

## Description

The AP2145 is integrated high-side power switches optimized for Universal Serial Bus (USB) and other hot-swap applications. The family of devices complies with USB 2.0 and available with active low Enable input. They offer current and thermal limiting and short circuit protection as well as controlled rise time and under-voltage lockout functionality. A 7ms deglitch capability on the open-drain Flag output prevents false over-current reporting and does not require any external components.

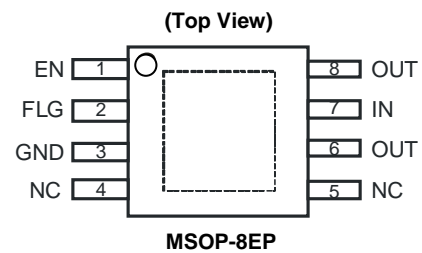
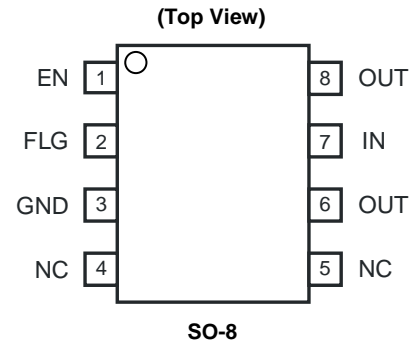
The AP2145 is available in SO-8 and MSOP-8EP packages.

## Features

- Single USB Port Power Switches
- Over-Current and Thermal Protection
- 0.8A Accurate Current Limiting
- Reverse Current Blocking
- 90mΩ On-Resistance
- Input Voltage Range: 2.7V to 5.5V
- 0.6ms Typical Rise Time
- Very Low Shutdown Current: 1μA (Max)
- Fault Report (FLG) with Blanking Time (7ms Typ)
- ESD Protection: 6kV HBM, 400V MM
- Active Low (AP2145) Enable
- Ambient Temperature Range -40°C to +85°C
- SO-8 and MSOP-8EP (Exposed Pad): Available in "Green" Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
- **Lead-Free Finish; RoHS Compliant (Notes 1 & 2)**
- **Halogen and Antimony Free. "Green" Device (Note 3)**
- UL Recognized, File Number E322375
- IEC60950-1 CB Scheme Certified

- Notes:
1. EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS), 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2) & 2015/863/EU (RoHS 3) compliant. All applicable RoHS exemptions applied.
  2. See <https://www.diodes.com/quality/lead-free/> for more information about Diodes Incorporated's definitions of Halogen- and Antimony-free, "Green" and Lead-free.
  3. Halogen- and Antimony-free "Green" products are defined as those which contain <900ppm bromine, <900ppm chlorine (<1500ppm total Br + Cl) and <1000ppm antimony compounds.

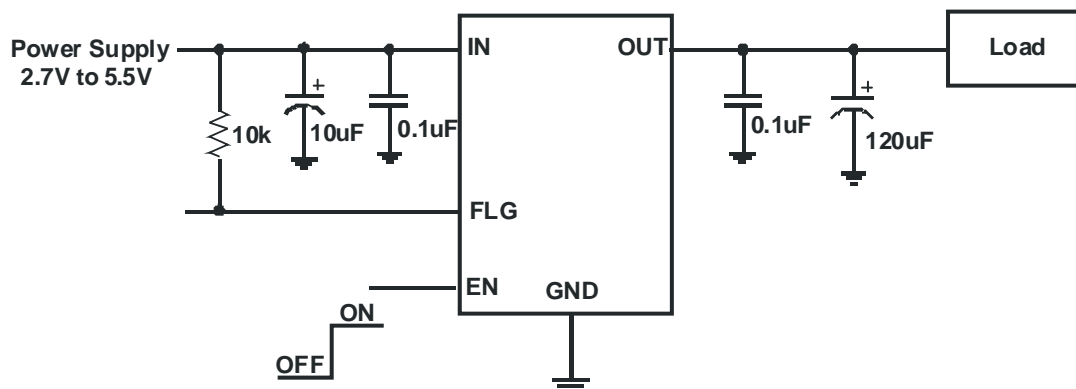
## Pin Assignments



## Applications

- Consumer Electronics – LCD TV & Monitor, Game Machines
- Communications – Set-Top-Box, GPS, Smartphone
- Computing – Laptop, Desktop, Servers, Printers, Docking Station, HUB

## Typical Applications Circuit



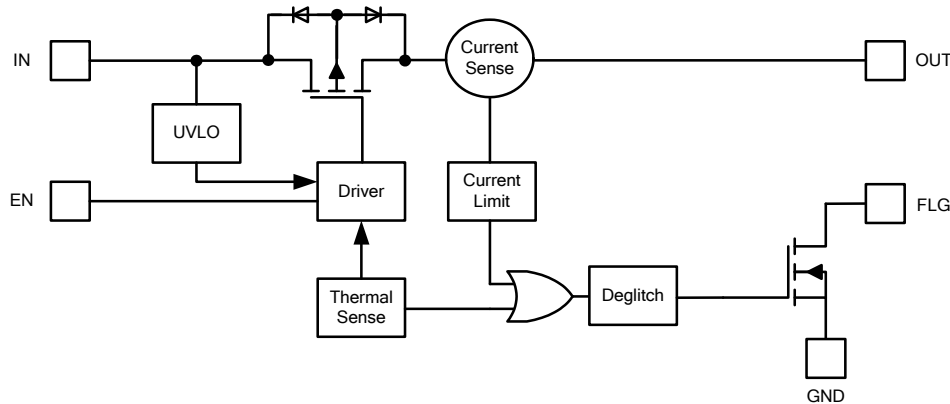
## Available Options

Part Number	Channel	Enable Pin (EN)	Current Limit (Typ)	Recommended Maximum Continuous Load Current
AP2145	1	Active Low	0.8A	0.5A

## Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin Number		Function
	SO-8	MSOP-8EP	
EN	1	1	Enable input, active low (AP2145)
FLG	2	2	Over-current and over-temperature fault report; open-drain flag is active low when triggered.
GND	3	3	Ground
NC	4, 5	4, 5	No internal connection
OUT	6, 8	6, 8	Voltage output pin (all OUT pins must be tied together externally)
IN	7	7	Voltage input pin
Exposed Pad	—	Exposed Pad	Exposed Pad: It should be externally connected to GND plane and thermal mass for enhanced thermal impedance. <b>It should not be used as electrical ground conduction path.</b>

## Functional Block Diagram



## Absolute Maximum Ratings (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Unit
ESD HBM	Human Body Model ESD Protection	6	kV
ESD MM	Machine Model ESD Protection	400	V
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	6.5	V
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> + 0.3	V
V <sub>EN</sub> , V <sub>FLG</sub>	Enable Voltage	6.5	V
I <sub>LOAD</sub>	Maximum Continuous Load Current	Internal Limited	A
T <sub>J(MAX)</sub>	Maximum Junction Temperature	+150	°C
T <sub>ST</sub>	Storage Temperature Range (Note 4)	-65 to +150	°C

**Caution:** Stresses greater than the 'Absolute Maximum Ratings' specified above, may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only; functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions exceeding those indicated in this specification is not implied. Device reliability may be affected by exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time.  
Semiconductor devices are ESD sensitive and may be damaged by exposure to ESD events. Suitable ESD precautions should be taken when handling and transporting these devices.

