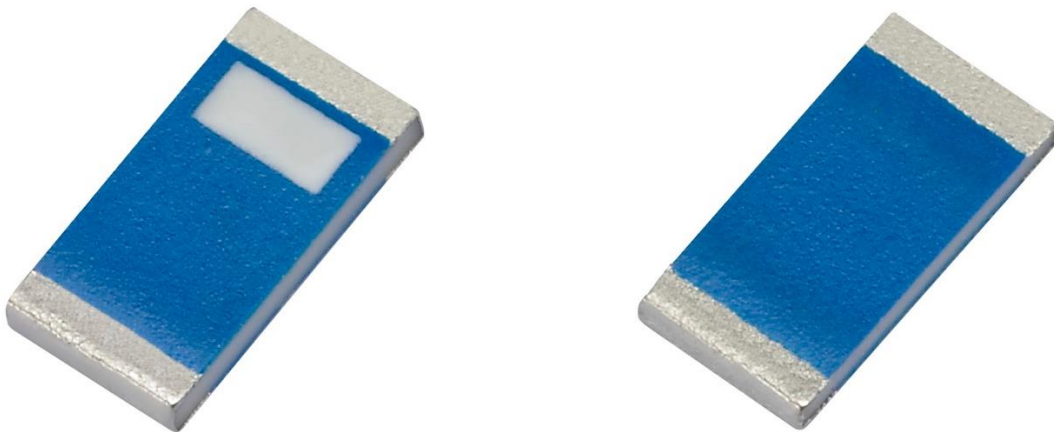


## SPECIFICATION

Part No.	: <b>WLA.10</b>
Description	: Wi-Fi Dual Band 2.4GHz/5.8GHz Chip Antenna
Features	: 3.2mm *1.6mm * 0.5mm High Efficiency Dual-band Wi-Fi 2.4/5.8GHz Low profile Compact Size Surface-Mount RoHS compliant



## 1. Introduction

The WLA.10 2.4 / 5.8 GHz Loop antenna is a high efficiency, miniature SMD, edge mounted ceramic antenna for Dual-band 2.4 /5.8 GHz Wi-Fi and 802.11 applications where PCB space is limited, such as hand-held devices. The WLA.10 uses the main PCB as its ground plane, thereby maintaining good efficiency despite its small size. The efficiency is very stable on the complete bandwidth of both lower and upper bands allowing for maximum data throughput rates on all channels available.

The WLA.10 can be tuned for different PCB sizes/environments by simply changing the values of the matching circuit. Multiple WLA.10 antennas can be integrated easily on a board to achieve excellent MIMO throughput.

At 3.2mm\*1.6mm\*0.5mm, the WLA.10 is one of the smallest antennas available worldwide. This antenna is delivered on tape and reel.

### Typical application

- Dual-band Wi-Fi Communications
- Handheld Devices
- IEEE 802.11 b/g/n/ac
- Tablet PCs
- Specialized Control Systems
- Wireless Remote Controls



The results below are based on a 80mm x 40mm ground-plane. If your ground-plane is smaller the efficiency will decrease. Contact a Taoglas regional office near you for optimization services.

Many module manufacturers specify peak gain limits for any antennas that are to be connected to that module. Those peak gain limits are based on free-space conditions. In practice, the peak gain of an antenna tested in free-space can degrade by at least 1 or 2 dBi when put inside a device. So ideally you should go for a slightly higher peak gain antenna than mentioned on the module specification to compensate for this effect, giving you better performance.

Upon testing of any of our antennas with your device and a selection of appropriate layout, integration technique, or cable, Taoglas can make sure any of our antennas' peak gain will be below the peak gain limits. Taoglas can then issue a specification and/or report for the selected antenna in your device that will clearly show it complying with the peak gain limits, so you can be assured you are meeting regulatory requirements for that module.

For example, a module manufacturer may state that the antenna must have less than 2 dBi peak gain, but you don't need to select an embedded antenna that has a peak gain of less than 2 dBi in free-space. This will give you a less optimized solution. It is better to go for a slightly higher free-space peak gain of 3 dBi or more if available. Once that antenna gets integrated into your device, performance will degrade below this 2 dBi peak gain due to the effects of GND plane, surrounding components, and device housing. If



you want to be absolutely sure, contact Taoglas and we will test.

Choosing a Taoglas antenna with a higher peak gain than what is specified by the module manufacturer and enlisting our help will ensure you are getting the best performance possible without exceeding the peak gain limits.

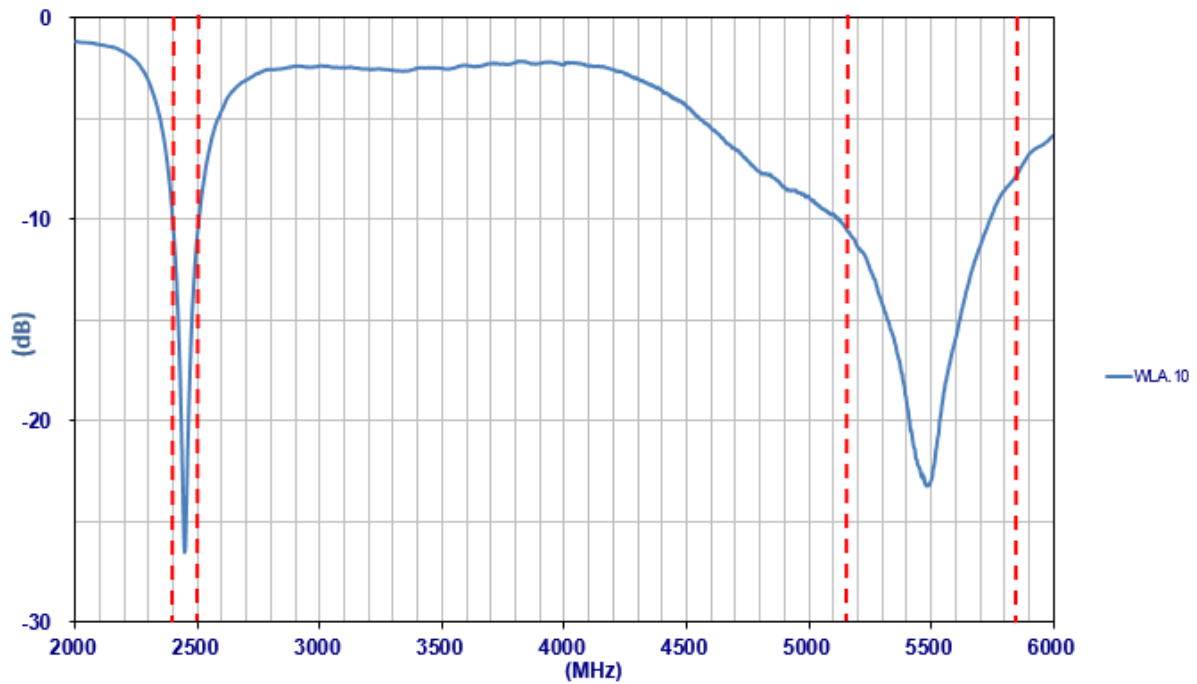
## 2. Specification

ELECTRICAL		
Frequency (MHz)	2400-2500	5150-5850
Bandwidth (MHz)	100 (RL<-10)	1332 (RL<-6)
Peak Gain (dBi)	1.25	2.17
Efficiency (%)	66.40	59.68
Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	50	50
Polarization	Linear	Linear
Maximum Input Power	2W	
MECHANICAL		
Dimensions (mm)	3.2 x 1.6 x 0.5	
Ground plane (mm)	80 x 40 (Standard Evaluation Board)	
Weight (g)	0.02	
ENVIRONMENTAL		
Storage Temperature	-25°C to 85°C	
Operation Temperature	-40°C to 85°C	
Relative Humidity	20% to 70%	

