

Features

- Frequency compensation implemented internally
- Large DC voltage gain: 100 dB
- Wide bandwidth (unity gain): 1.1 MHz (temperature compensated)
- Very low supply current per channel essentially independent of supply voltage
- Low input bias current: 20 nA (temperature compensated)
- Low input offset voltage: 2 mV
- Low input offset current: 2 nA
- Input common-mode voltage range includes negative rails
- Differential input voltage range equal to the power supply voltage
- Large output voltage swing
0 V to ($V_{CC^+} - 1.5$ V)

Related products

- See LM158W for enhanced ESD ratings
- See LM2904 and LM2904W for automotive grade versions

Description

These circuits consist of two independent, high-gain, internally frequency-compensated op amps, specifically designed to operate from a single power supply over a wide range of voltages. The low-power supply drain is independent of the magnitude of the power supply voltage.

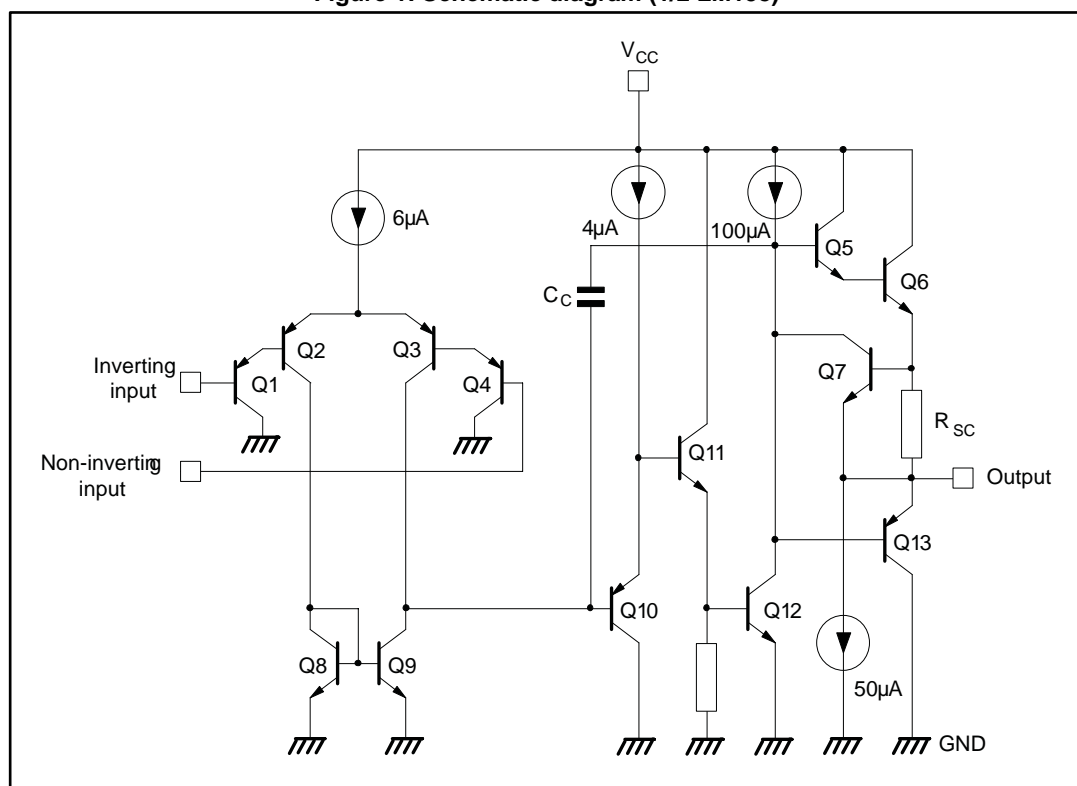
Application areas include transducer amplifiers, DC gain blocks and all the conventional op amp circuits, which can now be more easily implemented in single power supply systems. For example, these circuits can be directly supplied with the standard 5 V, which is used in logic systems and will easily provide the required interface electronics with no additional power supply.

In linear mode, the input common-mode voltage range includes ground and the output voltage can also swing to ground, even though operated from only a single power supply voltage.

Contents

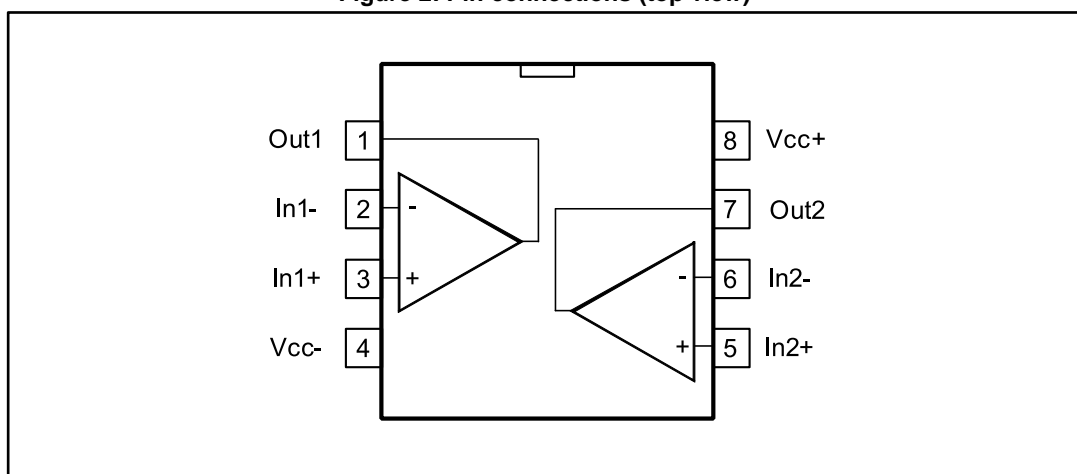
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Figure 1: Schematic diagram (1/2 LM158)



2 Package pin connections

Figure 2: Pin connections (top view)



1. The exposed pad of the DFN8 2x2 can be left floating or connected to ground

3 Absolute maximum ratings

Table 1: Absolute maximum ratings

Symbol	Parameter		LM158,A	LM258,A	LM358,A	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		±16 or 32			V
V _i	Input voltage		-0.3 to 32			
V _{id}	Differential input voltage		±32			
	Output short-circuit duration ⁽¹⁾		Infinite			
I _{in}	Input current ⁽²⁾		5 mA in DC or 50 mA in AC (duty cycle = 10 %, T = 1 s)			mA
T _{oper}	Operating free-air temperature range		-55 to 125	-40 to 105	0 to 70	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature range		-65 to 150			
T _j	Maximum junction temperature		150			
R _{thja}	Thermal resistance junction to ambient ⁽³⁾	SO8	125			°C/W
		MiniSO8	190			
		DFN8 2x2	57			
		TSSOP8	120			
R _{thjc}	Thermal resistance junction to case ⁽³⁾	SO8	40			
		MiniSO8	39			
		TSSOP8	37			
ESD	HBM: human body model ⁽⁴⁾		300			V
	MM: machine model ⁽⁵⁾		200			
	CDM: charged device model ⁽⁶⁾		1.5			kV

Notes:

⁽¹⁾Short-circuits from the output to V_{CC} can cause excessive heating if V_{CC} > 15 V. The maximum output current is approximately 40 mA independent of the magnitude of V_{CC}. Destructive dissipation can result from simultaneous short circuits on all amplifiers.