**Note:** 4. UL Recognized Rating from -30°C to +70°C (Diodes Incorporated qualified T<sub>ST</sub> from -65°C to +150°C).

**Recommended Operating Conditions** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Voltage	2.7	5.5	V
I <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Current	0	500	mA
V <sub>IL</sub>	EN Input Logic Low Voltage	0	0.8	V
V <sub>IH</sub>	EN Input Logic High Voltage	2.0	V <sub>IN</sub>	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	+85	°C

**Electrical Characteristics** (@T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C, V<sub>IN</sub> = +5.0V, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	
V <sub>UVLO</sub>	Input UVLO	R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1kΩ	1.6	1.9	2.5	V	
I <sub>SHDN</sub>	Input Shutdown Current	Disabled, OUT = open	—	0.5	1	μA	
I <sub>Q</sub>	Input Quiescent Current	Enabled, OUT = open	—	45	70	μA	
I <sub>LEAK</sub>	Input Leakage Current	Disabled, OUT grounded	-1	—	1	μA	
I <sub>REV</sub>	Reverse Leakage Current	Disabled, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5V, I <sub>REV</sub> at V <sub>IN</sub>	—	1	—	μA	
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Switch On-Resistance	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5A, -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C	—	90	140	mΩ	
			MSOP-8EP	—	90	140	mΩ
			SO-8	—	95	140	mΩ
		V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V, I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5A, -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C	—	120	160	mΩ	
I <sub>SHORT</sub>	Short-Circuit Current Limit	Enabled into short circuit, C <sub>IN</sub> = 10μF, C <sub>L</sub> = 100μF	—	0.7	—	A	
I <sub>LIMIT</sub>	Over-Load Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> = 5V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 4.5V, C <sub>IN</sub> = 10μF, C <sub>L</sub> = 100μF, -40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C	0.6	0.8	1.0	A	
I <sub>TRIG</sub>	Current Limiting Trigger Threshold	Output Current Slew rate (<100A/s), C <sub>IN</sub> = 10μF, C <sub>L</sub> = 22μF	—	1.0	—	A	
t <sub>SHORT</sub>	Short-Circuit Response Time	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V to I <sub>OUT</sub> = I <sub>LIMIT</sub> (short applied to output), C <sub>L</sub> = 100μF	—	10	—	μs	
V <sub>IL</sub>	EN Input Logic Low Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 5.5V	—	—	0.8	V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	EN Input Logic High Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.7V to 5.5V	2	—	—	V	
I <sub>SINK</sub>	EN Input Leakage	V <sub>EN</sub> = 5V	—	—	1	μA	
I <sub>O-LEAK</sub>	Output Leakage Current	Disabled	—	—	1	μA	
t <sub>D(ON)</sub>	Output Turn-On Delay Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 1μF, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10Ω	—	0.05	—	ms	
t <sub>r</sub>	Output Turn-On Rise Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 1μF, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10Ω	—	0.6	1.5	ms	
t <sub>D(OFF)</sub>	Output Turn-Off Delay Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 1μF, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10Ω	—	0.01	—	ms	
t <sub>f</sub>	Output Turn-Off Fall Time	C <sub>L</sub> = 1μF, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 10Ω	—	0.05	0.1	ms	
R <sub>FLG</sub>	FLG Output FET On-Resistance	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V or 5V, C <sub>IN</sub> = 10μF, I <sub>FLG</sub> = 10mA	—	20	40	Ω	
I <sub>FLG</sub>	FLG Leakage Current	V <sub>FLG</sub> = 5V	—	1	—	μA	
t <sub>BILANK</sub>	FLG Blanking Time	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3.3V or 5V, C <sub>IN</sub> = 10μF, C <sub>L</sub> = 100μF	4	7	15	ms	
T <sub>SHDN</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Threshold	Enabled, R <sub>LOAD</sub> = 1kΩ	—	+135	—	°C	
T <sub>HYS</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	—	—	+25	—	°C	
θ <sub>JA</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient	SO-8 (Note 5)	—	110	—	°C/W	
		MSOP-8EP (Note 6)	—	60	—	°C/W	

- Notes:
5. Test condition for SO-8: Device mounted on FR-4, 2oz copper, with minimum recommended pad layout.
  6. Test condition for MSOP-8EP: Device mounted on 2" x 2" FR-4 substrate PC board, 2oz copper, with minimum recommended pad on top layer and thermal vias to bottom layer ground plane.

