

## FEATURES

High saturated output power ( $P_{SAT}$ ): 41.5 dBm typical  
 High small signal gain: 35 dB typical  
 High power gain for saturated output power: 25.5 dB typical  
 Bandwidth: 2.7 GHz to 3.8 GHz  
 High power added efficiency (PAE): 54% typical  
 High output IP3: 44 dBm typical  
 Supply voltage:  $V_{DD} = 28$  V at 150 mA  
 32-lead, 5 mm × 5 mm LFCSP\_CAV package

## APPLICATIONS

Extended battery operation for public mobile radios  
 Power amplifier stage for wireless infrastructure  
 Test and measurement equipment  
 Commercial and military radars  
 General-purpose transmitter amplification

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The HMC1114 is a gallium nitride (GaN), broadband power amplifier, delivering 10 W with more than 50% power added efficiency (PAE) across a bandwidth of 2.7 GHz to 3.8 GHz. The HMC1114 provides  $\pm 0.5$  dB gain flatness.

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

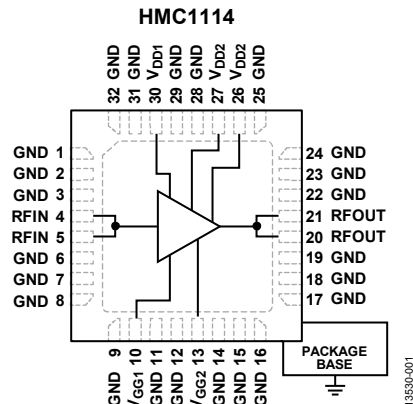


Figure 1.

The HMC1114 is ideal for pulsed or continuous wave (CW) applications such as wireless infrastructure, radar, public mobile radio, and general-purpose amplification.

The HMC1114 is housed in a compact LFCSP\_CAV package.

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## REVISION HISTORY

### 3/2017—Rev. 0 to Rev. A

Changed EVL1HMC1114LP5D to

EV1HMC1114LP5D ..... Throughout

Changes to Ordering Guide ..... 15

### 9/2016—Revision 0: Initial Version

## SPECIFICATIONS

### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 28\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{DQ} = 150\text{ mA}$ , frequency range = 2.7 GHz to 3.2 GHz, unless otherwise noted.

Table 1.

| Parameter                             | Symbol    | Min | Typ       | Max | Unit | Test Conditions/Comments                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FREQUENCY RANGE                       |           | 2.7 |           | 3.2 | GHz  |                                                                                                                                                 |
| GAIN                                  |           |     |           |     |      |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Small Signal Gain                     |           | 32  | 35        |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Gain Flatness                         |           |     | $\pm 0.5$ |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Power Gain for 4 dB Compression       |           |     | 29        |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Power Gain for Saturated Output Power |           |     | 25.5      |     | dB   | Measurement taken at $P_{IN} = 16\text{ dBm}$                                                                                                   |
| RETURN LOSS                           |           |     |           |     |      |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Input                                 |           |     | 14        |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Output                                |           |     | 11        |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| POWER                                 |           |     |           |     |      |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Output Power for 4 dB Compression     | $P_{4dB}$ |     | 39        |     | dBm  |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Saturated Output Power                | $P_{SAT}$ |     | 41.5      |     | dBm  | Measurement taken at $P_{IN} = 16\text{ dBm}$                                                                                                   |
| Power Added Efficiency                | PAE       |     | 54        |     | %    |                                                                                                                                                 |
| OUTPUT THIRD-ORDER INTERCEPT          | IP3       |     | 44        |     |      | Measurement taken at $P_{OUT}/\text{tone} = 30\text{ dBm}$                                                                                      |
| TARGET QUIESCENT CURRENT              | $I_{DQ}$  |     | 150       |     | mA   | Adjust the gate control voltage ( $V_{GG1}$ , $V_{GG2}$ ) between $-8\text{ V}$ and $0\text{ V}$ to achieve an $I_{DQ} = 150\text{ mA}$ typical |

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 28\text{ V}$ ,  $I_{DQ} = 150\text{ mA}$ , frequency range = 3.2 GHz to 3.8 GHz, unless otherwise noted.

Table 2.

| Parameter                             | Symbol    | Min | Typ     | Max | Unit | Test Conditions/Comments                                                                                                                        |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----|---------|-----|------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| FREQUENCY RANGE                       |           | 3.2 |         | 3.8 | GHz  |                                                                                                                                                 |
| GAIN                                  |           |     |         |     |      |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Small Signal Gain                     |           | 29  | 32      |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Gain Flatness                         |           |     | $\pm 1$ |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Power Gain for 4 dB Compression       |           |     | 28      |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Power Gain for Saturated Output Power |           |     | 25      |     | dB   | Measurement taken at $P_{IN} = 16\text{ dBm}$                                                                                                   |
| RETURN LOSS                           |           |     |         |     |      |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Input                                 |           |     | 25      |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Output                                |           |     | 9       |     | dB   |                                                                                                                                                 |
| POWER                                 |           |     |         |     |      |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Output Power for 4 dB Compression     | $P_{4dB}$ |     | 40      |     | dBm  |                                                                                                                                                 |
| Saturated Output Power                | $P_{SAT}$ |     | 40.5    |     | dBm  | Measurement taken at $P_{IN} = 16\text{ dBm}$                                                                                                   |
| Power Added Efficiency                | PAE       |     | 53      |     | %    |                                                                                                                                                 |
| OUTPUT THIRD-ORDER INTERCEPT          | IP3       |     | 44      |     |      | Measurement taken at $P_{OUT}/\text{tone} = 30\text{ dBm}$                                                                                      |
| TARGET QUIESCENT CURRENT              | $I_{DQ}$  |     | 150     |     | mA   | Adjust the gate control voltage ( $V_{GG1}$ , $V_{GG2}$ ) between $-8\text{ V}$ and $0\text{ V}$ to achieve an $I_{DQ} = 150\text{ mA}$ typical |