⁽²⁾This input current only exists when the voltage at any of the input leads is driven negative. It is due to the collector-base junction of the input PNP transistor becoming forward-biased and thereby acting as input diode clamp. In addition to this diode action, there is NPN parasitic action on the IC chip. This transistor action can cause the output voltages of the op amps to go to the V_{CC} voltage level (or to ground for a large overdrive) for the time during which an input is driven negative. This is not destructive and normal output is restored for input voltages above -0.3 V.

⁽³⁾Short-circuits can cause excessive heating and destructive dissipation. R_{th} are typical values.

⁽⁴⁾Human body model: a 100 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged through a 1.5 kΩ resistor between two pins of the device. This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.

⁽⁵⁾Machine model: a 200 pF capacitor is charged to the specified voltage, then discharged directly between two pins of the device with no external series resistor (internal resistor < 5 Ω). This is done for all couples of connected pin combinations while the other pins are floating.

⁽⁶⁾Charged device model: all pins and the package are charged together to the specified voltage and then discharged directly to the ground through only one pin. This is done for all pins.

Table 2: Operating conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage		3 to 30	V
V_{icm}	Common mode input voltage range $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ⁽¹⁾		(V_{CC-}) to $(V_{CC+} - 1.5)$	
	Common mode input voltage range $(T_{min} \leq T_{amb} \leq T_{max})$ ⁽²⁾		(V_{CC-}) to $(V_{CC+} - 2)$	
T_{oper}	Operating free air temperature range	LM158	-55 to 125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
		LM258	-40 to 105	
		LM358	0 to 70	

Notes:

⁽¹⁾When used in comparator, the functionality is guaranteed as long as at least one input remains within the operating common mode voltage range.

⁽²⁾When used in comparator, the functionality is guaranteed as long as at least one input remains within the operating common mode voltage range.

4 Electrical characteristics

Table 3: Electrical characteristics for $V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{CC-} = \text{Ground}$, $V_o = 1.4\text{ V}$, $T_{\text{amb}} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
(unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V_{io}	Input offset voltage ⁽¹⁾	LM158A			2	mV
		LM258A, LM358A		1	3	
		LM158, LM258			5	
		LM358		2	7	
	$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$	LM158A, LM258A, LM358A			4	
		LM158, LM258			7	
		LM358			9	
$\Delta V_{io}/\Delta T$	Input offset voltage drift	LM158A, LM258A, LM358A		7	15	$\mu\text{V}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
		LM158, LM258, LM358		7	30	
I_{io}	Input offset current	LM158A, LM258A, LM358A		2	10	nA
		LM158, LM258, LM358		2	30	
	$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$	LM158A, LM258A, LM358A			30	
		LM158, LM258, LM358			40	
$\Delta I_{io}/\Delta T$	Input offset current drift	LM158A, LM258A, LM358A		10	200	$\text{pA}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
		LM158, LM258, LM358		10	300	
I_{ib}	Input bias current ⁽²⁾	LM158A, LM258A, LM358A		20	50	nA
		LM158, LM258, LM358		20	150	
	$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$	LM158A, LM258A, LM358A			100	
		LM158, LM258, LM358			200	
A_{vd}	Large signal voltage gain	$V_{CC+} = 15\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2\text{ k}\Omega$, $V_o = 1.4\text{ V}$ to 11.4 V	50	100		V/mV
		$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$	25			
SVR	Supply voltage rejection ratio	$V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$ to 30 V , $R_s \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$	65	100		dB
		$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$	65			
I_{CC}	Supply current, all amp, no load	$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ $V_{CC+} = 5\text{ V}$		0.7	1.2	mA
		$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$ $V_{CC+} = 30\text{ V}$			2	
CMR	Common mode rejection ratio	$R_s \leq 10\text{ k}\Omega$	70	85		dB
		$T_{\text{min}} \leq T_{\text{amb}} \leq T_{\text{max}}$	60			
I_{source}	Output current source	$V_{CC+} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_o = 2\text{ V}$, $V_{id} = 1\text{ V}$	20	40	60	mA
I_{sink}	Output sink current	$V_{CC+} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_o = 2\text{ V}$, $V_{id} = -1\text{ V}$	10	20		mA
		$V_{CC+} = 15\text{ V}$, $V_o = 0.2\text{ V}$, $V_{id} = -1\text{ V}$	12	50		μA

Electrical characteristics

LM158, LM258, LM358, LM158A, LM258A,
LM358A

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
V _{OH}	High level output voltage	V _{CC+} = 30 V, R _L = 2 kΩ connected to V _{CC-} , T _{amb} = 25 °C	26	27	V
		V _{CC+} = 30 V, R _L = 2 kΩ connected to V _{CC-} , T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	26		
		V _{CC+} = 30 V, R _L = 10 kΩ connected to V _{CC-} , T _{amb} = 25 °C	27	28	
		V _{CC+} = 30 V, R _L = 10 kΩ connected to V _{CC-} , T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	27		
		V _{CC+} = 5 V, R _L = 2 kΩ connected to V _{CC-} , T _{amb} = 25 °C	3.5		
		V _{CC+} = 5 V, R _L = 2 kΩ connected to V _{CC-} , T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}	3		
V _{OL}	Low level output voltage	R _L = 10 kΩ connected to V _{CC-}		5	mV
		T _{min} ≤ T _{amb} ≤ T _{max}		20	
SR	Slew rate	V _{CC+} = 15 V, V _i = 0.5 to 3 V, R _L = 2 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF, unity gain	0.3	0.6	V/μs
GBP	Gain bandwidth product	V _{CC+} = 30 V, f = 100 kHz, V _{in} = 10 mV, R _L = 2 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF	0.7	1.1	MHz
THD	Total harmonic distortion	f = 1 kHz, A _v = 20 dB, R _L = 2 kΩ, V _o = 2 V _{pp} , C _L = 100 pF, V _O = 2 V _{pp}		0.02	%
e _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1 kHz, R _s = 100 Ω, V _{CC+} = 30 V		55	$\frac{nV}{\sqrt{Hz}}$
V _{o1} /V _{o2}	Channel separation ⁽³⁾	1 kHz ≤ f ≤ 20 kHz		120	dB