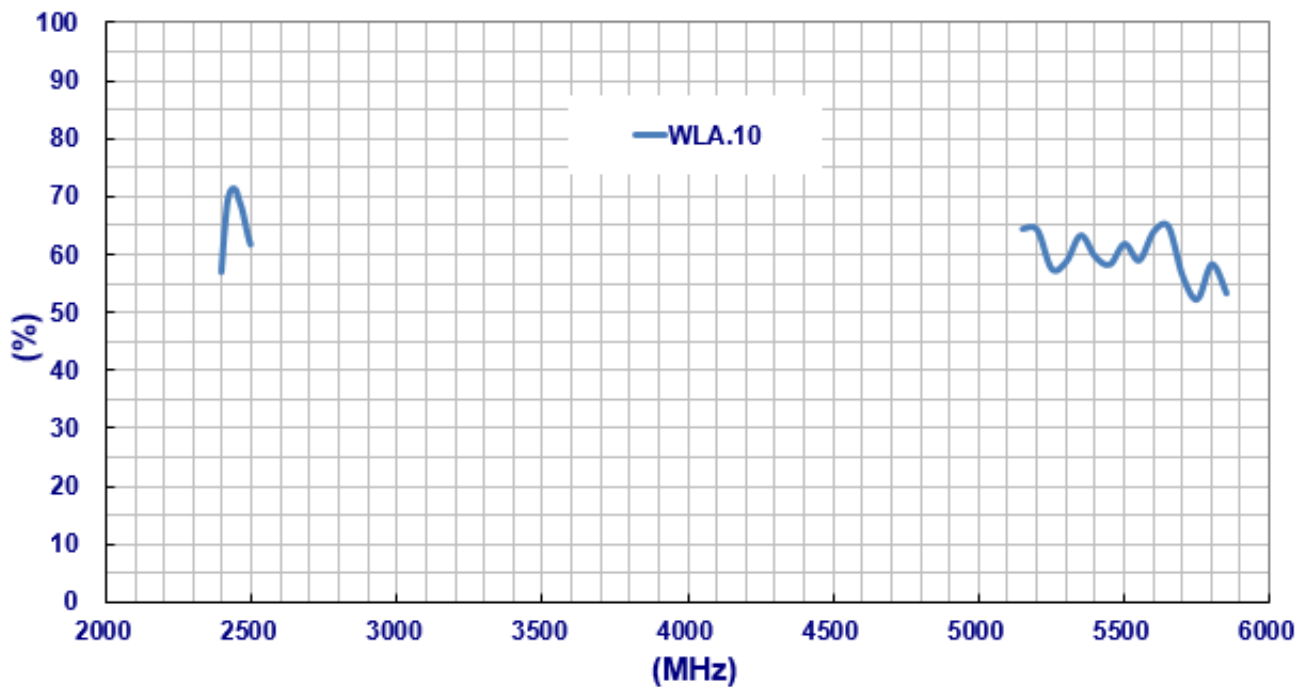
\*Tested on 80mm\*40mm evaluation board.