### TOTAL SUPPLY CURRENT BY $V_{DD}$

Table 3.

| Parameter              | Symbol   | Min | Typ | Max | Unit | Test Conditions/Comments                                                    |
|------------------------|----------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| SUPPLY CURRENT         | $I_{DQ}$ |     |     |     |      | Adjust $V_{GG1}$ , $V_{GG2}$ to achieve an $I_{DQ} = 150\text{ mA}$ typical |
| $V_{DD} = 25\text{ V}$ |          |     | 150 |     | mA   |                                                                             |
| $V_{DD} = 28\text{ V}$ |          |     | 150 |     | mA   |                                                                             |
| $V_{DD} = 32\text{ V}$ |          |     | 150 |     | mA   |                                                                             |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 4.

| Parameter                                                                                                                             | Rating                                        |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| Drain Bias Voltage ( $V_{DD1}$ , $V_{DD2}$ )                                                                                          | 35 V dc                                       |
| Gate Bias Voltage ( $V_{GG1}$ , $V_{GG2}$ )                                                                                           | –8 V to 0 V dc                                |
| RF Input Power (RFIN)                                                                                                                 | 30 dBm                                        |
| Maximum Forward Gate Current                                                                                                          | 4 mA                                          |
| Continuous Power Dissipation, $P_{DISS}$ ( $T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ,<br>Derate 227 mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$ Above 120 $^\circ\text{C}$ ) | 24 W                                          |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Back of Paddle                                                                                        | 4.4 $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$                 |
| Channel Temperature                                                                                                                   | 225 $^\circ\text{C}$                          |
| Maximum Peak Reflow Temperature (MSL3) <sup>1</sup>                                                                                   | 260 $^\circ\text{C}$                          |
| Storage Temperature Range                                                                                                             | –40 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +125 $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating Temperature Range                                                                                                           | –40 $^\circ\text{C}$ to +85 $^\circ\text{C}$  |
| ESD Sensitivity (Human Body Model)                                                                                                    | Class 1A,<br>passed 250 V                     |

<sup>1</sup> See the Ordering Guide section.

Stresses at or above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the product. This is a stress rating only; functional operation of the product at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Operation beyond the maximum operating conditions for extended periods may affect product reliability.

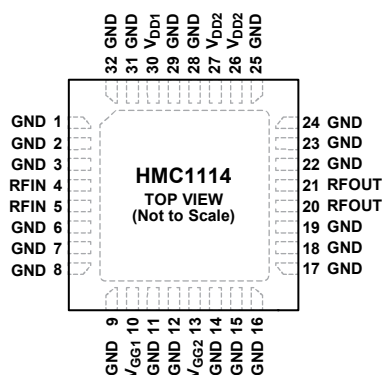
### ESD CAUTION



#### ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device.

Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

## PIN CONFIGURATION AND FUNCTION DESCRIPTIONS



NOTES  
1. EXPOSED PAD. EXPOSED PAD MUST BE CONNECTED TO RF/DC GROUND.

13530-002

Figure 2. Pin Configuration

Table 5. Pin Function Descriptions

| Pin No.                                                    | Mnemonic                            | Description                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 to 3, 6 to 9, 11, 12, 14 to 19, 22 to 25, 28, 29, 31, 32 | GND                                 | Ground. These pins and the package bottom (EPAD) must be connected to RF/dc ground. See Figure 3 for the GND interface schematic.                                                                |
| 4, 5                                                       | RFIN                                | RF Input. These pins are dc-coupled and matched to 50 $\Omega$ . See Figure 4 for the RFIN interface schematic.                                                                                  |
| 10, 13                                                     | V <sub>GG1</sub> , V <sub>GG2</sub> | Gate Control Voltage Pins. External bypass capacitors of 1 $\mu$ F and 10 $\mu$ F are required. See Figure 5 for the V <sub>GG1</sub> and V <sub>GG2</sub> interface schematic.                  |
| 20, 21                                                     | RFOUT                               | RF Output. These pins are ac-coupled and matched to 50 $\Omega$ . See Figure 6 for the RFOUT interface schematic.                                                                                |
| 26, 27, 30                                                 | V <sub>DD1</sub> , V <sub>DD2</sub> | Drain Bias Pins for the Amplifier. External bypass capacitors of 100 pF, 1 $\mu$ F, and 10 $\mu$ F are required. See Figure 7 for the V <sub>DD1</sub> and V <sub>DD2</sub> interface schematic. |
|                                                            | EPAD                                | Exposed Pad. The exposed pad must be connected to RF/dc ground.                                                                                                                                  |