Notes:

⁽¹⁾V_O = 1.4 V, R_s = 0 Ω, 5 V < V_{CC+} < 30 V, 0 < V_{ic} < V_{CC+} - 1.5 V

⁽²⁾The direction of the input current is out of the IC. This current is essentially constant, independent of the state of the output so there is no change in the load on the input lines.

⁽³⁾Due to the proximity of external components, ensure that stray capacitance between these external parts does not cause coupling. Typically, this can be detected because this type of capacitance increases at higher frequencies.

5 Electrical characteristic curves

Figure 3: Open-loop frequency response

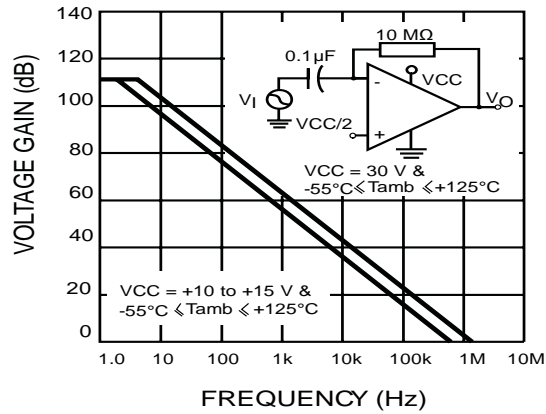


Figure 4: Large signal frequency response

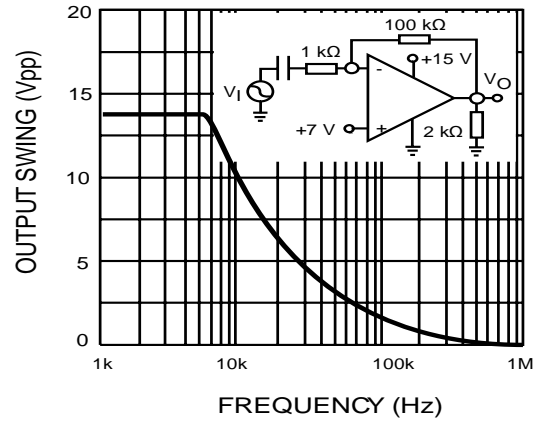
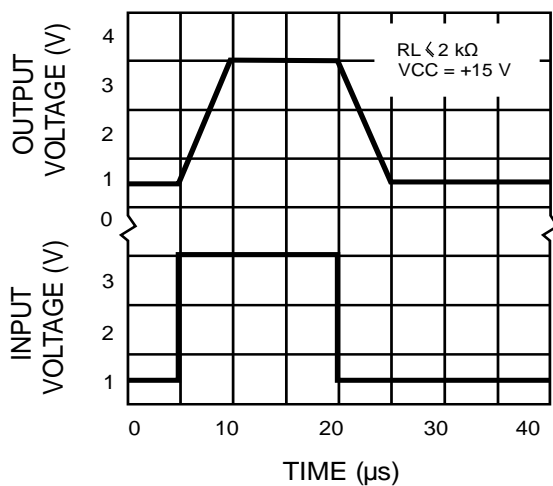
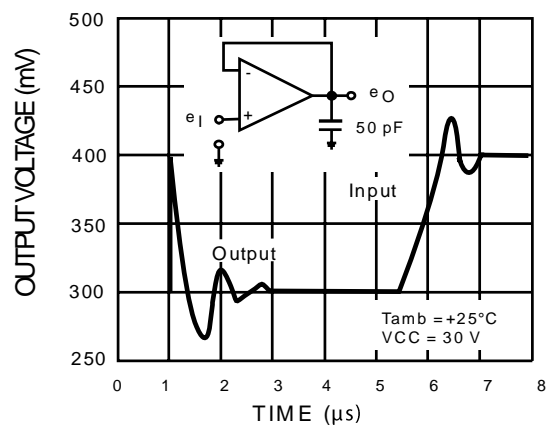
Figure 5: Voltage follower pulse response with
 $V_{CC} = 15\text{ V}$ Figure 6: Voltage follower pulse response with
 $V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$ 