**Typical Performance Characteristics**

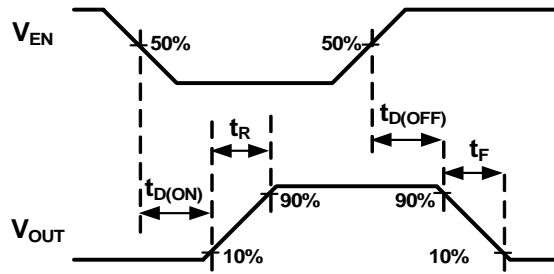
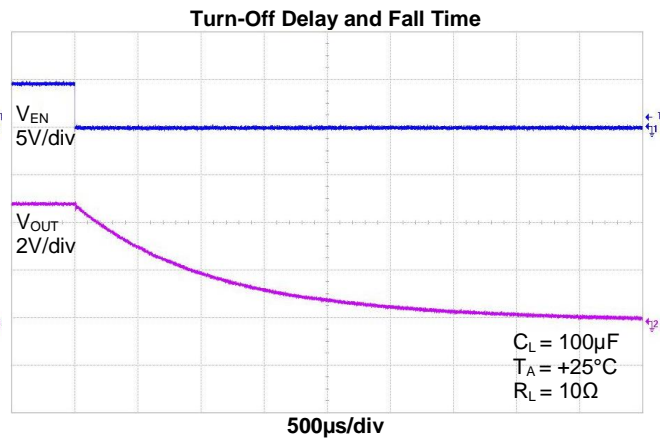
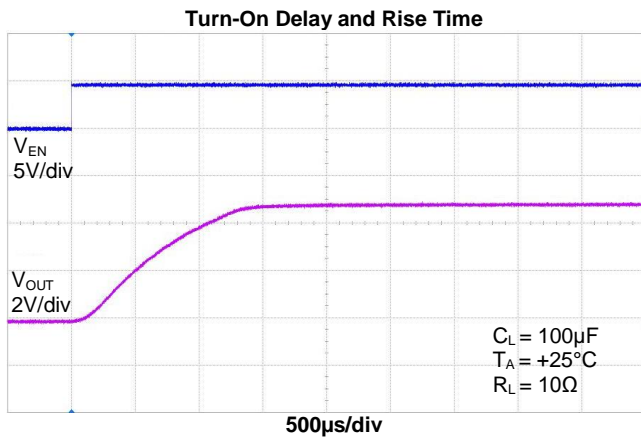
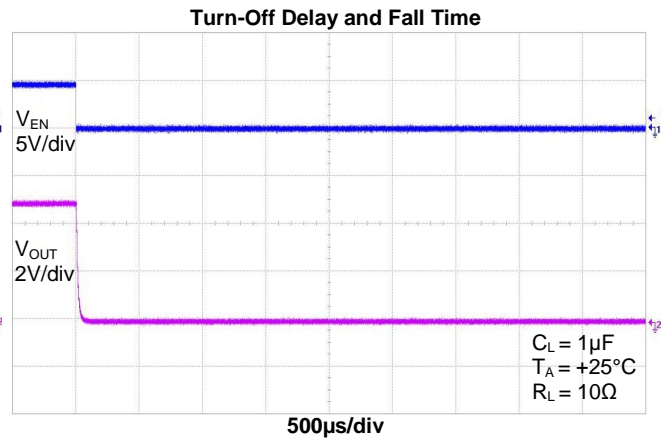
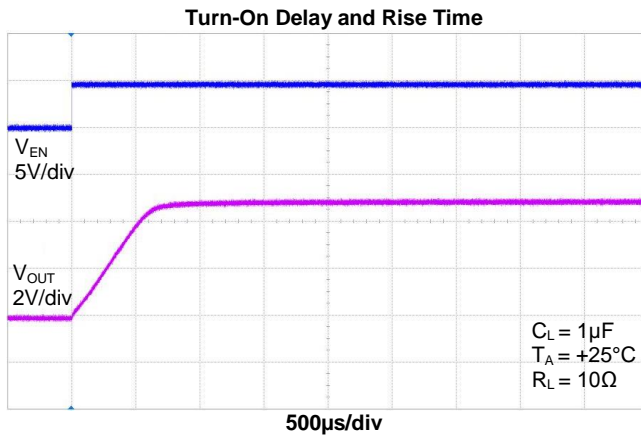


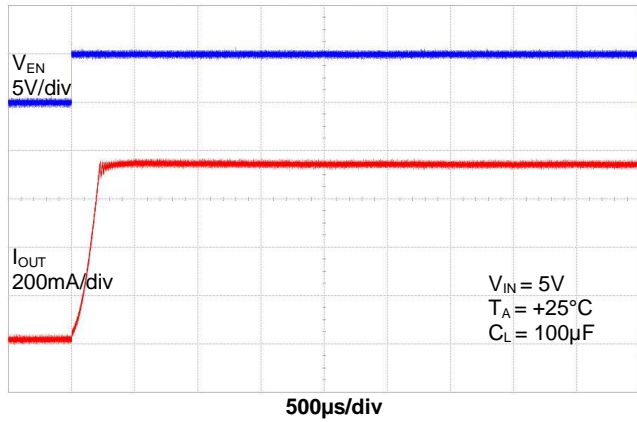
Figure 1. Voltage Waveforms

All Enable Plots are for AP2155 (EOL) Active High

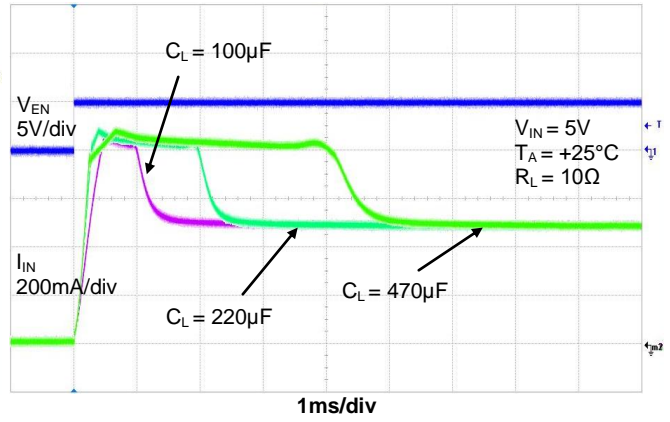


**Typical Performance Characteristics (Cont.)**

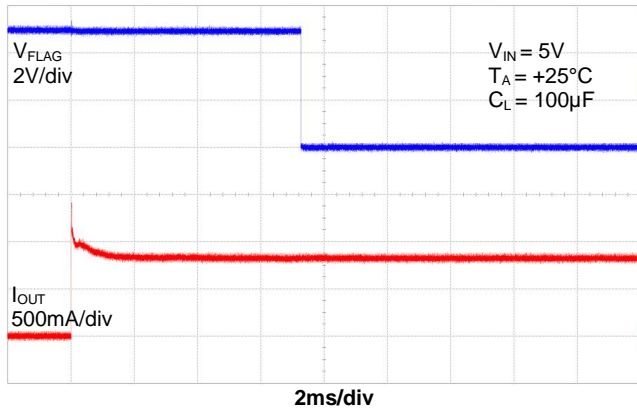
**Short Circuit Current, Device Enabled Into Short**