## INTERFACE SCHEMATICS



Figure 3. GND Interface

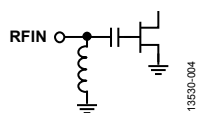


Figure 4. RFIN Interface

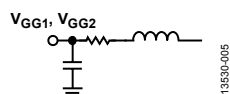


Figure 5. V<sub>GG1</sub> and V<sub>GG2</sub> Interface

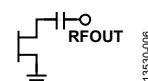


Figure 6. RFOUT Interface

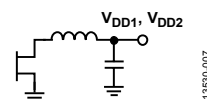


Figure 7. V<sub>DD1</sub> and V<sub>DD2</sub> Interface

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

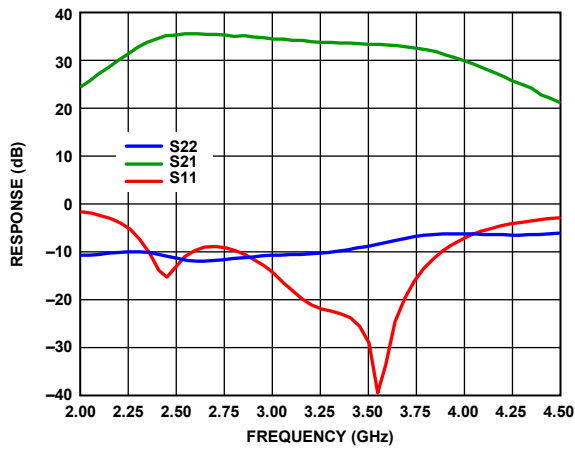


Figure 8. Response (Gain and Return Loss) vs. Frequency

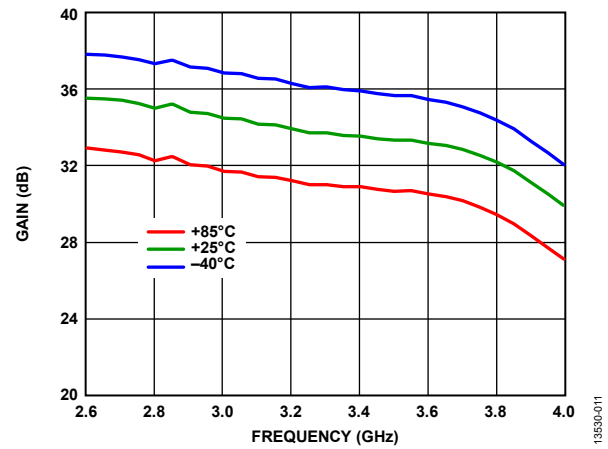


Figure 11. Gain vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

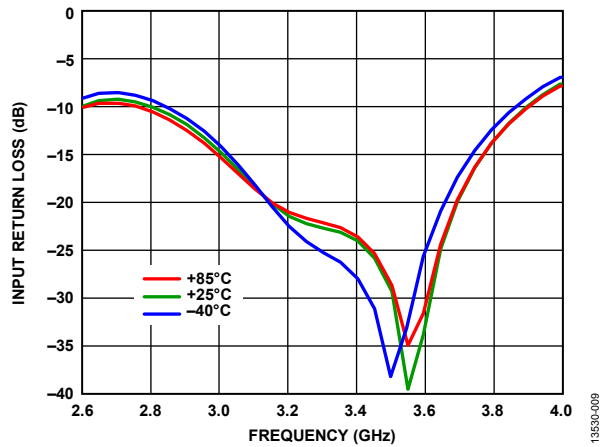


Figure 9. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

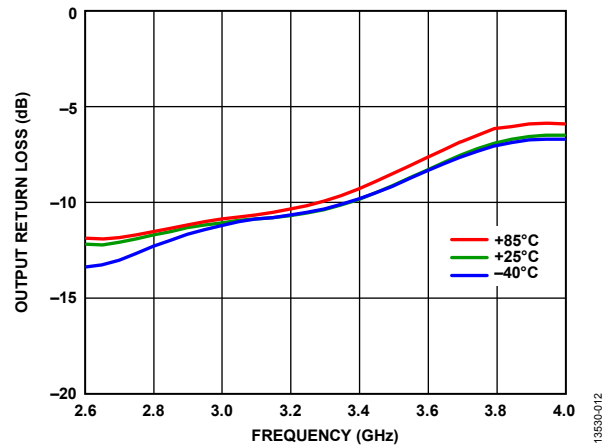


Figure 12. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

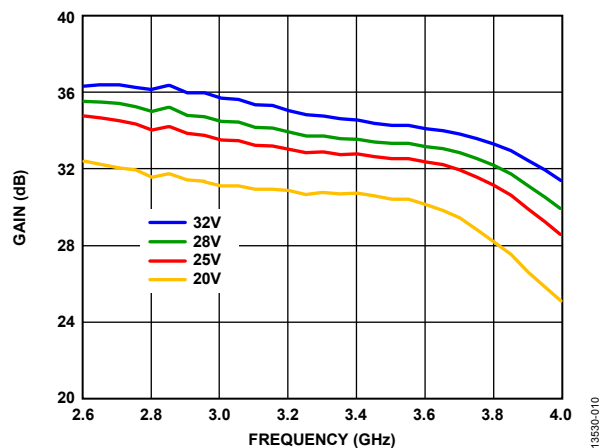


Figure 10. Gain vs. Frequency at Various Supply Voltages

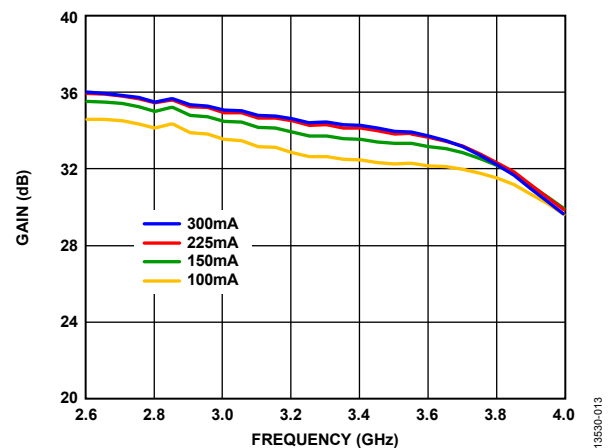


Figure 13. Gain vs. Frequency at Various Supply Currents

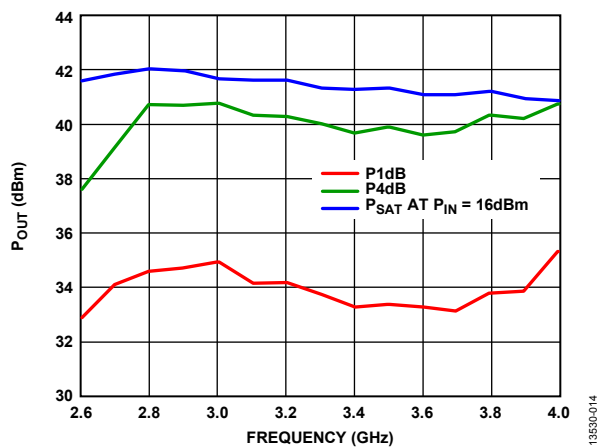


Figure 14. Output Power ( $P_{OUT}$ ) vs. Frequency, Measurement Taken at  $P_{IN} = 16$  dBm

