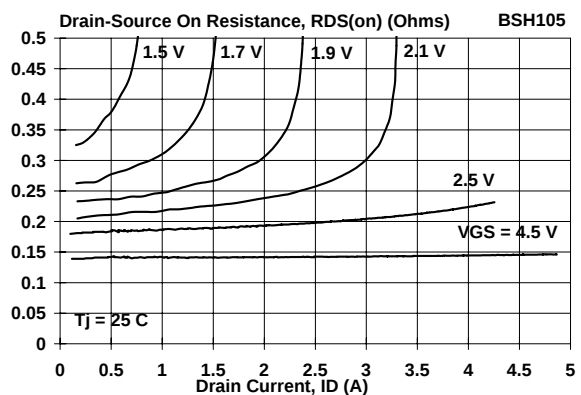
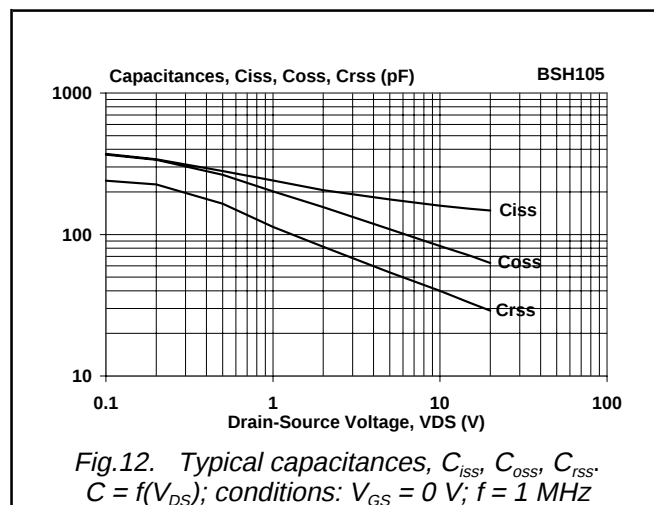
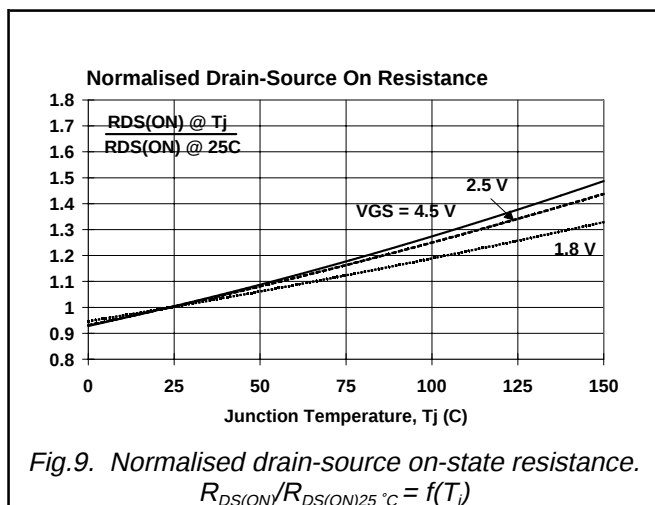
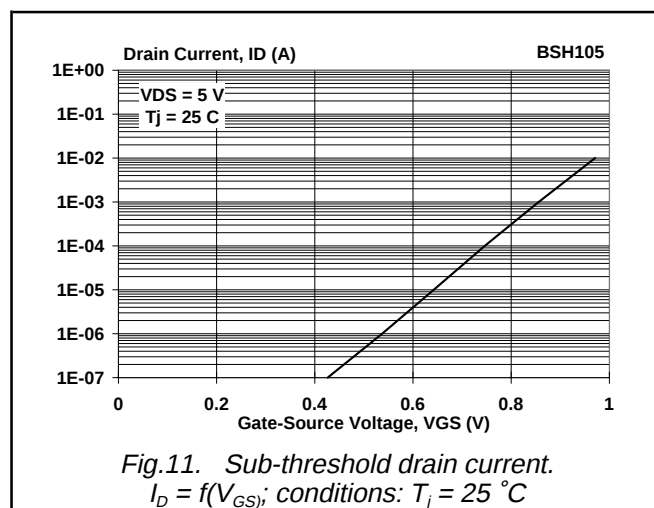