### 3. Antenna Characteristics

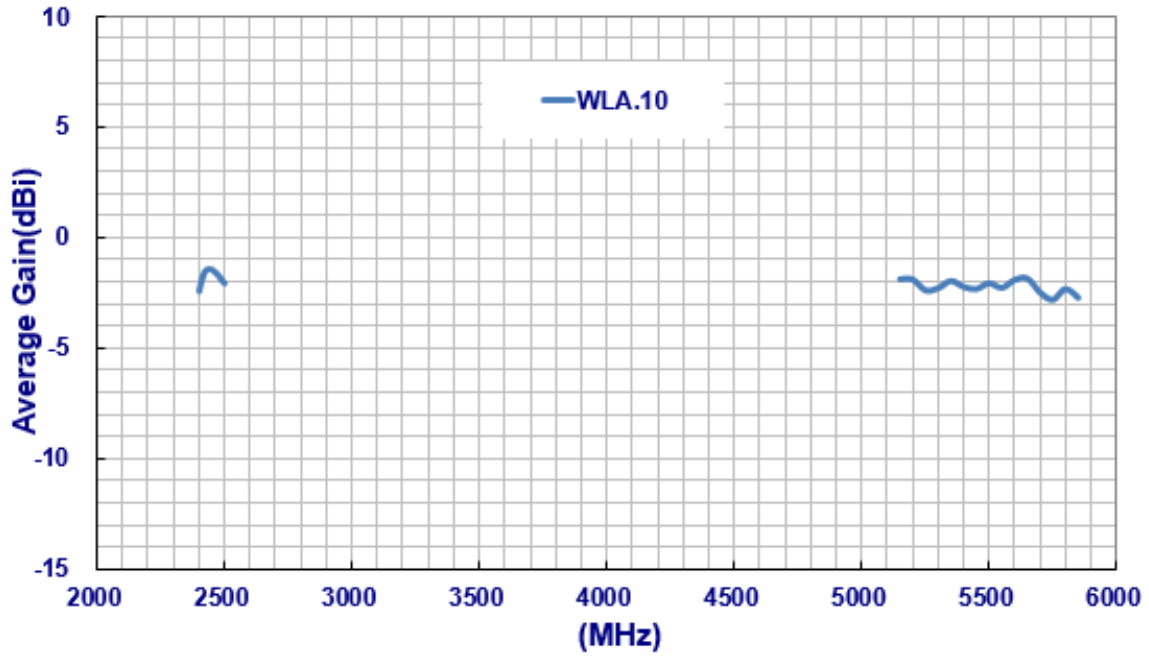
#### 3.1. Return Loss



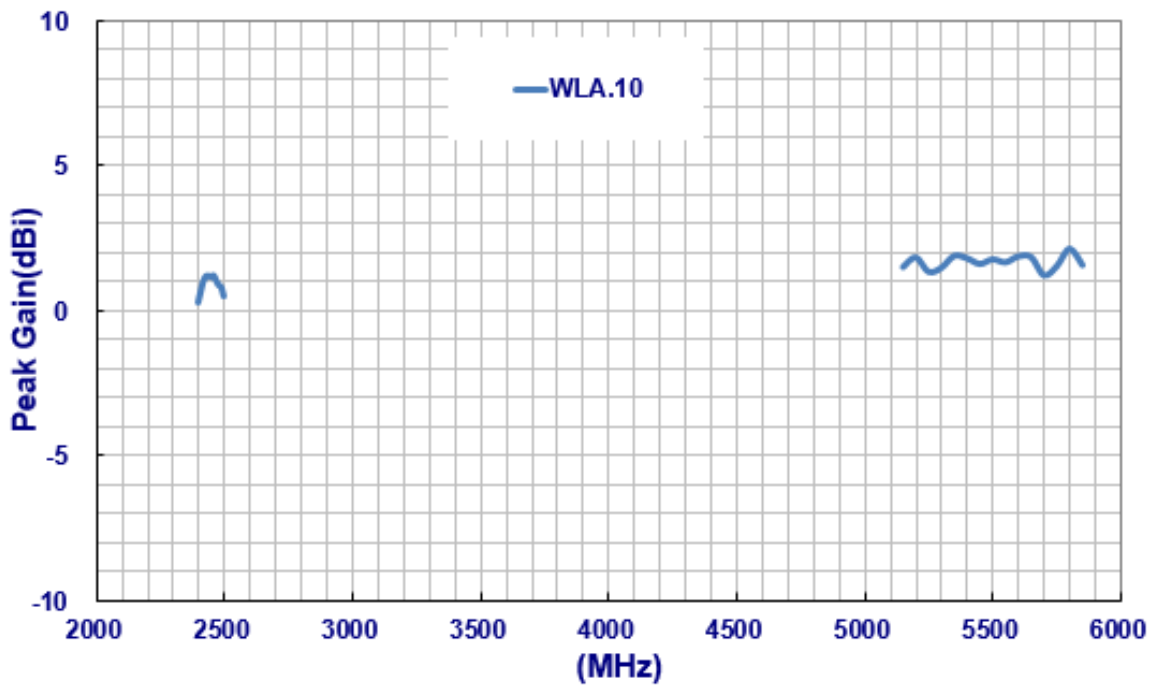
#### 3.2. Efficiency



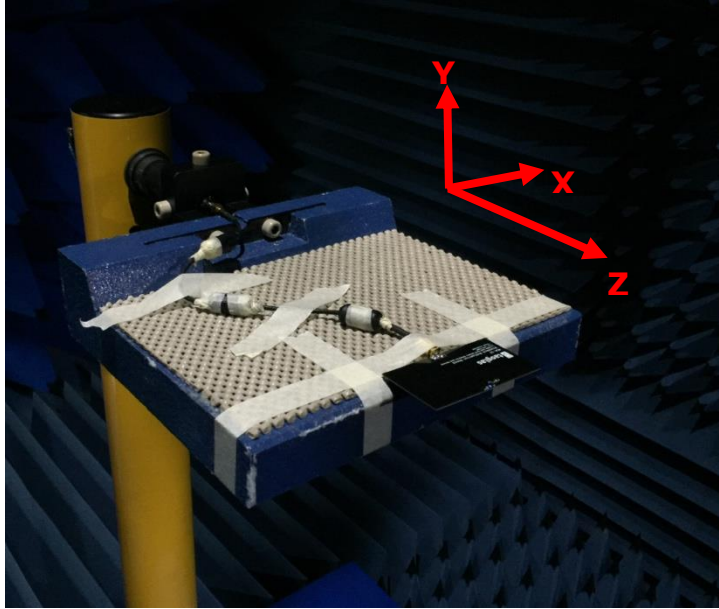
### 3.3. Average Gain



### 3.4. Peak Gain



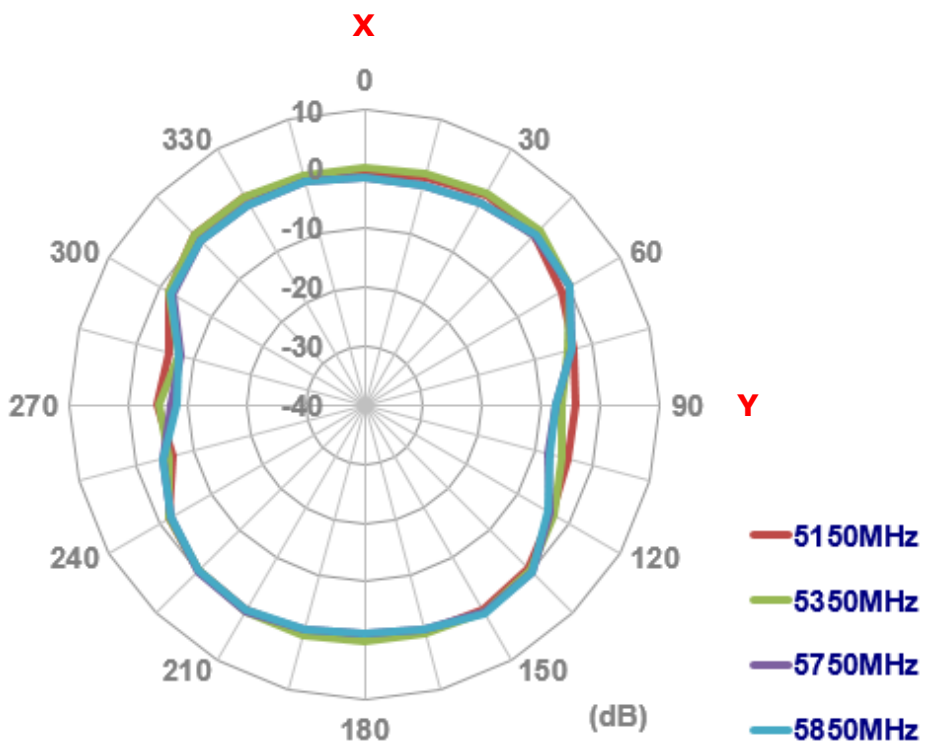
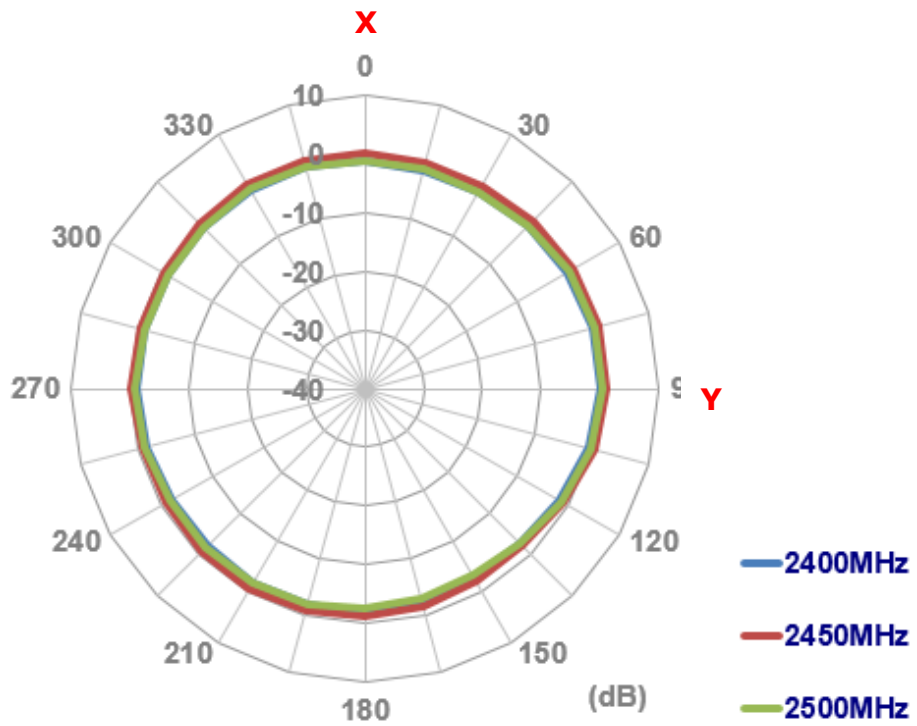
## 4. Antenna Radiation Pattern