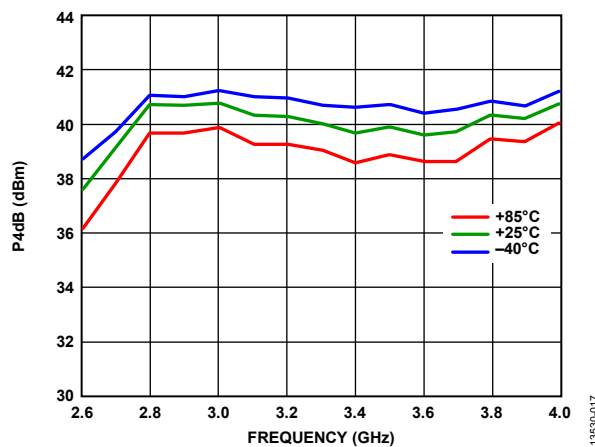


Figure 17. Output Power for 4 dB Compression ( $P_{4dB}$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

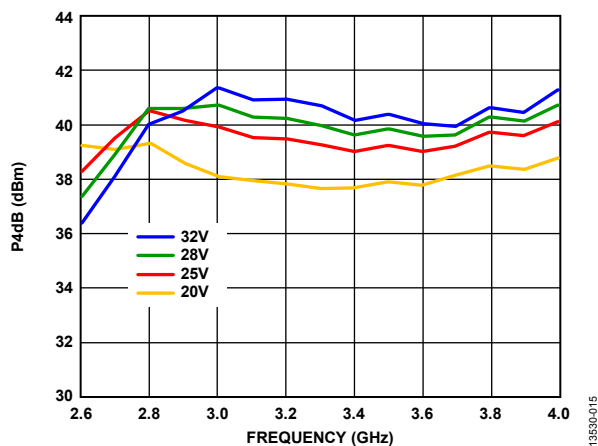


Figure 15. Output Power for 4 dB Compression ( $P_{4dB}$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Supply Voltages

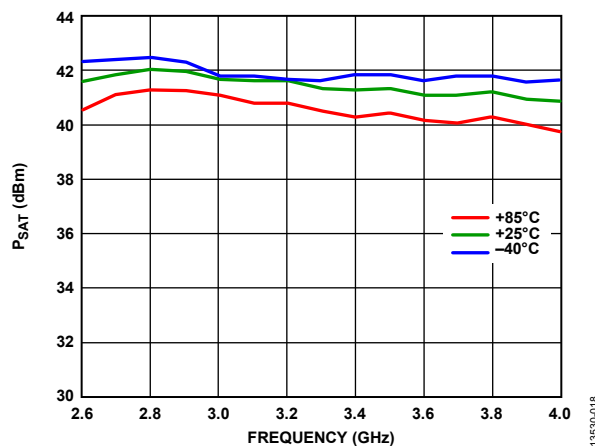


Figure 18. Saturated Output Power ( $P_{SAT}$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures, Measurement Taken at  $P_{IN} = 16$  dBm

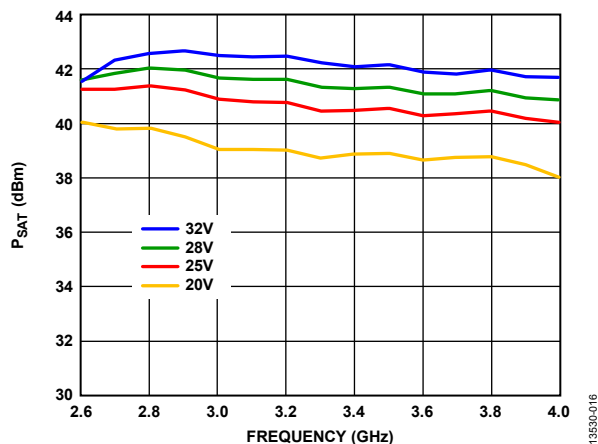


Figure 16. Saturated Output Power ( $P_{SAT}$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Supply Voltages, Measurement Taken at  $P_{IN} = 16$  dBm

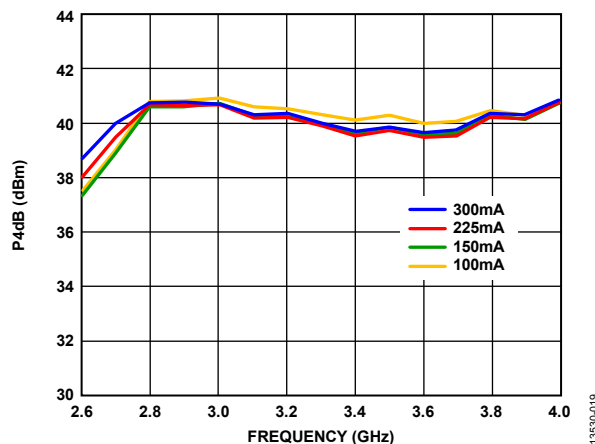


Figure 19. Output Power for 4 dB Compression ( $P_{4dB}$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Supply Currents

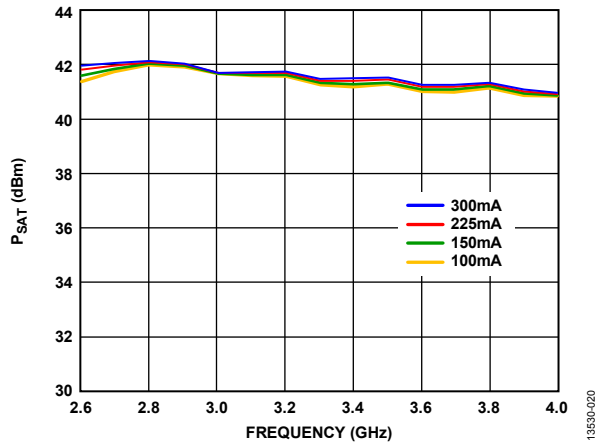


Figure 20. Saturated Output Power ( $P_{SAT}$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Supply Currents, Measurement Taken at  $P_{IN} = 16$  dBm