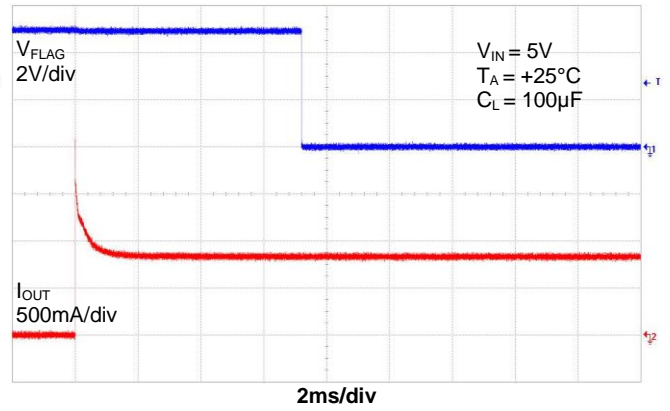
**Inrush Current**



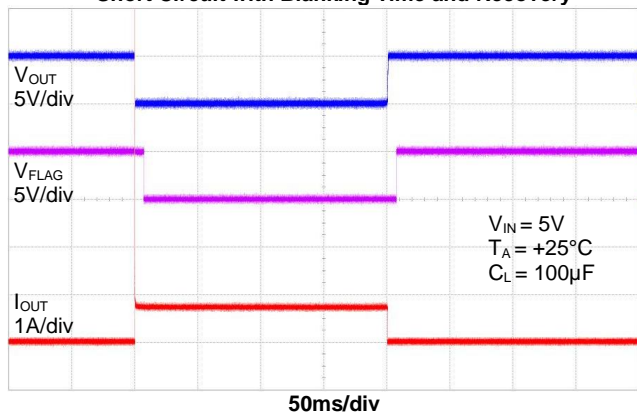
**3 Ω Load Connected to Enabled Device**



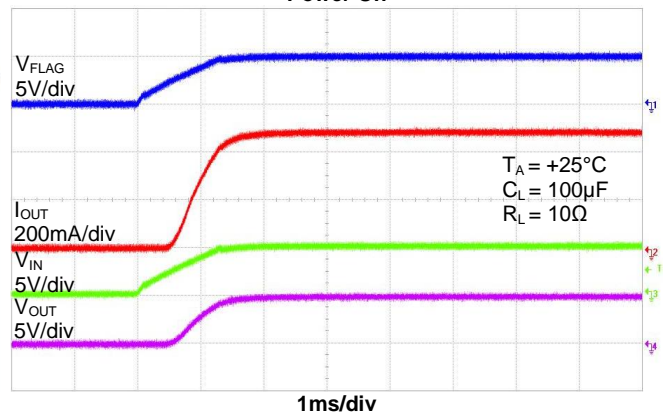
**2 Ω Load Connected to Enabled Device**



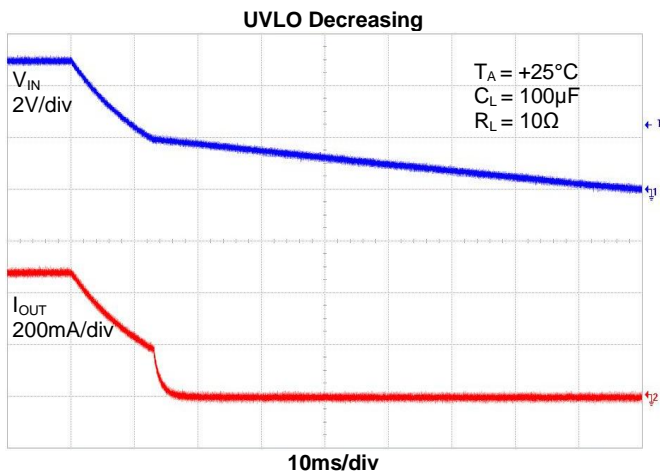
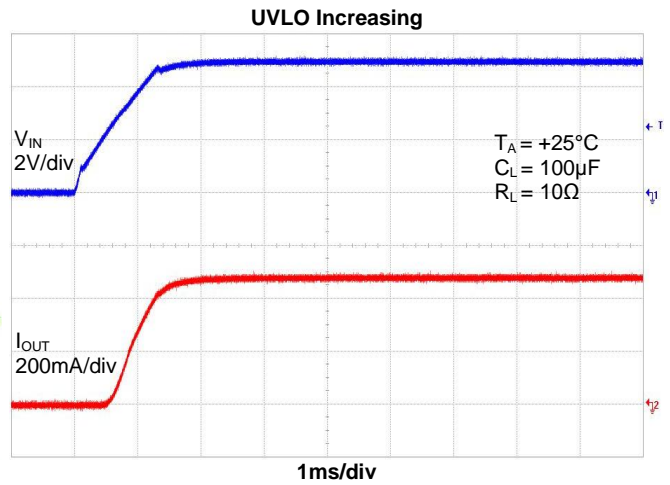
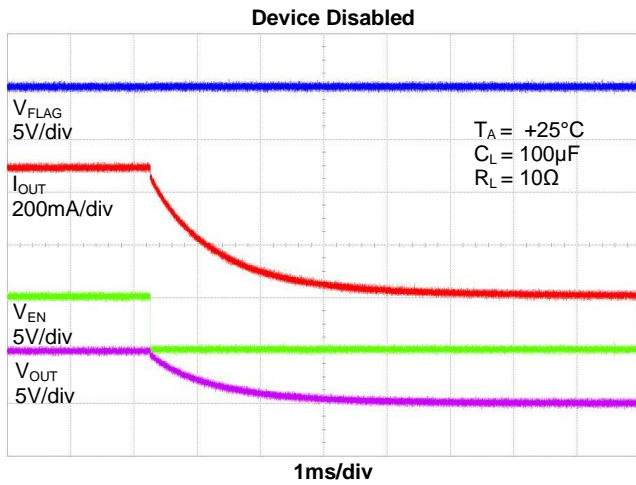
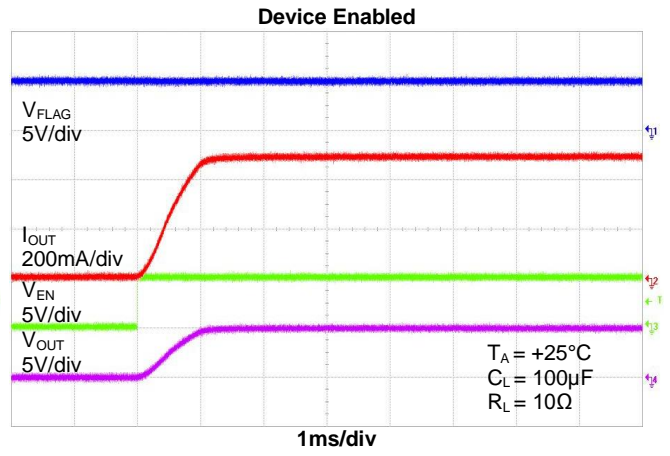
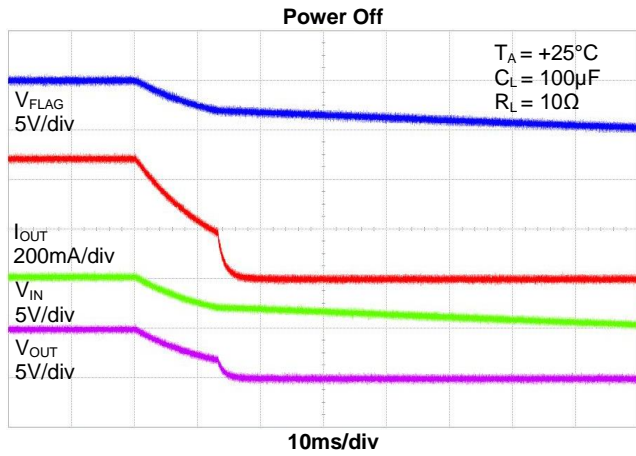
**Short Circuit with Blanking Time and Recovery**