Figure 7: Input current

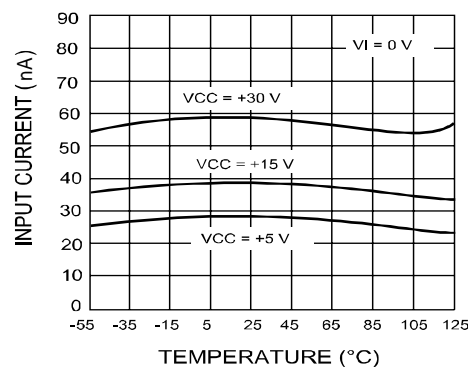


Figure 8: Output voltage vs sink current

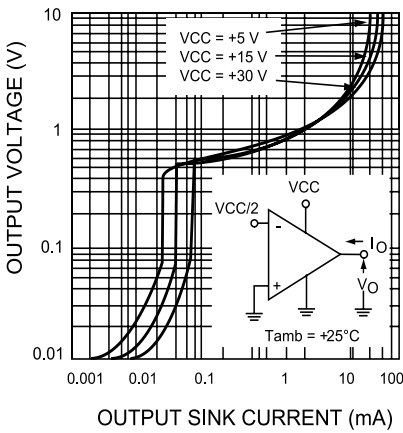


Figure 9: Output voltage vs source current

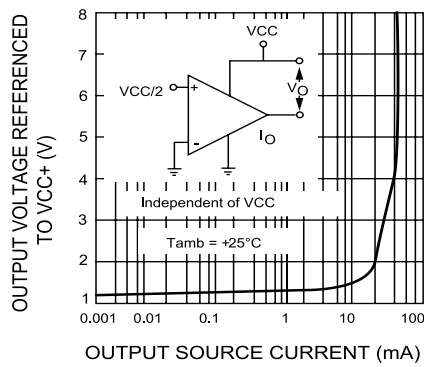


Figure 10: Current limiting

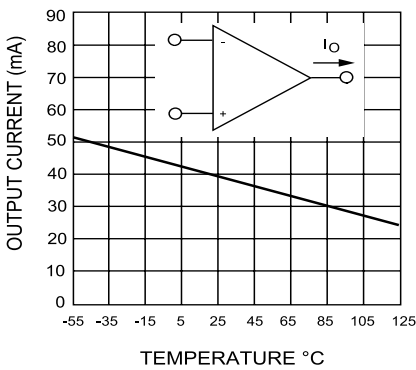


Figure 11: Input voltage range

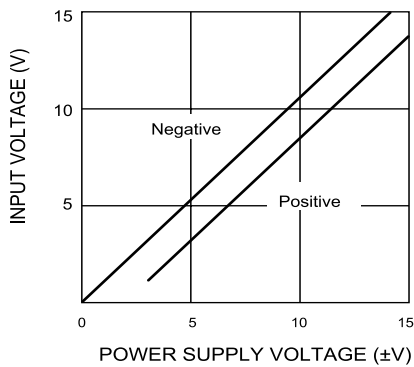


Figure 12: Open-loop gain

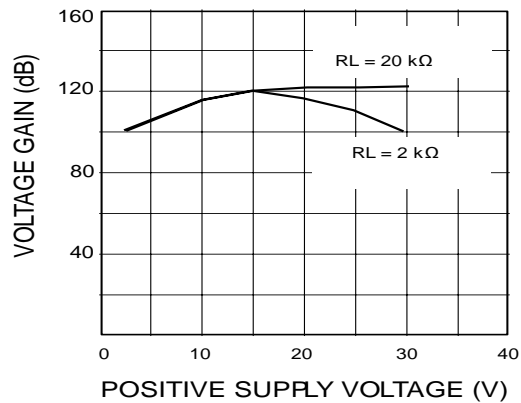


Figure 13: Supply current

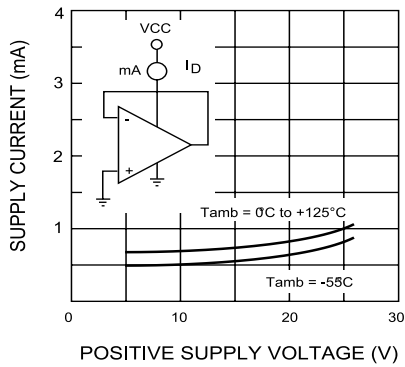


Figure 14: Input current

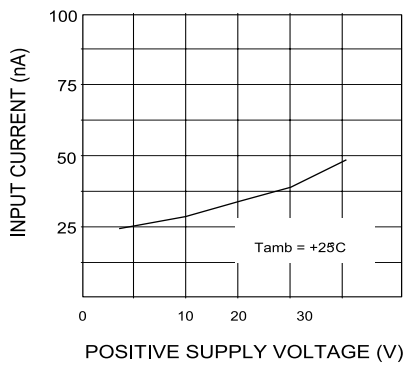


Figure 15: Gain bandwidth product

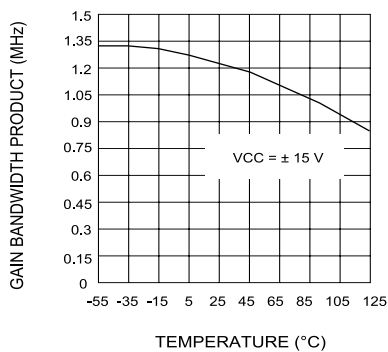


Figure 16: Power supply rejection ratio

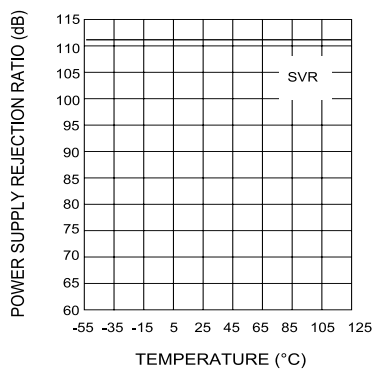


Figure 17: Common-mode rejection ratio

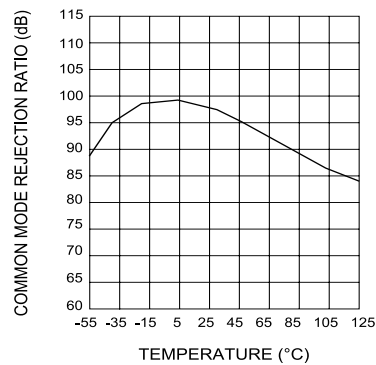
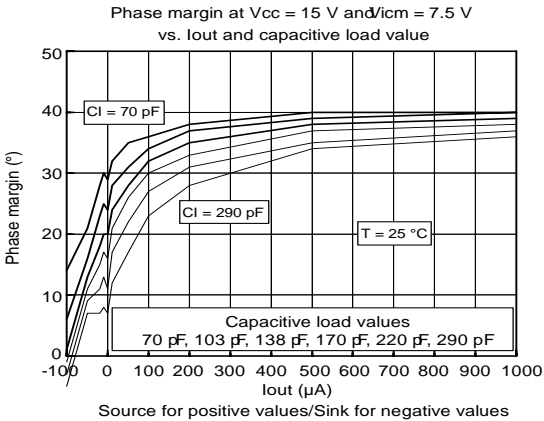


Figure 18: Phase margin vs. capacitive load



6 Typical applications

Single supply voltage $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}_{DC}$.