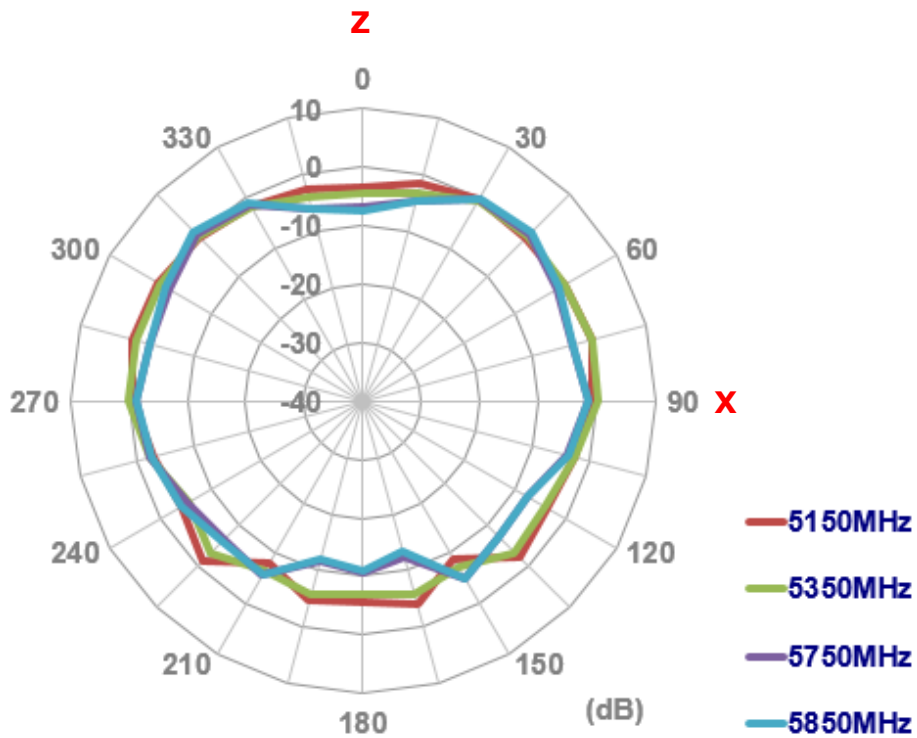
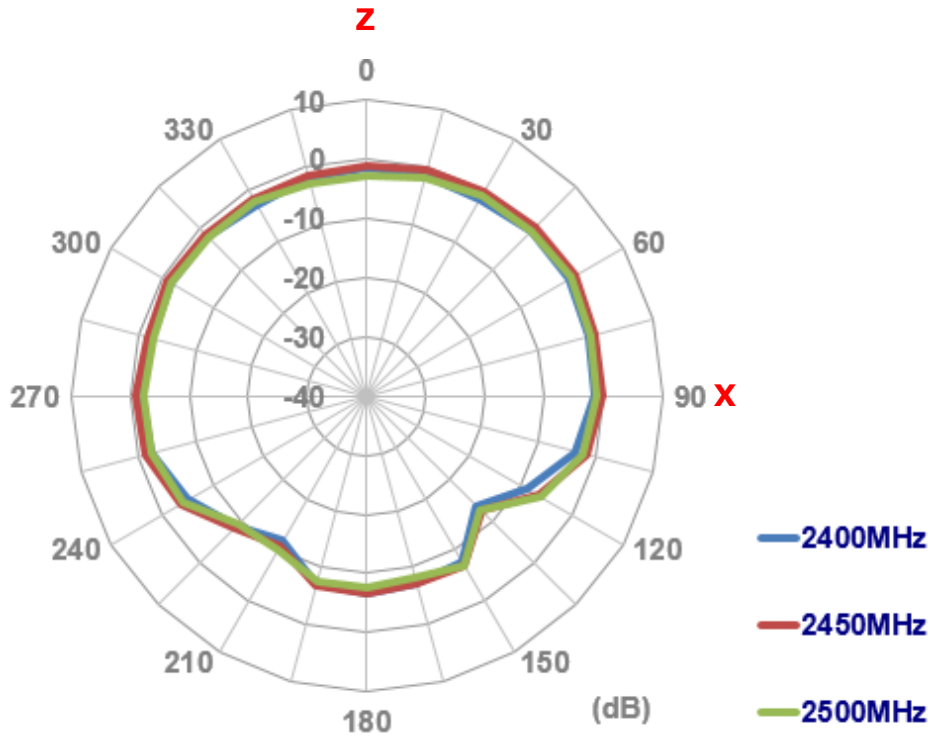


