

K-No.: 25099

1 ... 50A Current-Sensor-Module

For the electronic measurement of currents:
DC, AC, pulsed, mixed ..., with a galvanic Isolation
between the primary circuit (high power)
and the secondary circuit (electronic circuit)

Date: 02.10.2007

Customer: Standard Type

Cutomers Part No.:

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Description

- Closed loop (compensation)
- Current Sensor with magnetic field probe
- Printed circuit board mounting
- Casing and materials UL-listed

Characteristics

- Excellent accuracy
- Very low offset current
- Very low temperature dependency and offset current drift
- Very low hysteresis of offset current
- Short response time
- Wide frequency bandwidth
- Compact design

Applications

- Mainly used for stationary operation in industrial applications:
- AC variabel speed drives and servo motor drives
 - Static converters for DC motor drives
 - Battery supplied applications
 - Switched Mode Power Supplies (SMPS)
 - Power Supplies for welding applications
 - Uninterruptable Power Supplies (UPS)

Electrical Data – Ratings

I_{PN}	Primary rated current, r.m.s	25	A
R_M	Load resistance	0 ... 200	Ω
I_{SN}	Output rated current, r.m.s	12.5	mA
K_N	Turns ratio	1...3 : 2000	

Accuracy – Dynamic performance data (with DRV401 @ $V_C = 5V \pm 5\%$)

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
$I_{P,max}$	Max. measuring range @ $R_M = 12,5 \Omega$	± 85			A
X(T)	Measuring accuracy @ I_{PN} , $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ C$			0.5	%
ε_L	Linearity			0.1	%
$I_0(T)$	Offset current @ $I_P=0$, $T_A = -40 \dots +85^\circ C$	0.02	0.05		mA
I_{OH}	Hysteresis	0.02	0.05		mA
t_r	Response time	0.3			μs
$\Delta t(I_{p,max})$	Delay time at $dI/dt = 100 A/\mu s$	0.2			μs
f	Frequency range	DC...100			kHz

General Data

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
T_A	Ambient temperature	-40		+85	$^\circ C$
T_S	Storage temperature	-40		+90	$^\circ C$
m	Mass		12		g
R_S	Secondary coil resistance @ $T_A=85^\circ C$			67	Ω
R_P	Primary coil resistance per turn @ $T_A=25^\circ C$	1			$m\Omega$
C_k	Coupling capacity	5			pF
	Mechanical Stress according to M3209/3 Settings: 10 – 2000 Hz, 1 min/Decade, 2 hours			10g	
	Constructed and manufactured and tested in accordance with EN 61800-5-1 (Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 – 10) Reinforced insulation, Insulation material group 1, Pollution degree 2				
s_{clear}	clearance (component without solder pad)	7			mm
s_{creep}	creepage (component without solder pad)	7			mm
V_{sys}	System voltage overvoltage category 3	RMS		300	V
V_{work}	Working voltage (table 7 acc. to EN61800-5-1)	RMS		650	V
U_{PD}	Rated discharge voltage	peak value		1320	V

Type Testing according EN 61800-5-1 (Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 - 10)

V_W	HV transient test according to M3064 (1,2 μs / 50 μs -wave form)	6	kV	
V_d	Testing voltage to M3014	(5 s)	3	kV
V_e	Partial discharge voltage acc.M3024 (RMS) with V_{vor} (RMS)		1400	V
			1750	V

Datum	Name	Index	Änderung
		81	
Hrsg.: KB-E editor	Bearb: SA designer	KB-E: Le check	KB-PM: KRe. check
			freig.: Heu. released

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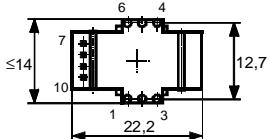
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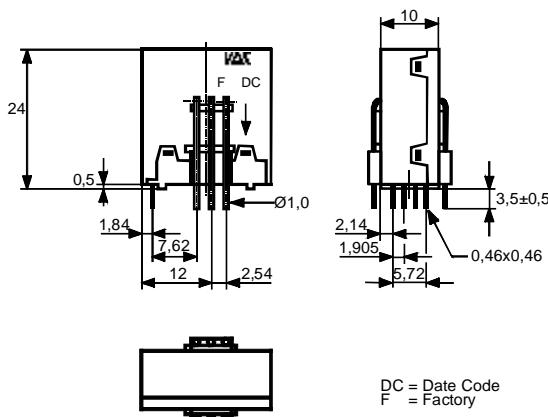
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Mechanical outline (mm):