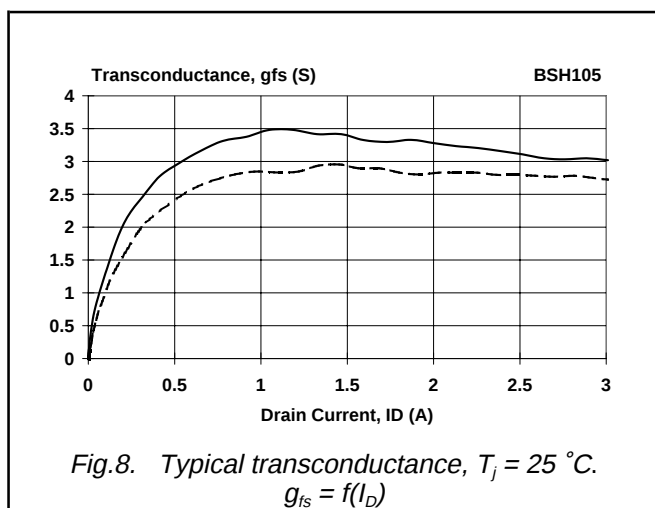
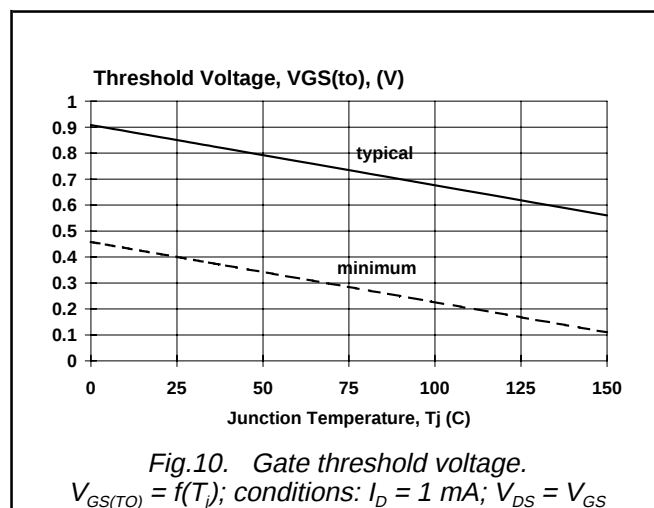
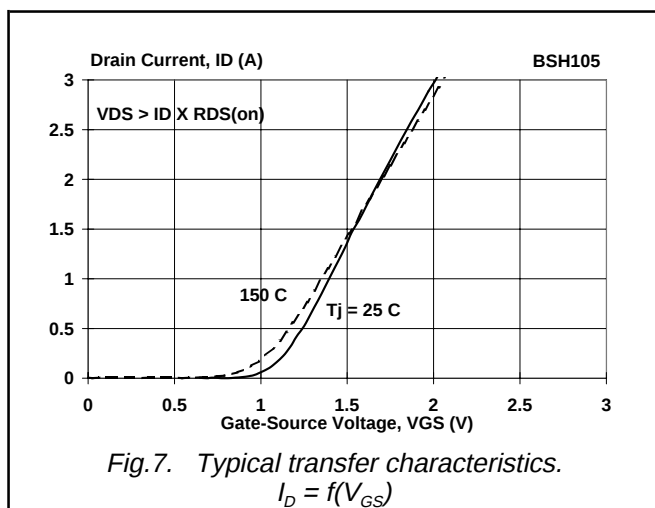