**Power On**

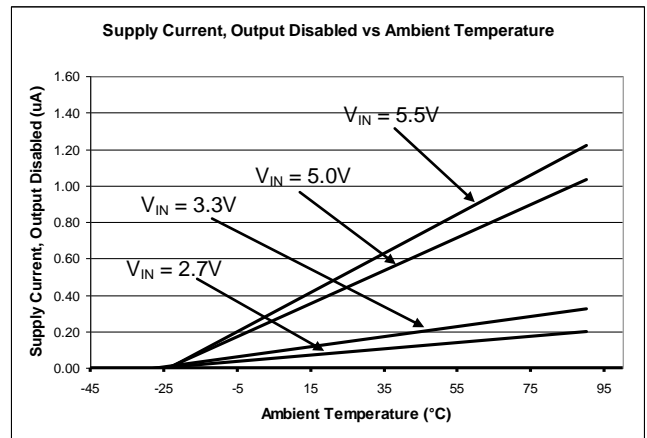
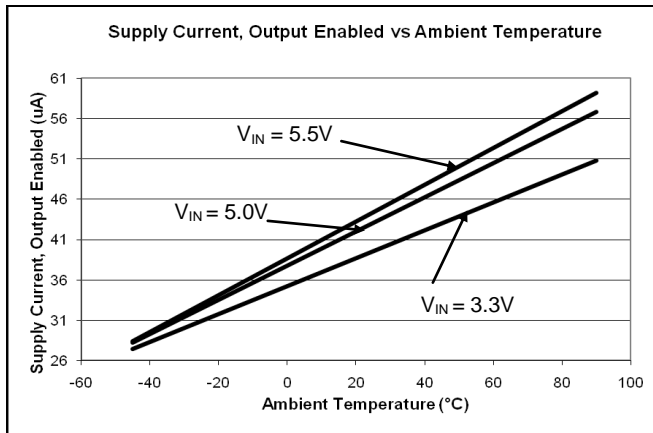
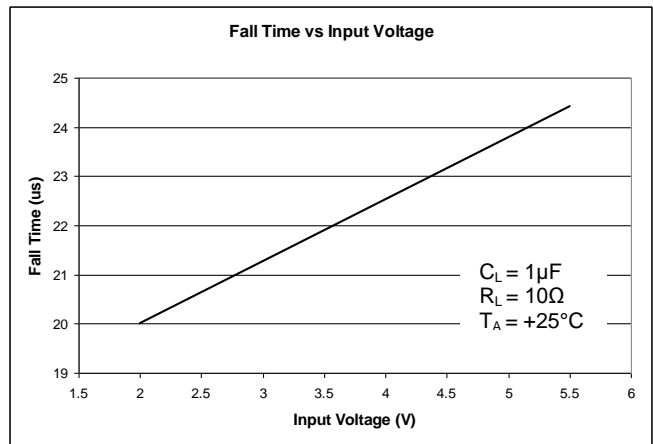
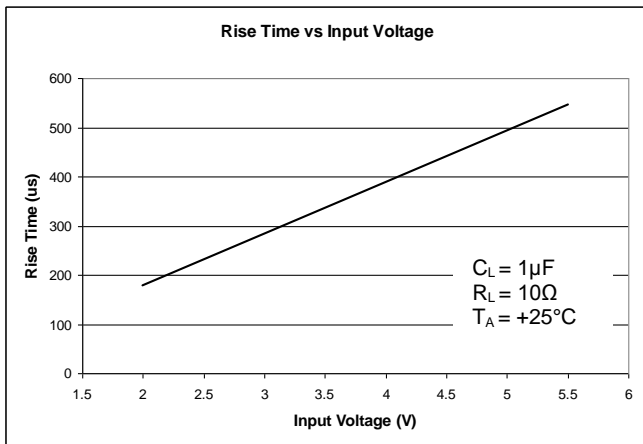
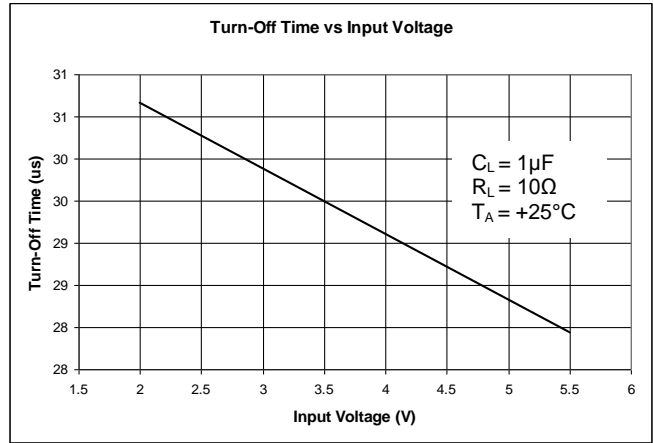
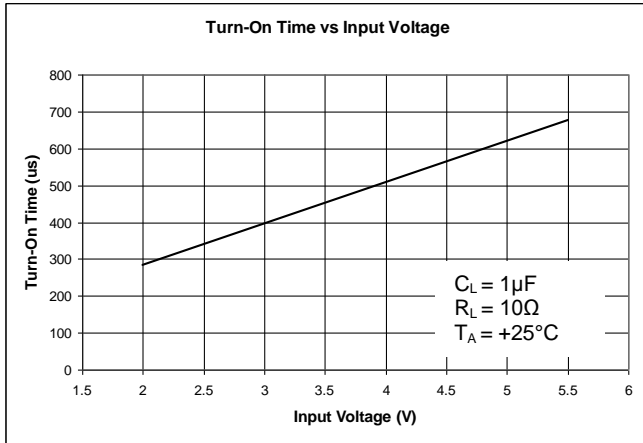