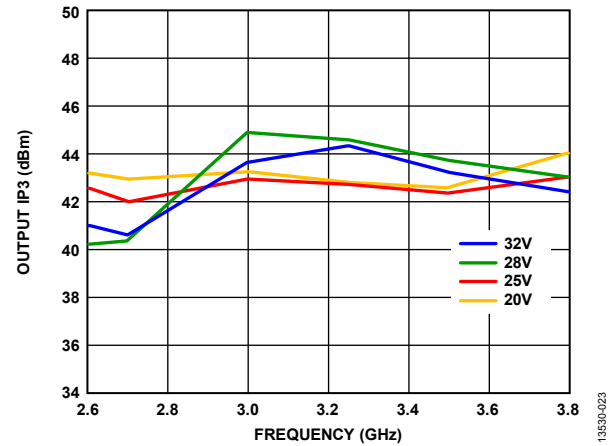


Figure 23. Output Third-Order Intercept ( $IP_3$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Supply Voltages,  $P_{OUT}/Tone = 30$  dBm

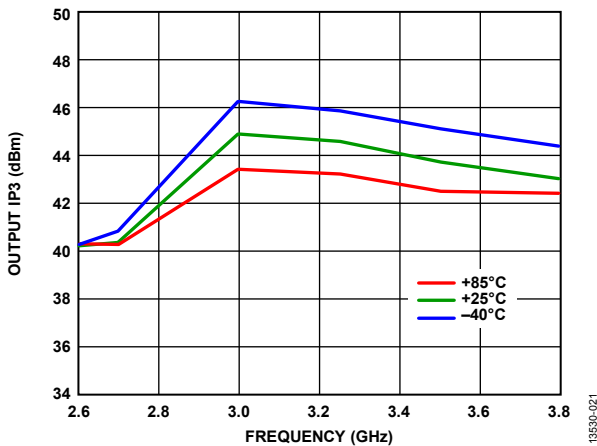


Figure 21. Output Third-Order Intercept ( $IP_3$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures,  $P_{OUT}/Tone = 30$  dBm

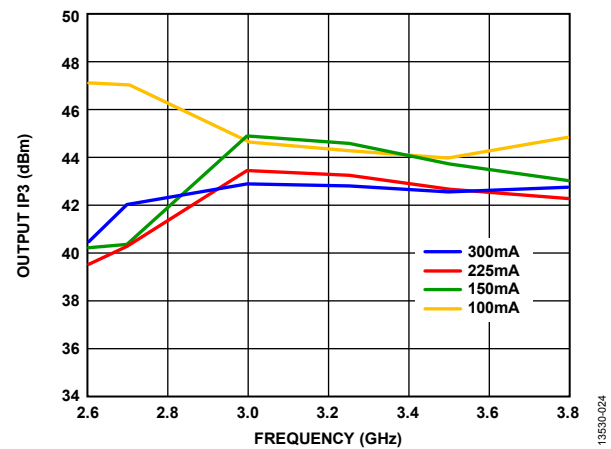


Figure 24. Output Third-Order Intercept ( $IP_3$ ) vs. Frequency at Various Supply Currents,  $P_{OUT}/Tone = 30$  dBm