Figure 19: AC-coupled inverting amplifier

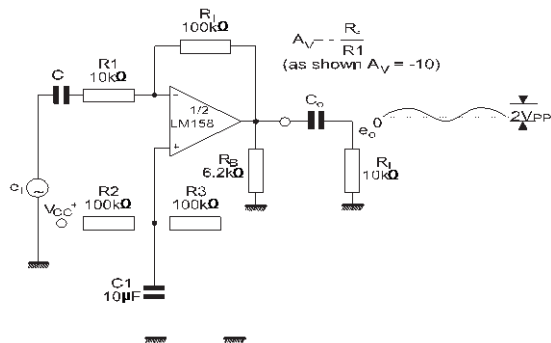


Figure 20: Non-inverting DC amplifier

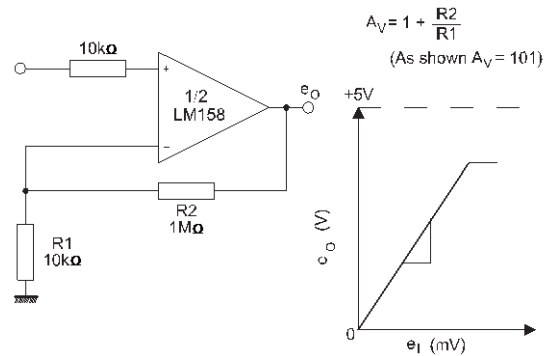


Figure 21: AC-coupled non-inverting amplifier

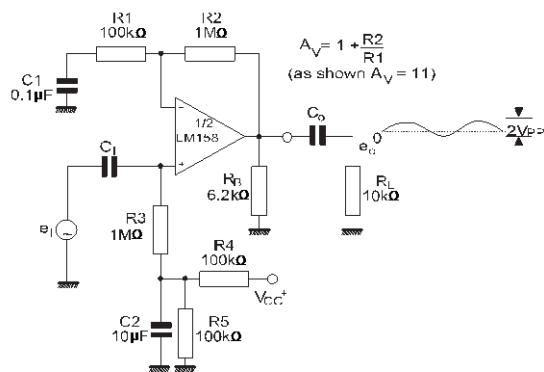
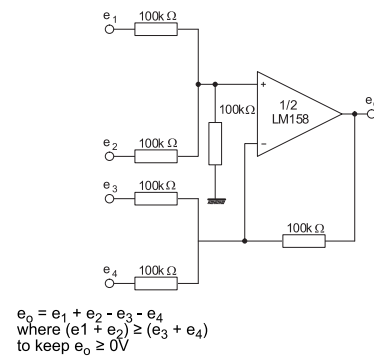


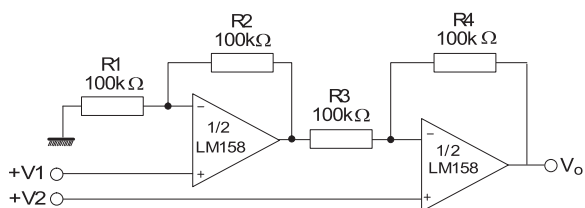
Figure 22: DC summing amplifier



Typical applications

LM158, LM258, LM358, LM158A, LM258A, LM358A

Figure 23: High input Z, DC differential amplifier

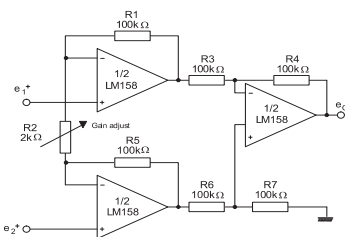


if $R1 = R5$ and $R3 = R4 = R6 = R7$

$$e_o = \left[1 + \frac{2R1}{R2} \right] (e_2 + e_1)$$

 As shown $e_o = 101 (e_2 + e_1)$

Figure 24: High input Z adjustable gain DC instrumentation amplifier



if $R1 = R5$ and $R3 = R4 = R6 = R7$

$$e_o = \left[1 + \frac{2R1}{R2} \right] (e_2 + e_1)$$

As shown $e_o = 101 (e_2 + e_1)$

Figure 25: Using symmetrical amplifiers to reduce input current

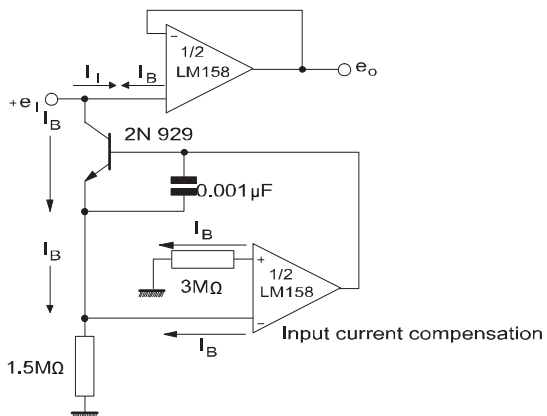


Figure 26: Low drift peak detector

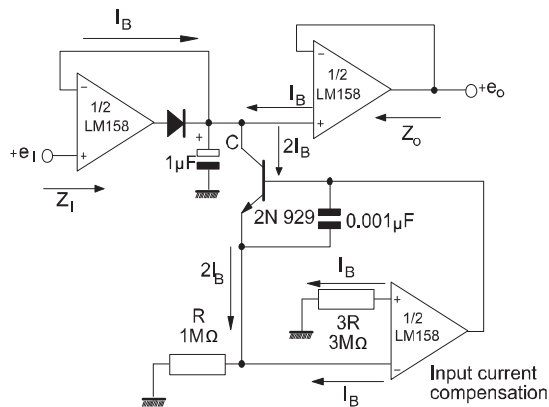
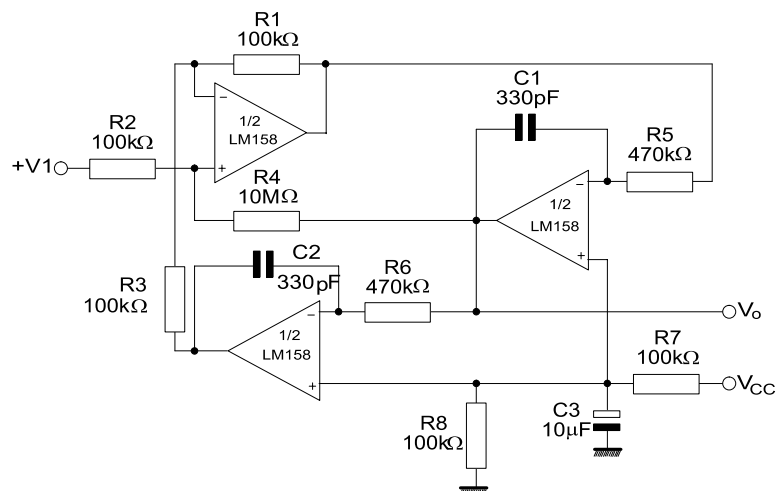


Figure 27: Active band-pass filter



7 Package information

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com. ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