### 4.1. 2D Radiation Pattern

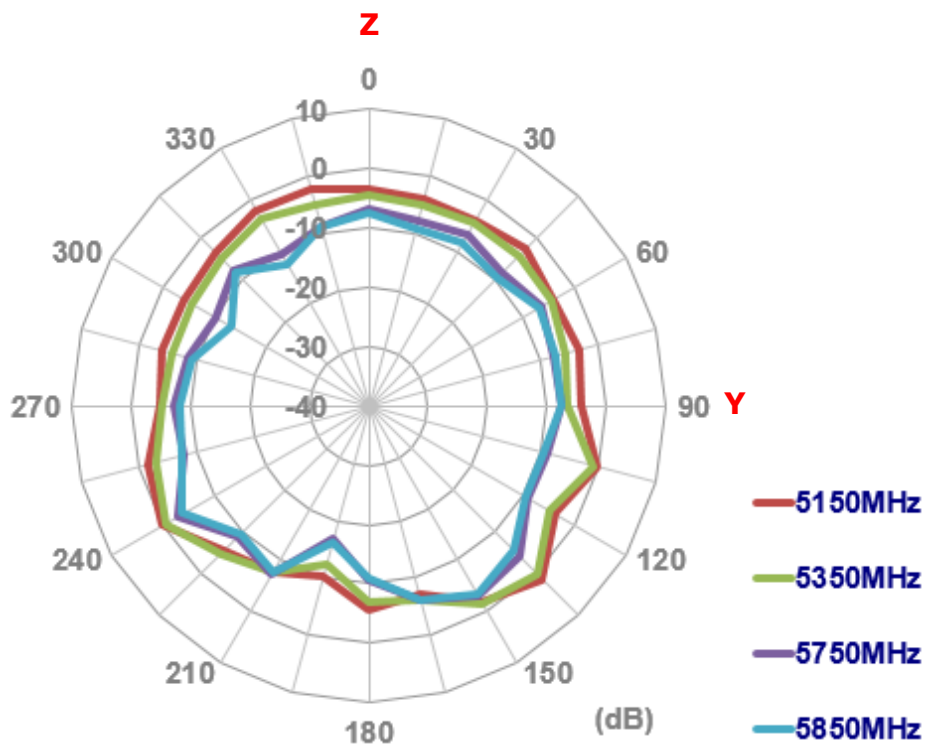
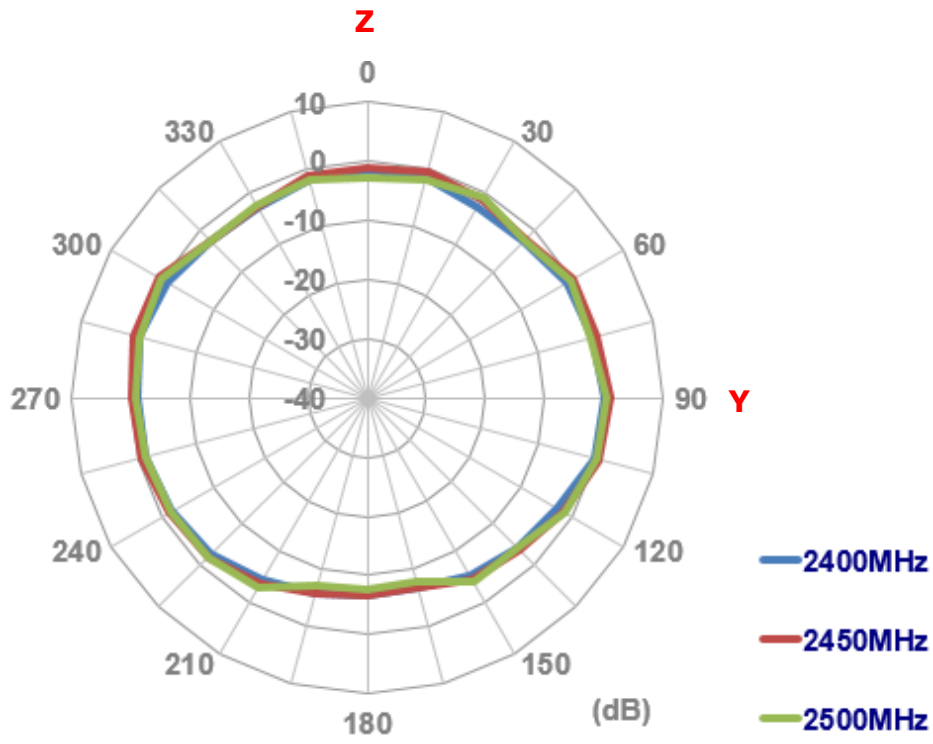
XY Plane



XZ Plane

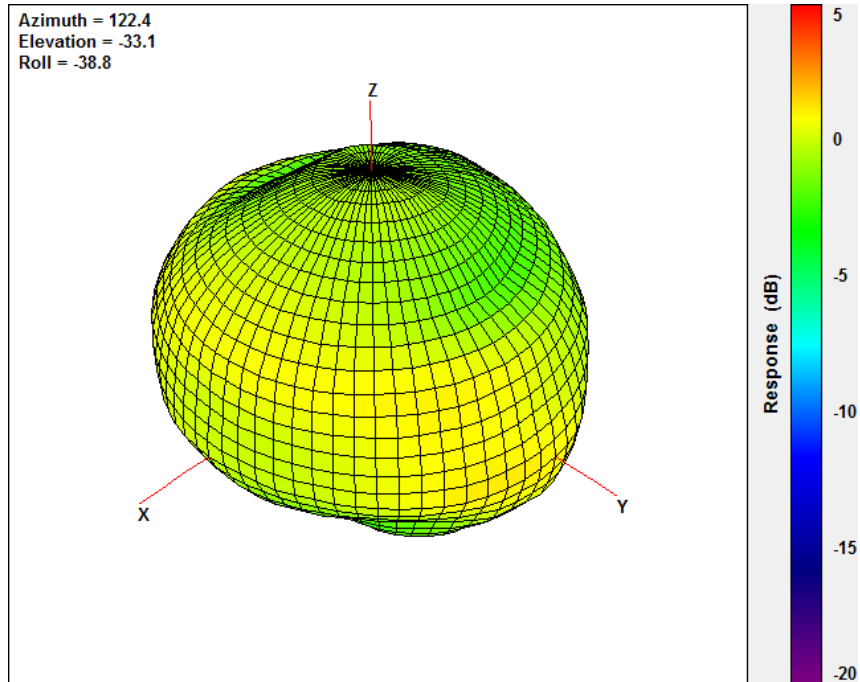


YZ Plane

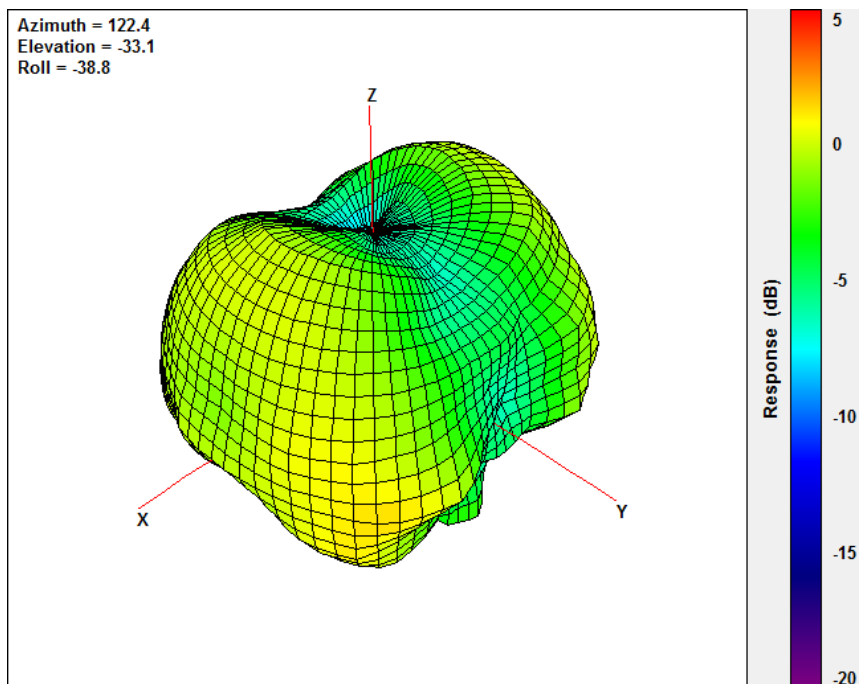


## 4.2. 3D Radiation Pattern

- 2450MHz



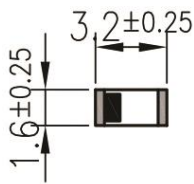
- 5550MHz



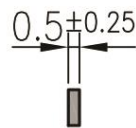
## 5. Mechanical Drawing (Unit: mm)