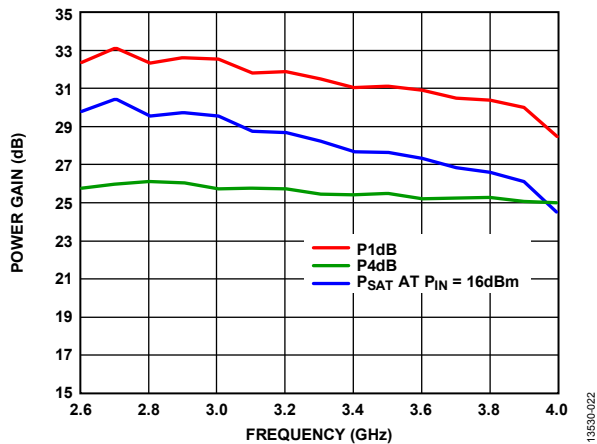


Figure 22. Power Gain vs. Frequency

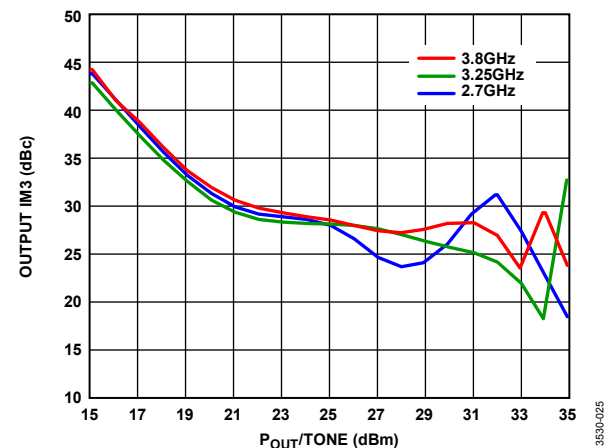
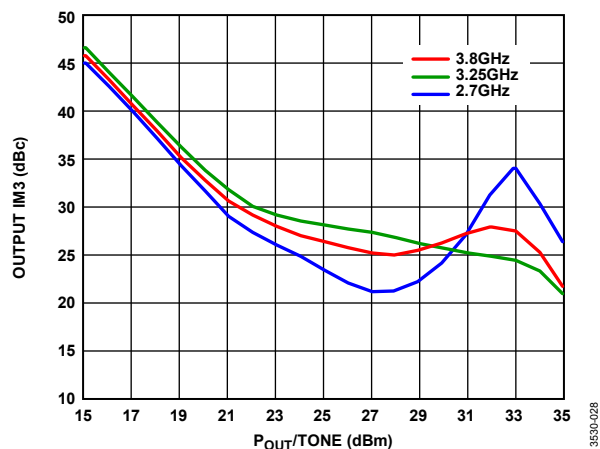
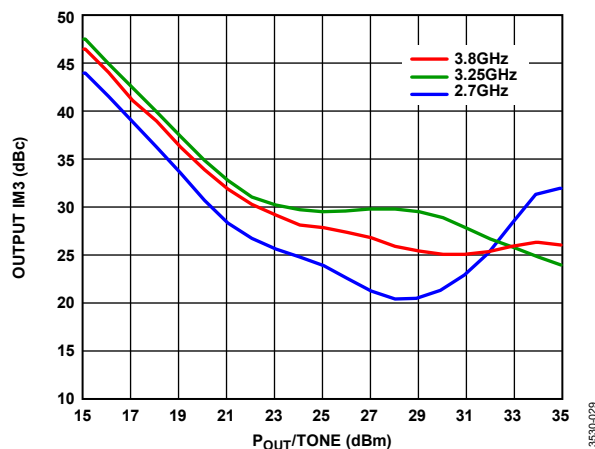
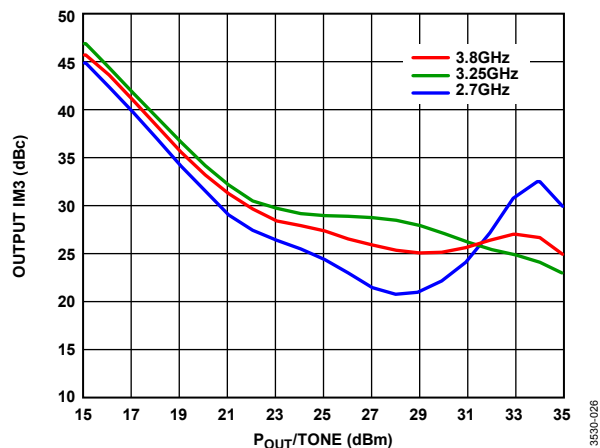
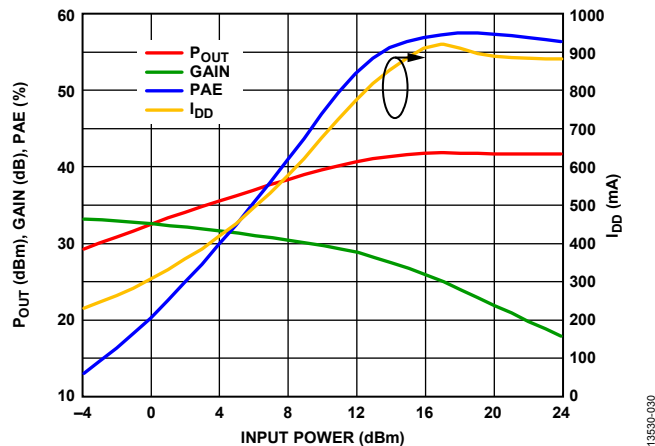
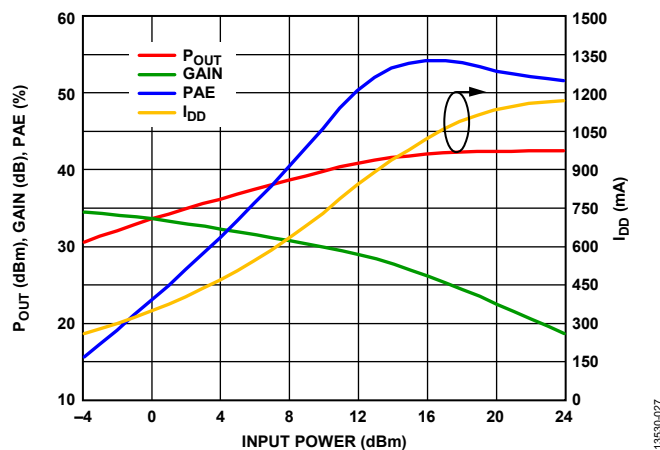
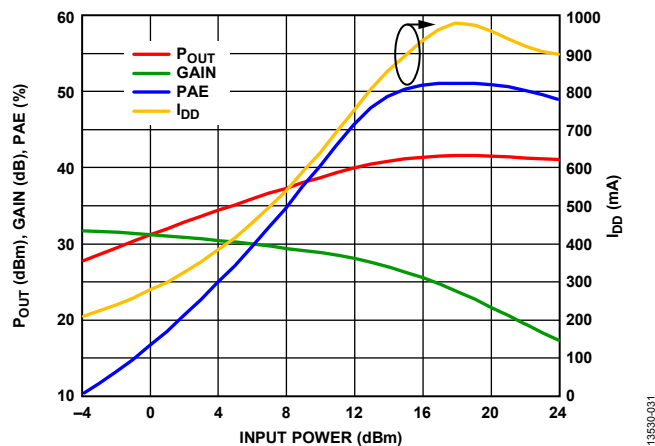


Figure 25. Output Third-Order Intermodulation ( $IM_3$ ) vs.  $P_{OUT}/Tone$  at  $V_{DD} = 20$  V