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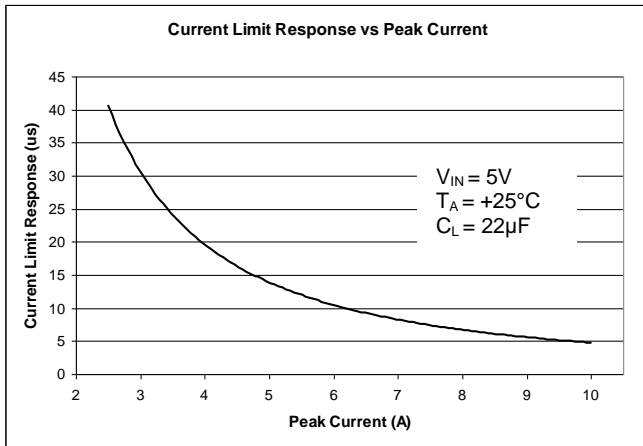
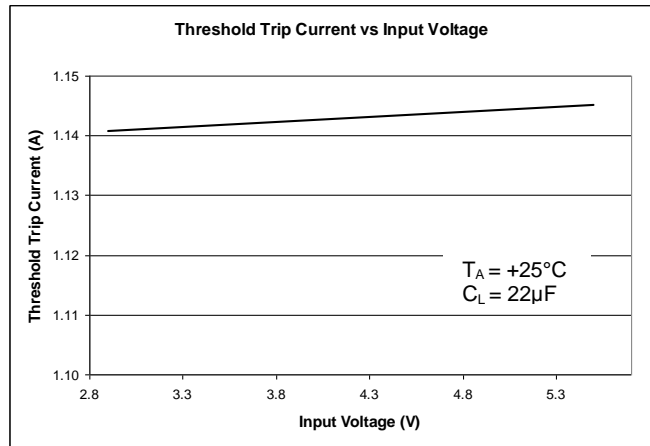
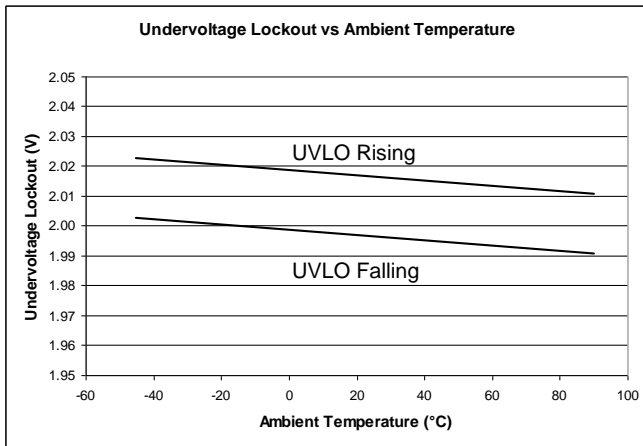
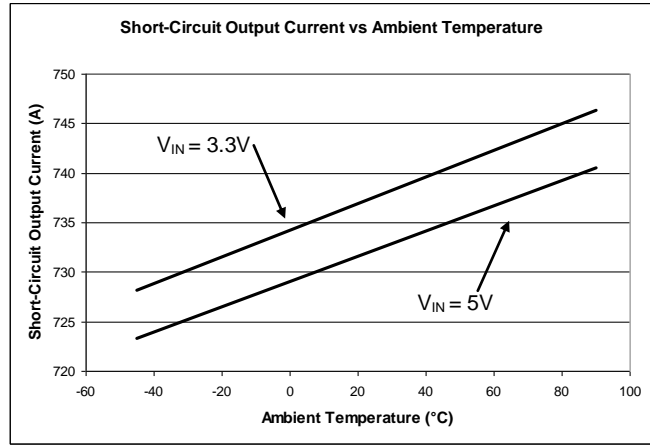
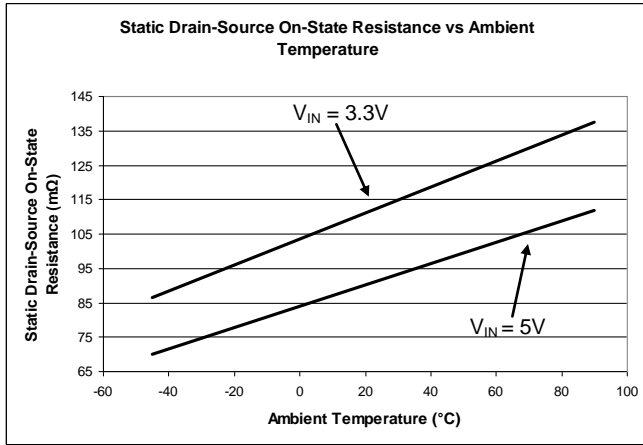




**Typical Performance Characteristics (Cont.)**



**Typical Performance Characteristics (Cont.)**





## Application Information

### Power Supply Considerations

A 0.1µF to 1µF X7R or X5R ceramic bypass capacitor between IN and GND, close to the device, is recommended. Placing a high-value electrolytic capacitor on the input and output pin(s) is recommended when the output load is heavy. This precaution reduces power-supply transients that may cause ringing on the input. Additionally, bypassing the output with a 0.01µF to 0.1µF ceramic capacitor improves the immunity of the device to short-circuit transients.

### Over-Current and Short Circuit Protection

An internal sensing FET is employed to check for over-current conditions. Unlike current-sense resistors, sense FETs do not increase the series resistance of the current path. When an overcurrent condition is detected, the device maintains a constant output current and reduces the output voltage accordingly. Complete shutdown occurs only if the fault stays long enough to activate thermal limiting.

Three possible overload conditions can occur. In the first condition, the output has been shorted to GND before the device is enabled or before  $V_{IN}$  has been applied. The AP2145 senses the short circuit and immediately clamps output current to a certain safe level namely  $I_{LIMIT}$ .

In the second condition, an output short or an overload occurs while the device is enabled. At the instance the overload occurs, higher current may flow for a very short period of time before the current limit function can react. After the current limit function has tripped (reached the over-current trip threshold), the device switches into current limiting mode and the current is clamped at  $I_{LIMIT}$ .

In the third condition, the load has been gradually increased beyond the recommended operating current. The current is permitted to rise until the current-limit threshold ( $I_{TRIG}$ ) is reached or until the thermal limit of the device is exceeded. The AP2145 is capable of delivering current up to the current-limit threshold without damaging the device. Once the threshold has been reached, the device switches into its current limiting mode and is set at  $I_{LIMIT}$ .