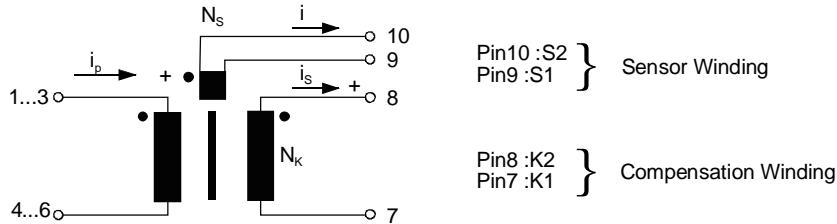
General tolerances DIN ISO 2768-c


Toleranz der Stiftabstände
 $\pm 0,2$ mm
(Tolerances grid distance)

Connections:
1...6: Ø 1 mm
7..10: 0,46*0,46 mm

Marking:

VAC
4645X600
F DC

DC = Date Code
F = Factory

Schematic diagram

Inspection (Measurements after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature.)

K _N (N1/N2)	(V)	M3011/6c:	Turns ratio ($I_P=3*8A$, 40...80 Hz)	3 : 2000 $\pm 0,5$	%
I ₀		M3226:	Offset current	< 0,05	mA
$\Delta\Phi$ (K1-K2)	(V)	M3090:	Magnetic Flux compensation core	4,5...7	nVs
$\Delta\Phi$ (S1-S2)	(V)	M3090:	Magnetic Flux sensor	20...35	nVs
R _S (K1-K2)	(V)	M3011/5:	Winding resistance compensation coil	44...52,5	Ω
R (S1-S2)	(V)	M3011/5:	Winding resistance magnetic probe coil	2,3...3,0	Ω
V _d	(V)	M3014:	Testing voltage, rms, 1s Pin 1 - 6 to Pin 7 – 10	1,5	kV
V _e	(AQL1/S4)	M3024:	Partial discharge voltage (RMS) with V _{vor} (RMS)	>1400 1750	V V

Applicable documents

Current direction: A positive output current appears at point I_S, by primary current in direction of the arrow.

Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 110°C

Housing and bobbin material: UL-listed. Flammability class UL 94V-0.

Enclosures according to IEC 60529: IP50.

Additional data available on request.

This specification is no declaration of warranty acc. BGB §443.

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Explanation of several of the terms used in the tablets (in alphabetical order)

I_{0H} :	Zero variation of I_o after overloading with a DC of tenfold the rated value ($R_M = R_{MN}$)
I_{ot} :	Long term drift of I_o after 100 temperature cycles in the range -40 bis 85 °C.
t_r :	Response time (describe the dynamic performance for the specified measurement range), measured as delay time at $I_P = 0,9 \cdot I_{Pmax}$ between a rectangular current and the output current.
$\Delta t (I_{Pmax})$:	Delay time (describe the dynamic performance for the rapid current pulse rate e.g short circuit current) measured between I_{Pmax} and the output current i_a with a primary current rise of $di_1/dt = 100 A/\mu s$.
U_{PD}	Rated discharge voltage (recurring peak voltage separated by the insulation) proved with a sinusoidal voltage V_e $U_{PD} = \sqrt{2} * V_e / 1,5$
V_{vor}	Defined voltage is the RMS value of a sinusoidal voltage with peak value of $1,875 * U_{PD}$ required for partial discharge test in IEC 61800-5-1 $V_{vor} = 1,875 * U_{PD} / \sqrt{2}$
V_{sys}	System voltage RMS value of rated voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1
V_{work}	Working voltage voltage according to IEC 61800-5-1 which occurs by design in a circuit or across insulation
$X_{ges}(I_{PN})$:	The sum of all possible errors over the temperature range by measuring a current I_{PN} : $X_{ges} = 100 \cdot \left \frac{I_S(I_{PN})}{K_N \cdot I_{PN}} - 1 \right \%$
X :	Permissible measurement error in the final inspection at RT, defined by $X = 100 \cdot \left \frac{I_{SB}}{I_{SN}} - 1 \right \%$
	where I_{SB} is the output DC value of an input DC current of the same magnitude as the (positive) rated current ($I_o = 0$)
X_{Ti} :	Temperature drift of the rated value orientated output term. I_{SN} (cf. Notes on F_i) in a specified temperature range, obtained by: $X_{Ti} = 100 \cdot \left \frac{I_{SB}(T_{A2}) - I_{SB}(T_{A1})}{I_{SN}} \right \%$
ε_L :	Linearity fault defined by $e_L = 100 \cdot \left \frac{I_P}{I_{PN}} - \frac{I_{Sx}}{I_{SN}} \right \%$
	Where I_P is any input DC and I_{Sx} the corresponding output term. I_{SN} : see notes of F_i ($I_o = 0$).

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