Figure 26. Output Third-Order Intermodulation (IM3) vs.  $P_{OUT}/Tone$  at  $V_{DD} = 25 V$ Figure 29. Output Third-Order Intermodulation (IM3) vs.  $P_{OUT}/Tone$  at  $V_{DD} = 32 V$ Figure 27. Output Third-Order Intermodulation (IM3) vs.  $P_{OUT}/Tone$  at  $V_{DD} = 28 V$ Figure 30. Output Power ( $P_{OUT}$ ), Gain, Power Added Efficiency (PAE), and Supply Current ( $I_{DD}$ ) vs. Input Power at 3.2 GHzFigure 28. Output Power ( $P_{OUT}$ ), Gain, Power Added Efficiency (PAE), and Supply Current ( $I_{DD}$ ) vs. Input Power at 2.7 GHzFigure 31. Output Power ( $P_{OUT}$ ), Gain, Power Added Efficiency (PAE), and Supply Current ( $I_{DD}$ ) vs. Input Power at 3.8 GHz

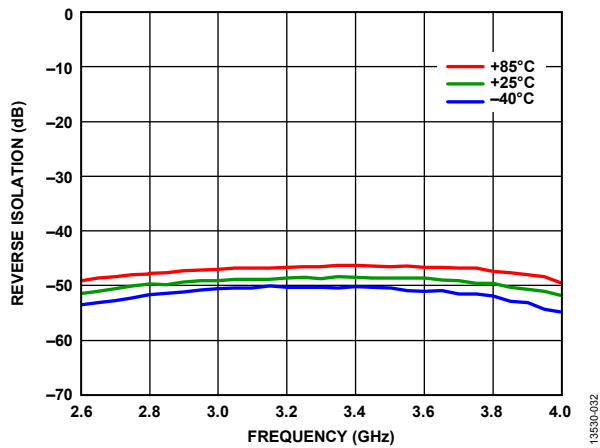


Figure 32. Reverse Isolation vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures

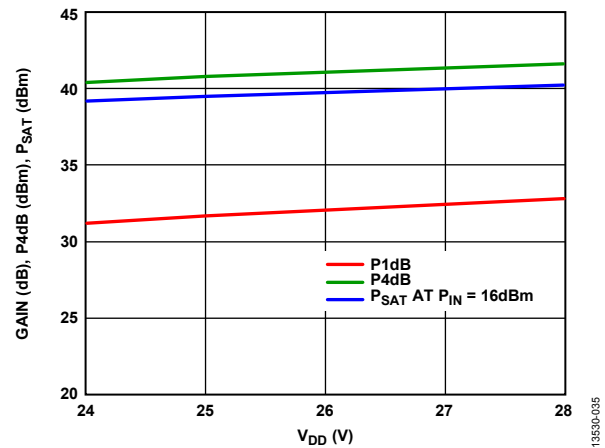
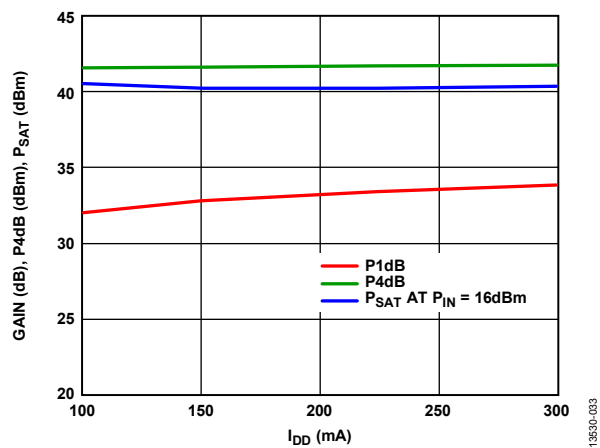
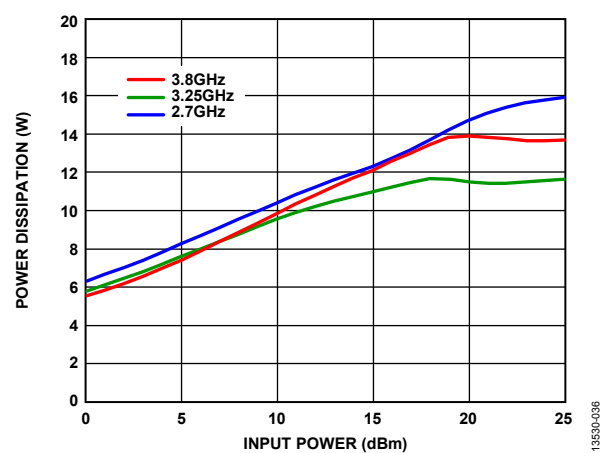
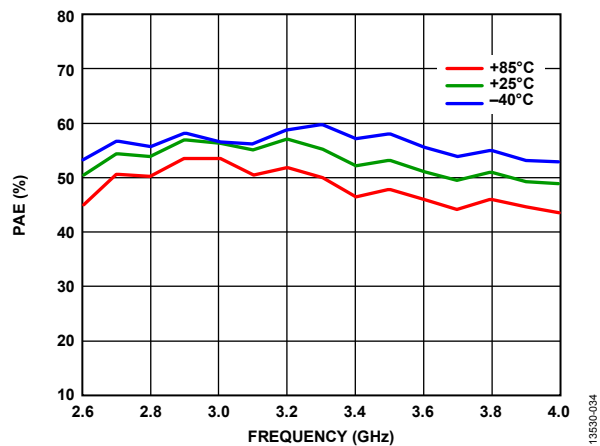
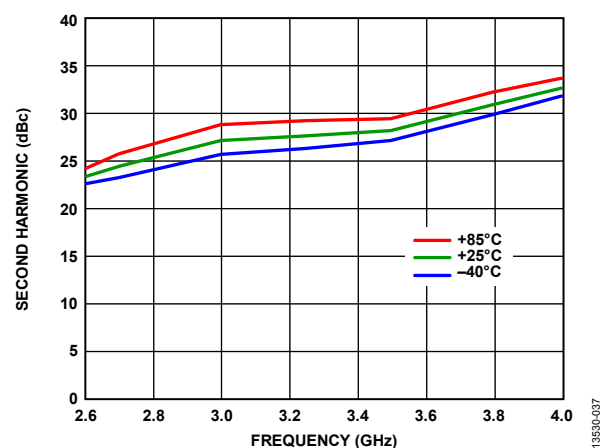
Figure 35. Gain, P4dB, and  $P_{SAT}$  vs. Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ) at 3.2 GHzFigure 33. Gain, Output Power for 4 dB Compression ( $P_{4dB}$ ), and Saturated Output Power ( $P_{SAT}$ ) vs. Supply Current ( $I_{DD}$ )