7.1 SO8 package information

Figure 28: SO8 package outline

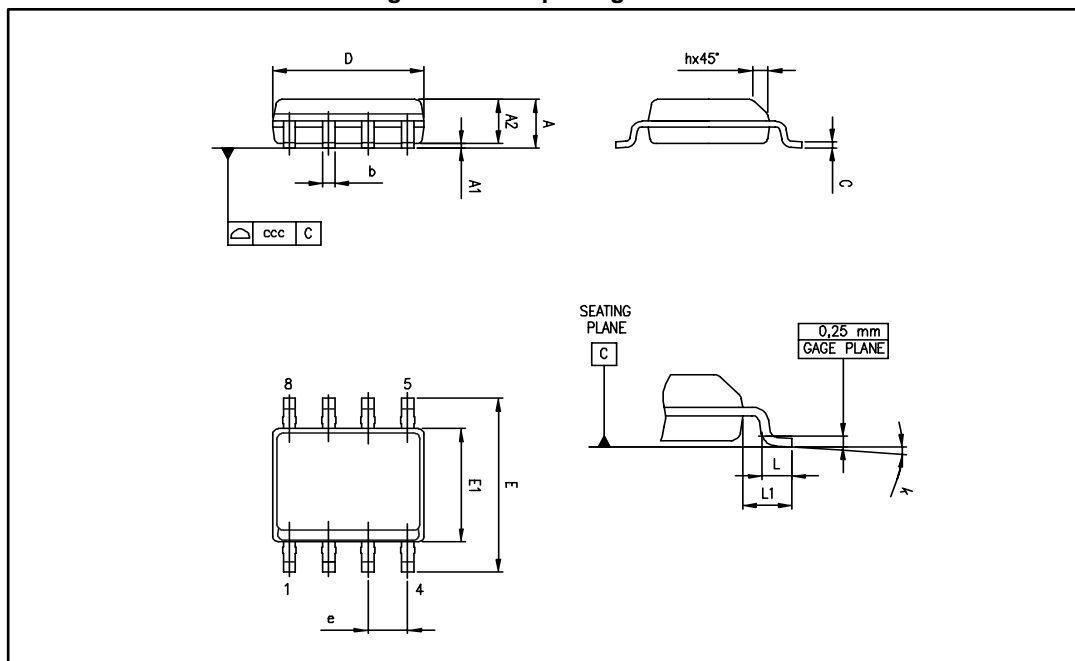


Table 4: SO8 mechanical data

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.75			0.069
A1	0.10		0.25	0.004		0.010
A2	1.25			0.049		
b	0.28		0.48	0.011		0.019
c	0.17		0.23	0.007		0.010
D	4.80	4.90	5.00	0.189	0.193	0.197
E	5.80	6.00	6.20	0.228	0.236	0.244
E1	3.80	3.90	4.00	0.150	0.154	0.157
e		1.27			0.050	
h	0.25		0.50	0.010		0.020
L	0.40		1.27	0.016		0.050
L1		1.04			0.040	
k	0°		8°	0°		8°
CCC			0.10			0.004

7.2 MiniSO8 package information

Figure 29: MiniSO8 package outline

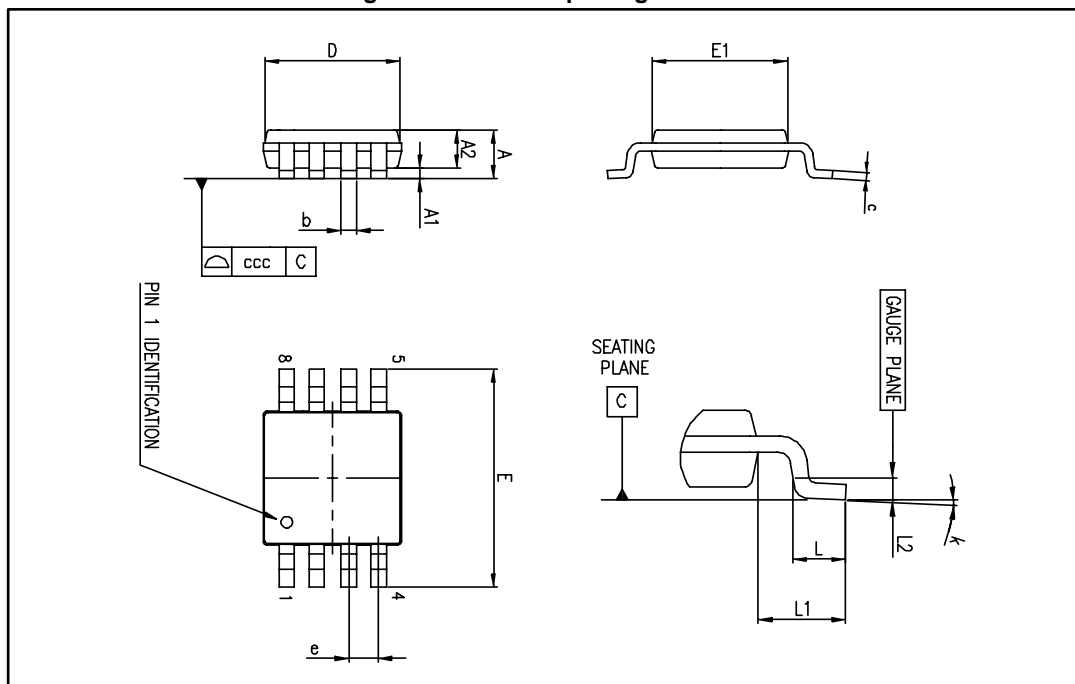


Table 5: MiniSO8 mechanical data

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.1			0.043
A1	0		0.15	0		0.006
A2	0.75	0.85	0.95	0.030	0.033	0.037
b	0.22		0.40	0.009		0.016
c	0.08		0.23	0.003		0.009
D	2.80	3.00	3.20	0.11	0.118	0.126
E	4.65	4.90	5.15	0.183	0.193	0.203
E1	2.80	3.00	3.10	0.11	0.118	0.122
e		0.65			0.026	
L	0.40	0.60	0.80	0.016	0.024	0.031
L1		0.95			0.037	
L2		0.25			0.010	
k	0°		8°	0°		8°
ccc			0.10			0.004