To protect against short circuit to GND at extremely low temperature ( $< -30^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), a minimum 120µF electrolytic capacitor on the output pin is recommended. A correct capacitor type with capacitor voltage rating and temperature characteristics must be properly chosen so that capacitance value does not drop too low at the extremely low temperature operation. A recommended capacitor should have temperature characteristics of less than 10% variation of capacitance change when operated at extremely low temp. Our recommended aluminum electrolytic capacitor type is Panasonic FC series.

### FLG Response

When an over-current or over-temperature shutdown condition is encountered, the FLG open-drain output goes active low after a nominal 7ms deglitch timeout. The FLG output remains low until both over-current and over-temperature conditions are removed. Connecting a heavy capacitive load to the output of the device can cause a momentary over-current condition, which does not trigger the FLG due to the 7ms deglitch timeout. The AP2145 is designed to eliminate false over-current reporting without the need of external components to remove unwanted pulses.

### Power Dissipation and Junction Temperature

The low on-resistance of the internal MOSFET allows the small surface-mount packages to pass large current. Using the maximum operating ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) and  $R_{DS(ON)}$ , the power dissipation can be calculated by:

$$P_D = R_{DS(ON)} \times I^2$$

Finally, calculate the junction temperature:

$$T_J = P_D \times R_{\theta JA} + T_A$$

Where:

$T_A$  = Ambient temperature  $^{\circ}\text{C}$

$R_{\theta JA}$  = Thermal resistance

$P_D$  = Total power dissipation

### Thermal Protection

Thermal protection prevents the IC from damage when heavy-overload or short-circuit faults are present for extended periods of time. The AP2145 implements a thermal sensing to monitor the operating junction temperature of the power distribution switch. Once the die temperature rises to approximately  $+140^{\circ}\text{C}$  due to excessive power dissipation in an over-current or short-circuit condition the internal thermal sense circuitry turns the power switch off, thus preventing the power switch from damage. Hysteresis is built into the thermal sense circuit allowing the device to cool down approximately  $+25^{\circ}\text{C}$  before the switch turns back on. The switch continues to cycle in this manner until the load fault or input power is removed. The FLG open-drain output is asserted when an over-temperature shutdown or over-current occurs with 7ms deglitch.

**Application Information** (Cont.)

**Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO)**

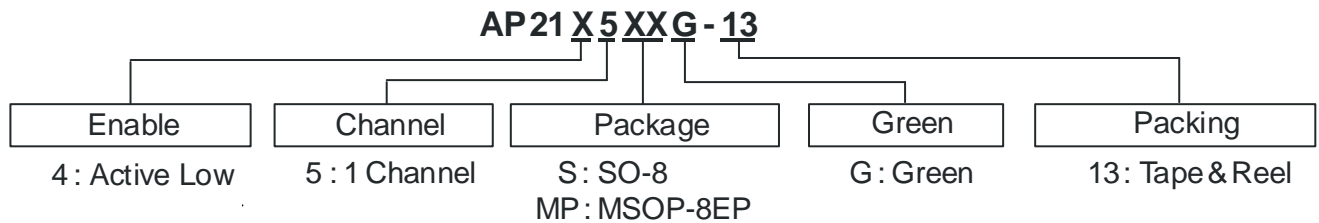
Under-voltage lockout function (UVLO) keeps the internal power switch from being turned on until the power supply has reached at least 1.9V, even if the switch is enabled. Whenever the input voltage falls below approximately 1.9V, the power switch is quickly turned off. This facilitates the design of hot-insertion systems where it is not possible to turn off the power switch before input power is removed.

**Generic Hot-Plug Applications**

In many applications it may be necessary to remove modules or pc boards while the main unit is still operating. These are considered hot-plug applications. Such implementations require the control of current surges seen by the main power supply and the card being inserted. The most effective way to control these surges is to limit and slowly ramp the current and voltage being applied to the card, similar to the way in which a power supply normally turns on. Due to the controlled rise times and fall times of the AP2145, these devices can be used to provide a softer start-up to devices being hot-plugged into a powered system. The UVLO feature of the AP2145 also ensures that the switch is off after the card has been removed, and that the switch is off during the next insertion.

By placing the AP2145 between the V<sub>CC</sub> input and the rest of the circuitry, the input power reaches these devices first after insertion. The typical rise time of the switch is approximately 1ms, providing a slow voltage ramp at the output of the device. This implementation controls system surge current and provides a hot-plugging mechanism for any device.

**Ordering Information**

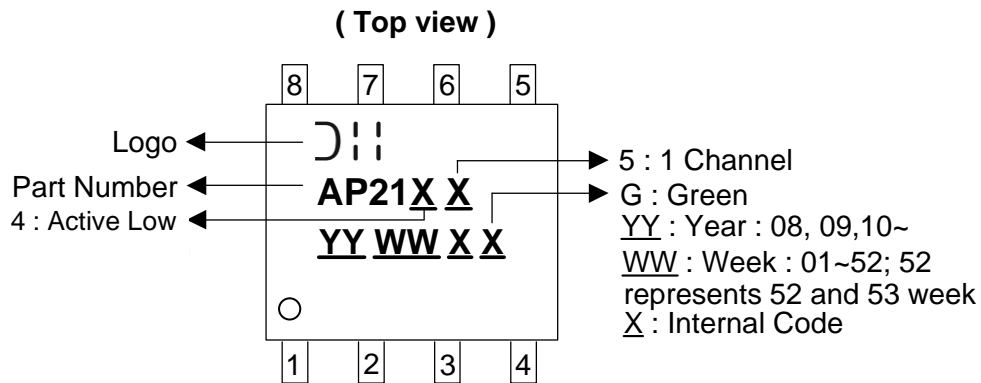


Part Number	Package (Note 8)	Package Code	13" Tape and Reel Quantity	Status (Note 7)
AP2145SG-13	SO-8	S	2500	In Production
AP2145MPG-13	MSOP-8EP	MP	2500	In Production

Notes: 7. AP2155SG-13 and AP2155MPG-13 (Enable Active High) are End of Life and recommended alternatives are AP2145SG-13 and AP2145MPG-13.  
8. For packaging details, go to our website at: <https://www.diodes.com/design/support/packaging/diodes-packaging/>.