### 5.1. WLA.10

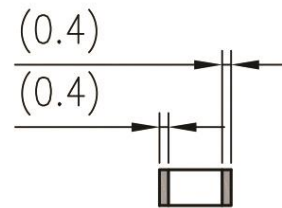
Front View



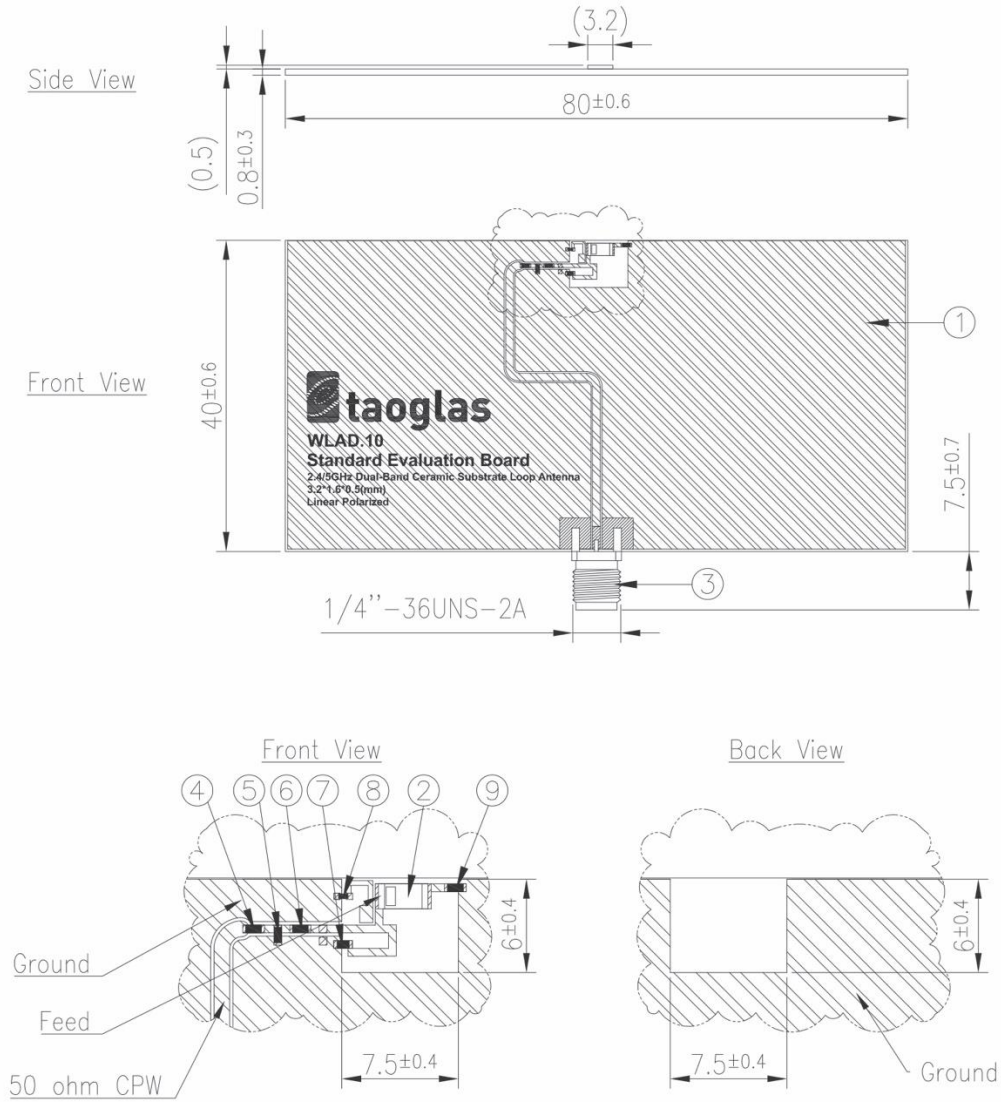
Side View



Back View



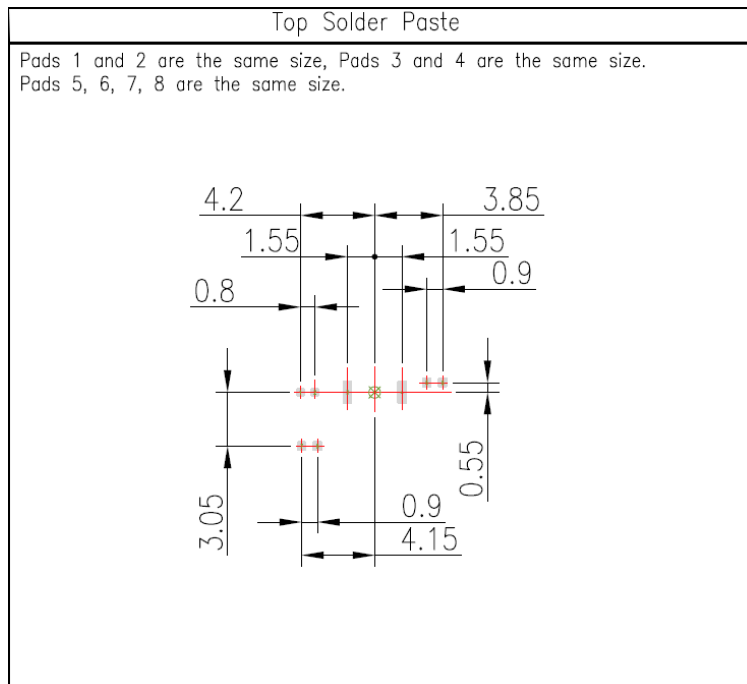
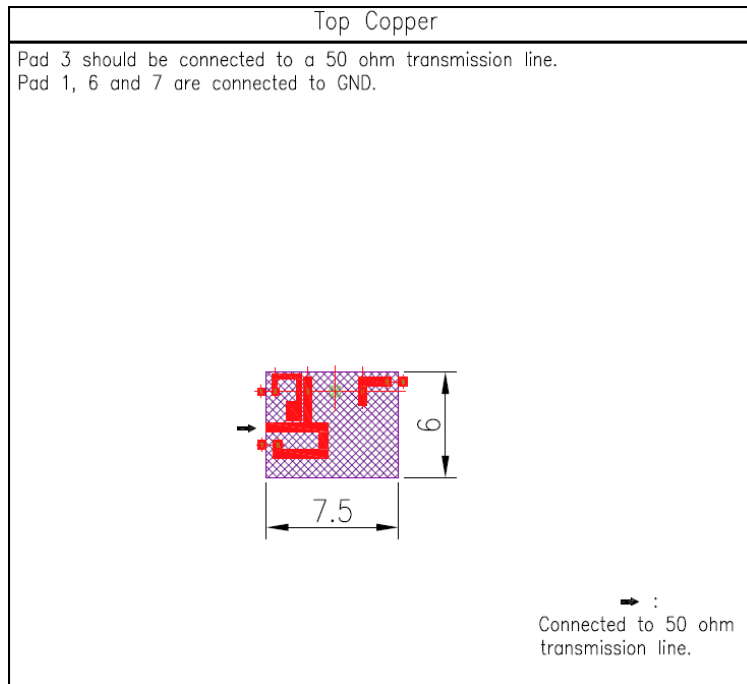
## 5.2. WLAD.10