7.3 DFN8 2x2 package information

Figure 30: DFN8 2x2 package outline

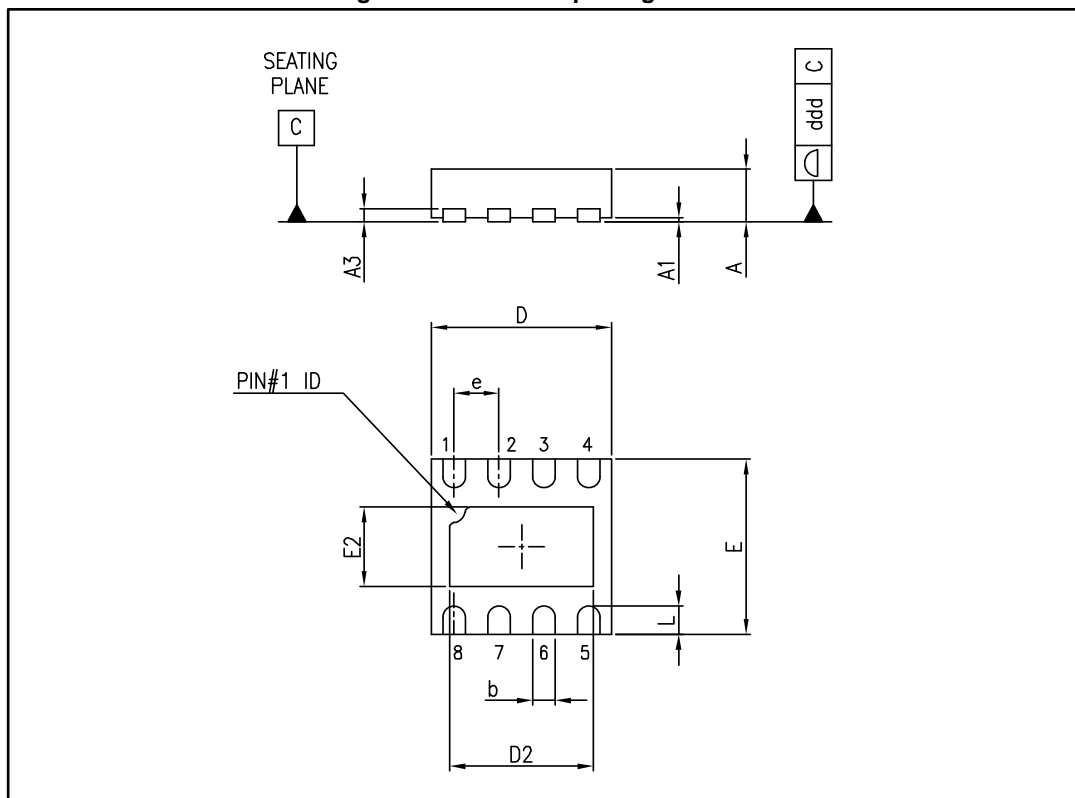
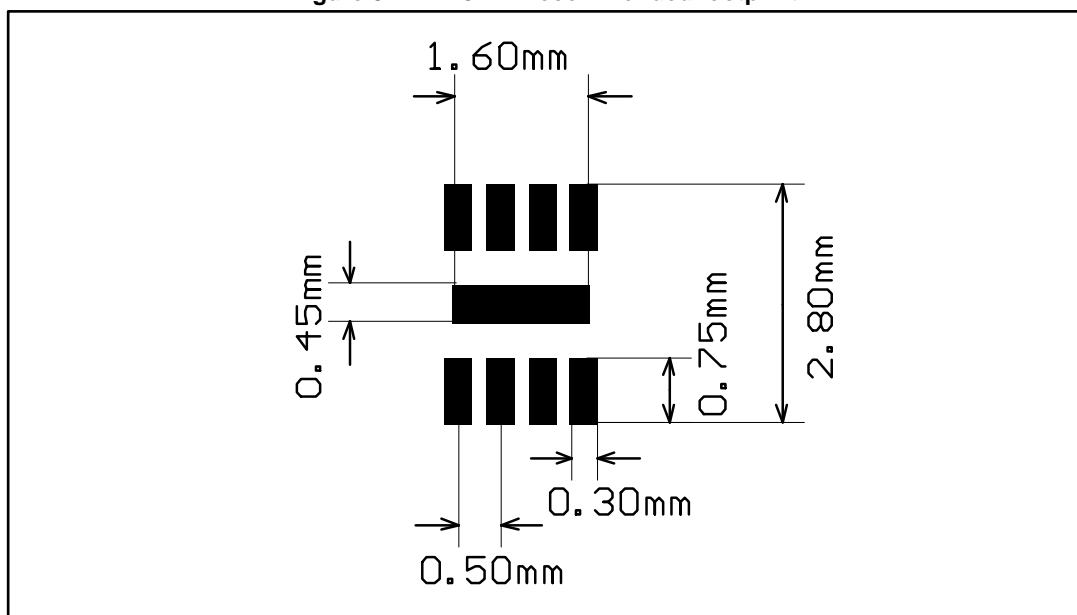


Table 6: DFN8 2x2 mechanical data

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A	0.51	0.55	0.60	0.020	0.022	0.024
A1			0.05			0.002
A3		0.15			0.006	
b	0.18	0.25	0.30	0.007	0.010	0.012
D	1.85	2.00	2.15	0.073	0.079	0.085
D2	1.45	1.60	1.70	0.057	0.063	0.067
E	1.85	2.00	2.15	0.073	0.079	0.085
E2	0.75	0.90	1.00	0.030	0.035	0.039
e		0.50			0.020	
L		0.3	0.425		0.012	0.017
ddd			0.08			0.003