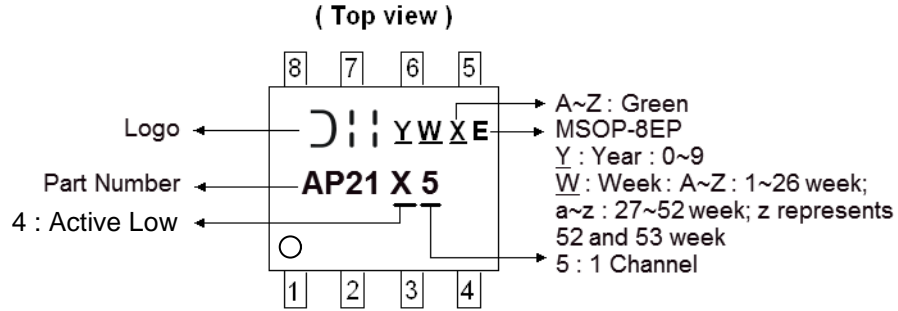
**Marking Information**

(1) SO-8



**Marking Information (Cont.)**

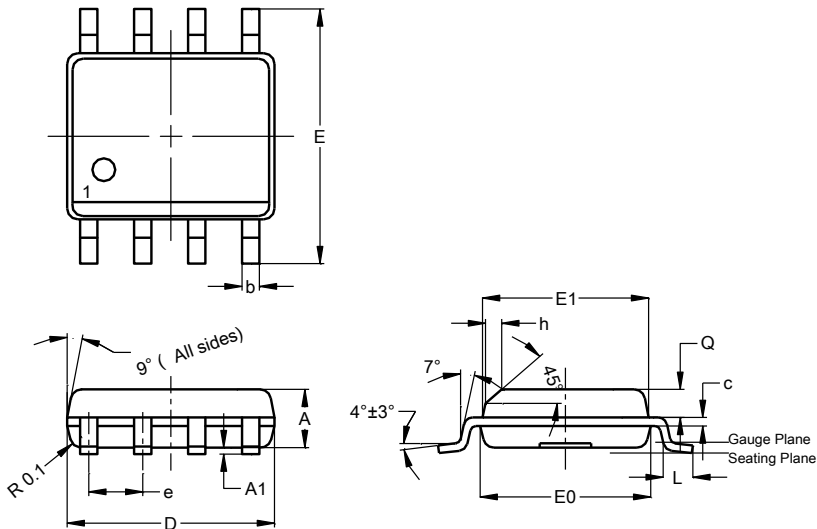
(2) MSOP-8EP



**Package Outline Dimensions**

Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

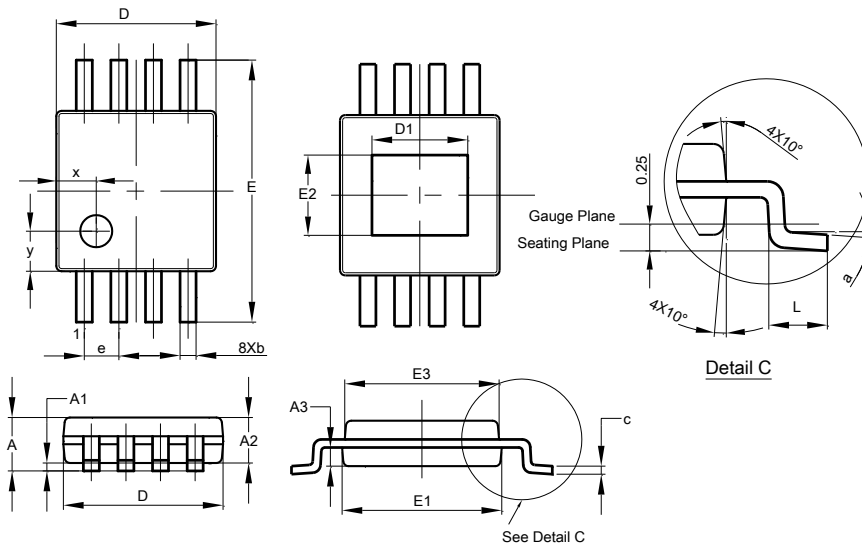
(1) Package Type: SO-8



SO-8			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
A	1.40	1.50	1.45
A1	0.10	0.20	0.15
b	0.30	0.50	0.40
c	0.15	0.25	0.20
D	4.85	4.95	4.90
E	5.90	6.10	6.00
E1	3.80	3.90	3.85
E0	3.85	3.95	3.90
e	--	--	1.27
h	-	--	0.35
L	0.62	0.82	0.72
Q	0.60	0.70	0.65

All Dimensions in mm

(2) Package Type: MSOP-8EP



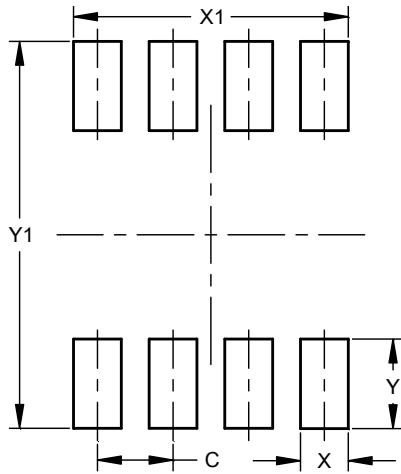
MSOP-8EP			
Dim	Min	Max	Typ
A	-	1.10	-
A1	0.05	0.15	0.10
A2	0.75	0.95	0.86
A3	0.29	0.49	0.39
b	0.22	0.38	0.30
c	0.08	0.23	0.15
D	2.90	3.10	3.00
D1	1.60	2.00	1.80
E	4.70	5.10	4.90
E1	2.90	3.10	3.00
E2	1.30	1.70	1.50
E3	2.85	3.05	2.95
e	-	-	0.65
L	0.40	0.80	0.60
a	0°	8°	4°
x	-	-	0.750
y	-	-	0.750

All Dimensions in mm

**Suggested Pad Layout**

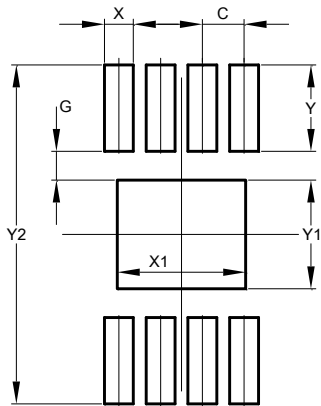
Please see <http://www.diodes.com/package-outlines.html> for the latest version.

**(1) Package Type: SO-8**



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
C	1.27
X	0.802
X1	4.612
Y	1.505
Y1	6.50

**(2) Package Type: MSOP-8EP**



Dimensions	Value (in mm)
C	0.650
G	0.450
X	0.450
X1	2.000
Y	1.350
Y1	1.700
Y2	5.300

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