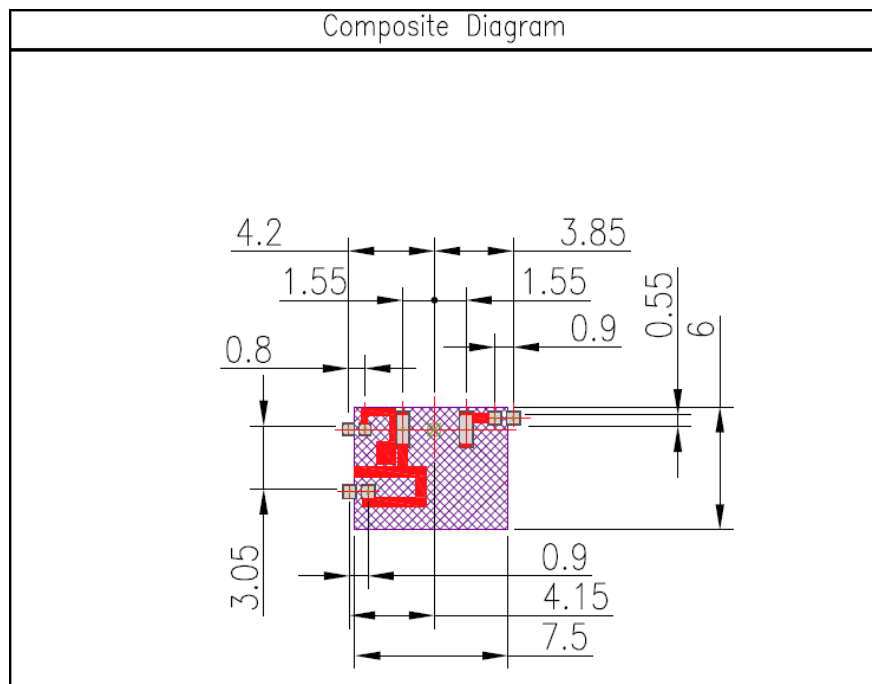
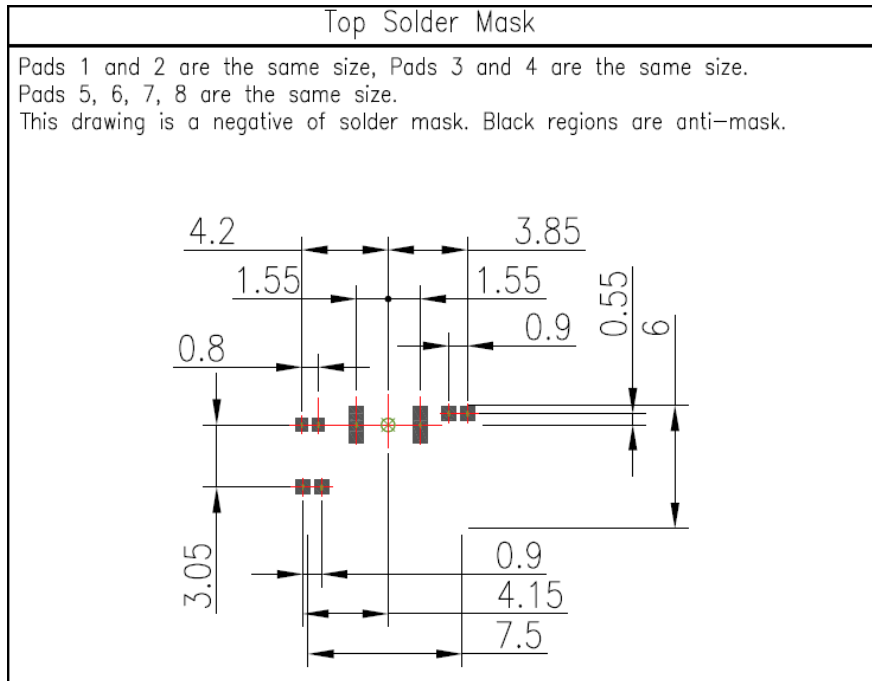







	Name	Material	Finish	QTY
1	WLAD.10 EVB Board	Composite	Black	1
2	WLA.10 Chip Antenna	Ceramic	N/A	1
3	SMA(F) ST	Brass	Au Plated	1
4	Capacitor 22pF (0402)	Ceramic	N/A	1
5	Capacitor 0.2pF (0402)	Ceramic	N/A	1
6	Inductor 1.2nH (0402)	Ceramic	N/A	1
7	Inductor 1.0nH (0402)	Ceramic	N/A	1
8	Capacitor 0.3pF (0402)	Ceramic	N/A	1
9	Capacitor 0.9pF (0402)	Ceramic	N/A	1

## 6. Layout Guide

### 6.1. Footprint





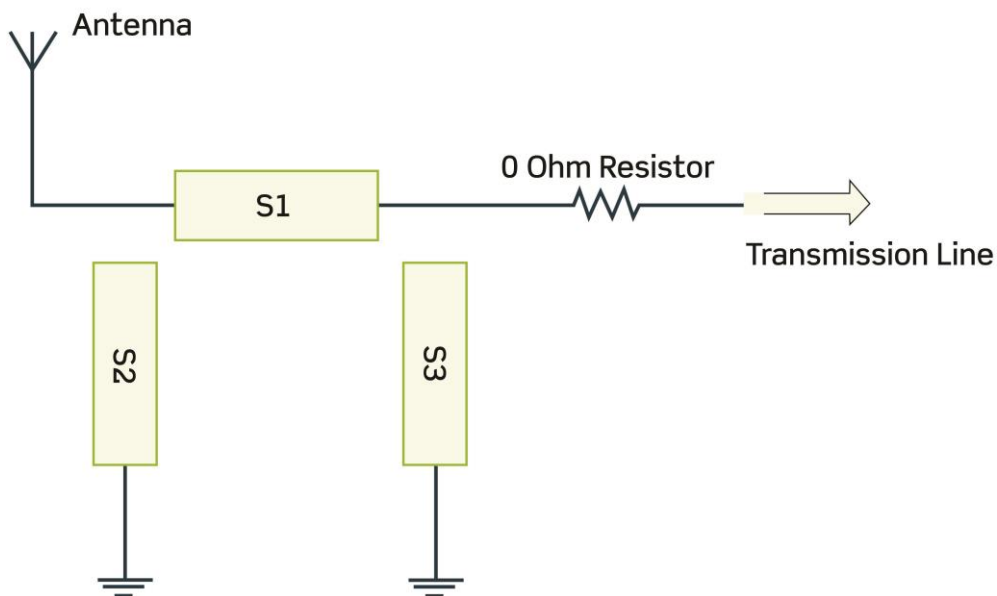
- NOTE:
- |                        |   |  |
|------------------------|---|--|
| 1. Ag Plated area      |  | 6. Ground keepout should extend from top layer through all inner PCB layers to minimize coupling from RF feed to ground. |
| 2. Solder Mask area    |  | 7. Any vias in pads should be either filled or tented to prevent solder from wicking away from the pad during reflow.    |
| 3. Copper area         |  | 8. The dimension tolerances should follow standard PCB manufacturing guidelines  |
| 4. Paste area          |  |  |
| 5. Copper Keepout Area |  |  |

\* Footprint drawings in .dwg format will be provided upon request.



