Technical Data Sheet

OCTIS PLUG KIT SFP/SFP+





All dimensions are in mm. Tolerances according ISO 2768 m-H.

DESCRIPTION

REP	COMPONENT	MATERIALS	PLATING
1	Tightening cone	NYLON	-
2	Plug cap	PBT GF	-
3	Gland nut	PBT GF	BLUE COLOR
4	Grounding ring	STAINLESS STEEL	-
5	Housing	PBT GF	-
6	Holder	ZAMAK	PASSIVATED
7	Interface sealing gasket	SILICONE	-
8	Split rubber gland Ø8	SILICONE	-
9	Spring Blade	STAINLESS STEEL	
10	Lever	IXEF	-
11	Locking button	PBT GF	-

This document contains proprietary information and such information shall not be disclosed to any third party for any purpose whatsoever or used for manufacturing purposes without prior written agreement from Radiall. The data defined in this document are given as an indication, in the effort to improve our products; we reserve the right to make any changes judged necessary.



OCTIS PLUG KIT SFP/SFP+



lurance (cycles) le load (N typical) upling torque (N.cm)	IEC 61300-2-2 IEC 61300-2-4 IEC 61300-2-1	100 150 *
le load (N typical)	IEC 61300-2-2 IEC 61300-2-4 IEC 61300-2-1	100 150 *
le load (N typical)	IEC 61300-2-4 IEC 61300-2-1 -	150 *
		59.5770
class temperature (°C) nperature (°C) Jamp heat) (%RH) ty t (h)	IEC 60529 IEC 61300-2-22 IEC 61300-2-22 IEC 61300-2-19 IEC 61300-2-26 (ISO21207 method B) - UL 94 ASTM G154 cycle 2	IP67 ** -40 / +85 -65 / +85 5 / 95 720h ** Compliant V0 1000
interface	- MSA -	For use with OCTIS [™] panel interface or receptacle *** For use with transceiver complying to the SFP/SFP+ standard For use with standard LC duplex patchcord, MultiMode or SingleMode **** Unitary in plastic bag with assembly note.
	erface	

* Depending on cable characteristics ** Mated condition

**** If the interface is to be die casted into the equipment panel, please contact Radiall for license conditions and interface definition **** Refer to fan-out dimensional requirement and rubber gland selection chart below

FANOUT DEFINITION





*Cable diameter under the gland. If the cable has a sleeve, the diameter over the sleeve should be considered The tolerances of ΦD should be taken into account to make sure it is always within the specified range