Fig.6. Typical on-state resistance, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$.
 $R_{DS(ON)} = f(I_D)$; parameter V_{GS}

N-channel enhancement mode MOS transistor

BSH105



N-channel enhancement mode
MOS transistor

BSH105

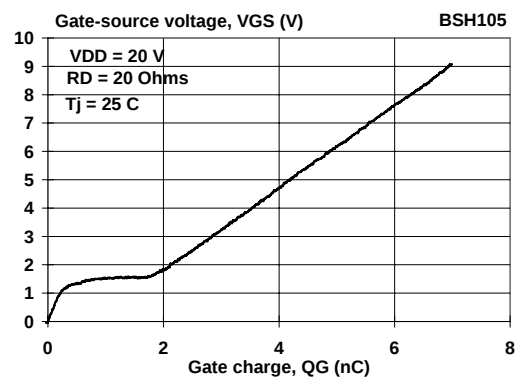


Fig.13. Typical turn-on gate-charge characteristics.
 $V_{GS} = f(Q_G)$

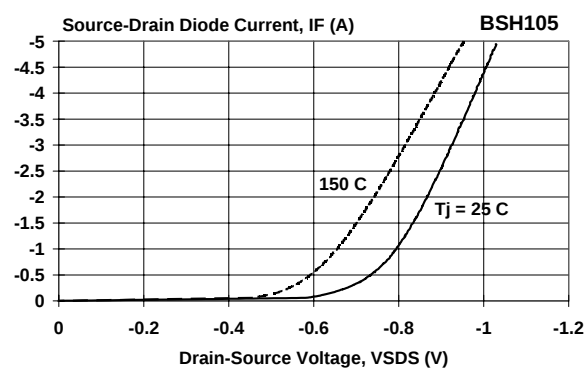
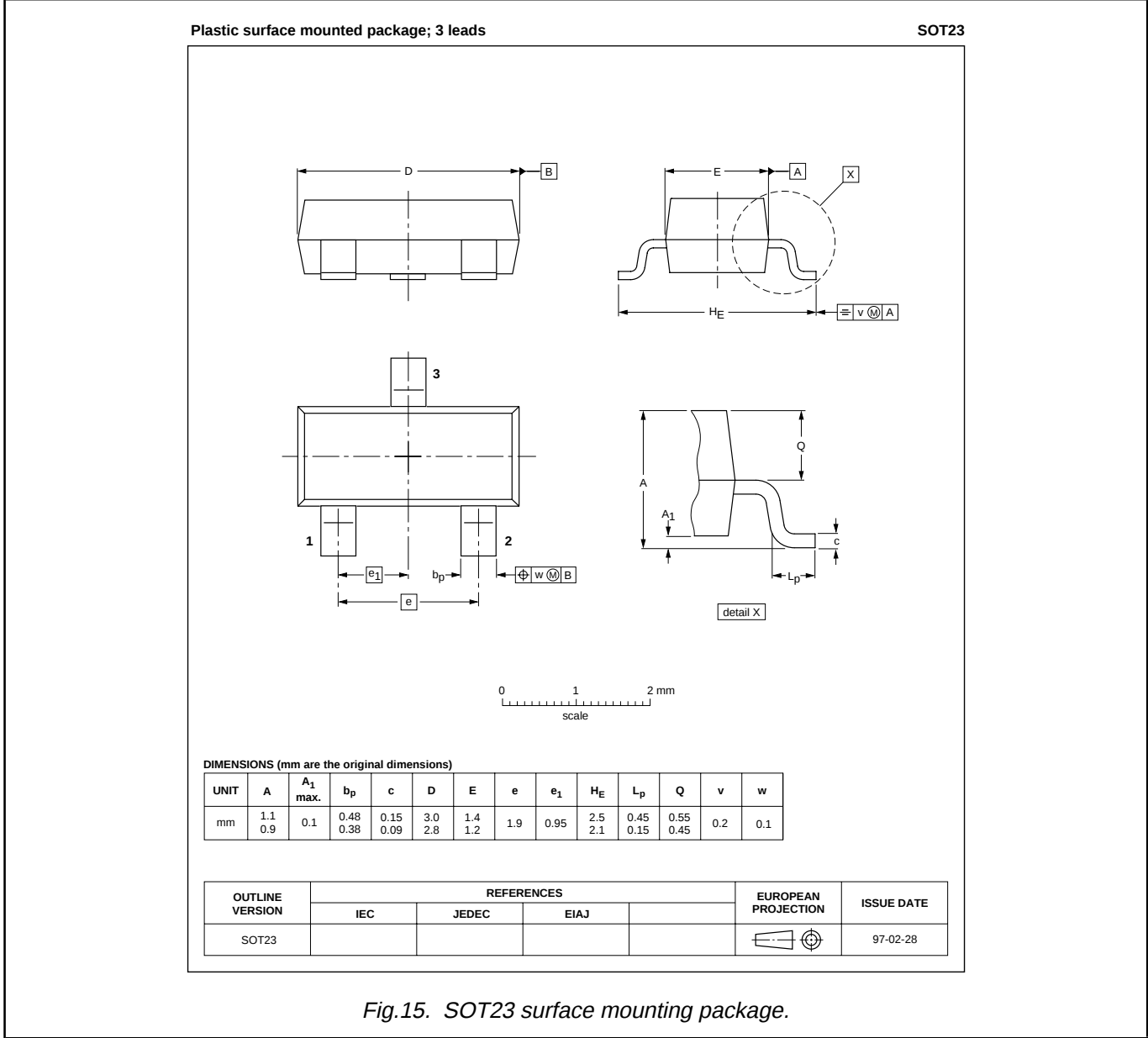


Fig.14. Typical reverse diode current.
 $I_F = f(V_{SDS})$; conditions: $V_{GS} = 0$ V; parameter T_j

N-channel enhancement mode
MOS transistor

BSH105

MECHANICAL DATA



Notes

1. This product is supplied in anti-static packaging. The gate-source input must be protected against static discharge during transport or handling.
2. Refer to SMD Footprint Design and Soldering Guidelines, Data Handbook SC18.
3. Epoxy meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".

**N-channel enhancement mode
MOS transistor**

BSH105

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values are given in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	
© Philips Electronics N.V. 1998	
All rights are reserved. Reproduction in whole or in part is prohibited without the prior written consent of the copyright owner.	
The information presented in this document does not form part of any quotation or contract, it is believed to be accurate and reliable and may be changed without notice. No liability will be accepted by the publisher for any consequence of its use. Publication thereof does not convey nor imply any license under patent or other industrial or intellectual property rights.	

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices or systems where malfunction of these products can be reasonably expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.