Figure 31: DFN8 2x2 recommended footprint



7.4 TSSOP8 package information

Figure 32: TSSOP8 package outline

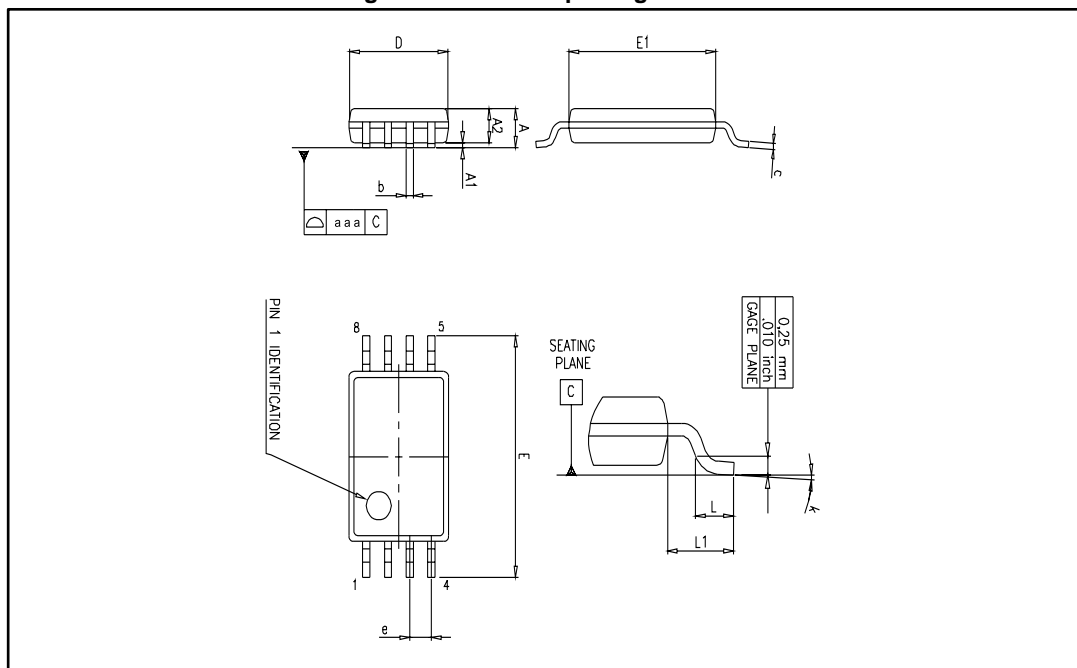


Table 7: TSSOP8 mechanical data

Ref.	Dimensions					
	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Typ.	Max.
A			1.2			0.047
A1	0.05		0.15	0.002		0.006
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05	0.031	0.039	0.041
b	0.19		0.30	0.007		0.012
c	0.09		0.20	0.004		0.008
D	2.90	3.00	3.10	0.114	0.118	0.122
E	6.20	6.40	6.60	0.244	0.252	0.260
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50	0.169	0.173	0.177
e		0.65			0.0256	
k	0°		8°	0°		8°
L	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.018	0.024	0.030
L1		1			0.039	
aaa		0.1			0.004	

8 Ordering information

Table 8: Order codes

Order code	Temperature range	Package	Packaging	Marking
LM158QT	-55 °C to 125 °C	DFN8 2x2	Tape and reel	K4A
LM158DT		SO8		158
LM258ADT	-40 °C to 105 °C	SO8		258A
LM258AYDT ⁽¹⁾		SO8, automotive grade		258AY
LM258DT		SO8		258
LM258APT		TSSOP8		258A
LM258AST		MiniSO8		K408
LM258QT		DFN8 2x2		K4C
LM358DT		0 °C to 70 °C		SO8
LM358YDT ⁽¹⁾	SO8, automotive grade			358Y
LM358ADT	SO8			358A
LM358PT	TSSOP8			358
LM358APT				358A
LM358ST	MiniSO8			K405
LM358AST				K404
LM358QT	DFN8 2x2	K4E		

Notes:

⁽¹⁾Qualified and characterized according to AEC Q100 and Q003 or equivalent, advanced screening according to AEC Q001 & Q002 or equivalent.

9 Revision history

Table 9: Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes
01-Jul- 2003	1	First release.
02-Jan-2005	2	R_{thja} and T_j parameters added in AMR Table 1: "Absolute maximum ratings".
01-Jul-2005	3	ESD protection inserted in Table 1: "Absolute maximum ratings".
05-Oct-2006	4	Added Figure 17: Phase margin vs. capacitive load.
30-Nov-2006	5	Added missing ordering information.
25-Apr-2007	6	Removed LM158A, LM258A and LM358A from document title. Corrected error in MiniSO-8 package data. L1 is 0.004 inch. Added automotive grade order codes in Section 7: "Ordering information".
12-Feb-2008	7	Corrected V_{CC} max (30 V instead of 32 V) in operating conditions. Changed presentation of electrical characteristics table. Deleted V_{opp} parameter in electrical characteristics table. Corrected miniSO-8 package information. Corrected temperature range for automotive grade order codes. Updated automotive grade footnotes in order codes table.
26-Aug-2008	8	Added limitations on input current in Table 1: "Absolute maximum ratings". Corrected title for Figure 11. Added E and L1 parameters in Table 4: "SO8 package mechanical data". Changed Figure 31: "TSSOP8 package mechanical drawing".
02-Sep-2011	9	In Section 6: "Package information", added: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DFN8 2 x 2 mm package mechanical drawing • DFN8 2 x 2 mm recommended footprint • DFN8 2 x 2 mm order codes.
06-Apr-2012	10	Removed order codes LM158YD, LM258AYD, LM258YD and LM358YD from Table 8: "Order codes".
11-Jun-2013	11	Table 8: "Order codes": removed order codes LM158D, LM158YDT, LM258YDT, and LM258AD; added automotive grade qualification to order codes LM258ATDT and LM358YDT; updated marking for order codes LM158DT and LM258D/LM258DT; updated temperature range, packages, and packaging for several order codes.

Revision history

LM158, LM258, LM358, LM158A, LM258A,
LM358A

Date	Revision	Changes
20-Jun-2014	12	<p>Removed DIP8 package</p> <p>Corrected typos (W replaced with Ω, £ replaced with \leq)</p> <p>Updated Features</p> <p>Added Related products</p> <p>Table 3: replaced DV_{io} with $\Delta V_{io}/\Delta T$ and DI_{io} with $\Delta I_{io}/\Delta T$.</p> <p>Updated Table 7 for exposed pad dimensions</p> <p>Table 8: "Order codes": removed order codes LM258YPT and LM258AYPT; removed all order codes for devices with tube packing; added package code (NB) to DFN8 2x2 package.</p>
13-Nov-2015	13	<p>Updated document layout</p> <p>Updated name of the "DFN8 2x2 (NB) mm" package to "DFN8 2x2" everywhere in datasheet.</p> <p>Section 2: "Package pin connections": placed the package's pinout in this section and added note about exposed pad.</p> <p>Table 8: "Order codes": removed order codes LM258ST, LM358YPT, and LM358AYPT.</p>
24-Aug-2016	14	<p>Table 6: "DFN8 2x2 mechanical data": added typ. value for "L" dimension.</p>
22-Nov-2017	15	<p>Updated: related products on the cover page.</p> <p>Updated: Section 3: "Absolute maximum ratings", Table 2: "Operating conditions", Section 4: "Electrical characteristics", Figure 6: "Voltage follower pulse response with VCC = 30 V" and Figure 7: "Input current".</p>

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