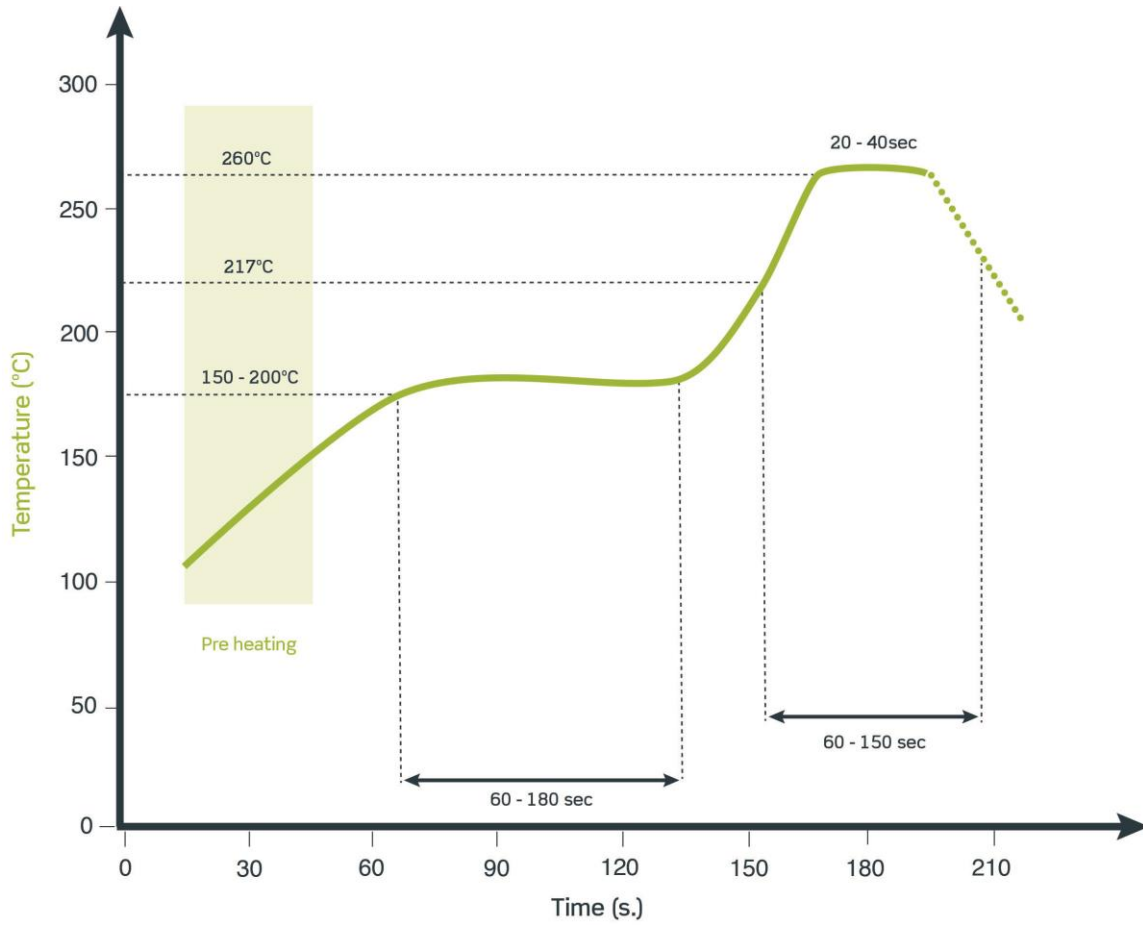
## 6.2. Matching Circuit

Like all antennas, surrounding components, enclosures, and changes to the GND plane dimensions can alter performance. A pi-matching network like the one shown below is required in case adjustments need to be made. The antenna EVB has the same matching network. The components on the EVB are a good starting point for a new design, but will need to be adjusted upon integration for best performance. The zero ohm resistor is needed for the ability to solder down a coax pigtail to make measurements with a vector network analyzer.

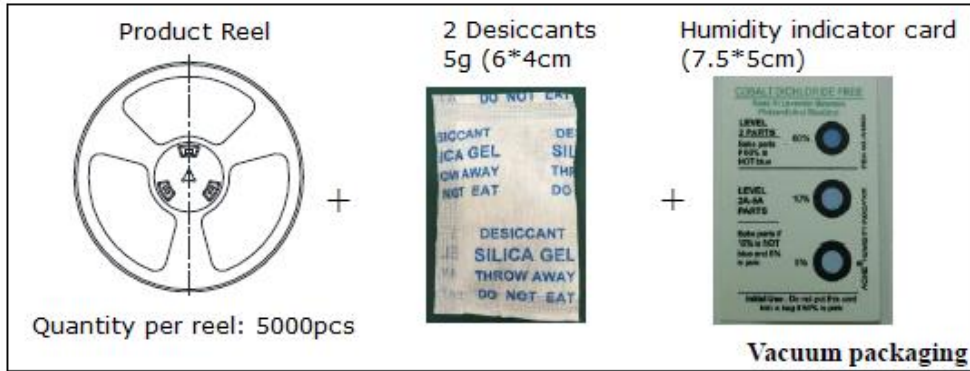


## 7. Solder Reflow Profile

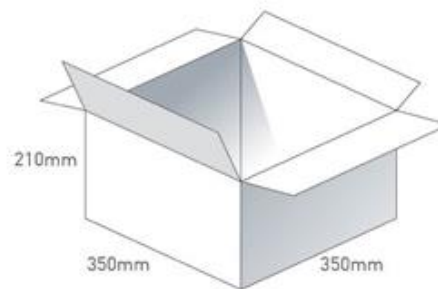
Typical Soldering Profile for Lead-free Process:



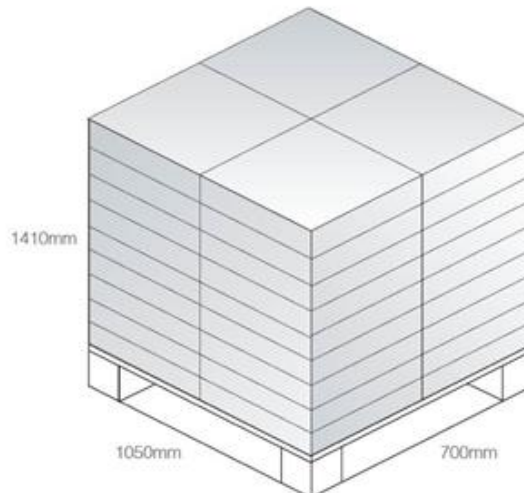
## 8. Packaging



9 reels / 45000 pcs in one carton  
 Carton Dimensions - 350\*350\*210mm  
 Weight - 9Kg



Pallet Dimensions 1050\*700\*1410mm  
 36 Cartons per Pallet  
 4 Cartons per layer  
 9 Layers



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