Figure 36. Power Dissipation vs. Input Power at 85°C

Figure 34. Power Added Efficiency (PAE) vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures,  $P_{IN} = 16$  dBmFigure 37. Second Harmonic vs. Frequency at Various Temperatures,  $P_{OUT} = 30$  dBm

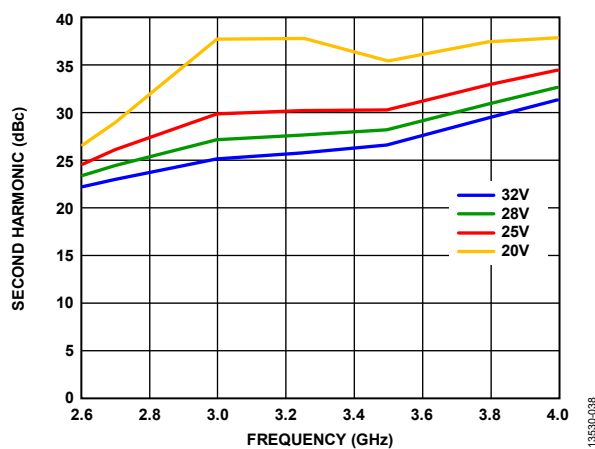


Figure 38. Second Harmonic vs. Frequency at Various Supply Voltages,  
 $P_{OUT} = 30 \text{ dBm}$

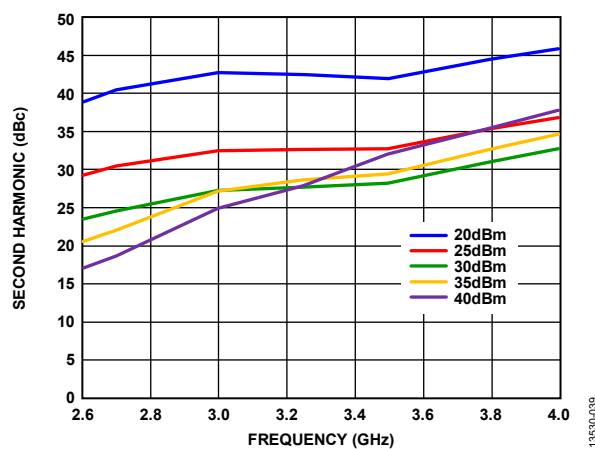


Figure 39. Second Harmonic vs. Frequency at Various Output Powers

## THEORY OF OPERATION

The **HMC1114** is a 10 W, gallium nitride (GaN), power amplifier that consists of two gain stages in series, and the basic block diagram for the amplifier is shown in Figure 40.

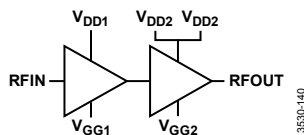


Figure 40. Basic Block Diagram

The recommended dc bias conditions put the device in deep Class AB operation, resulting in high  $P_{SAT}$  (41.5 dBm typical) at improved levels of PAE (54% typical). The voltage applied to the  $V_{GG1}$  and  $V_{GG2}$  pads sets the gate bias of the field effect transistors (FETs), providing control of the drain current. For this reason, the application of a bias voltage to the  $V_{GG1}$  and  $V_{GG2}$  pads is required and not optional.

The **HMC1114** has single-ended input and output ports whose impedances are nominally equal to  $50\ \Omega$  over the 2.7 GHz to 3.8 GHz frequency range. Consequently, it can directly insert into a  $50\ \Omega$  system with no required impedance matching circuitry, which also means that multiple **HMC1114** amplifiers can be cascaded back to back without the need for external matching circuitry. The input and output impedances are sufficiently stable vs. variations in temperature and supply voltage that no impedance matching compensation is required.

Note that it is critical to supply very low inductance ground connections to the GND pins and the package base exposed pad to ensure stable operation. To achieve optimal performance from the **HMC1114** and prevent damage to the device, do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Figure 41 shows the basic connections for operating the HMC1114. The RFIN port is dc-coupled. An appropriate valued external dc block capacitor is required at RFIN port. The RFOUT port has on-chip dc block capacitors that eliminate the need for external ac coupling capacitors.

### RECOMMENDED BIAS SEQUENCE

#### During Power-Up

The recommended bias sequence during power-up is the following:

1. Connect to ground.
2. Set  $V_{GG1}$  and  $V_{GG2}$  to  $-8$  V.
3. Set  $V_{DD1}$  and  $V_{DD2}$  to 28 V.
4. Increase  $V_{GG1}$  and  $V_{GG2}$  to achieve a typical  $I_{DQ} = 150$  mA.
5. Apply the RF signal.

#### During Power-Down

The recommended bias sequence during power-down is the following:

1. Turn off the RF signal.
2. Decrease  $V_{GG1}$  to  $-8$  V to achieve a typical  $I_{DQ} = 0$  mA.
3. Decrease  $V_{DD1}$  and  $V_{DD2}$  to 0 V.
4. Increase  $V_{GG1}$  to 0 V.

Unless otherwise noted, all measurements and data shown were taken using the typical application circuit (see Figure 41) on the evaluation board (see Figure 42) and biased per the conditions in the Recommended Bias Sequence section. The  $V_{DD1}$  and two  $V_{DD2}$  pins are connected together. Similarly, the  $V_{GG1}$  and  $V_{GG2}$  pins are also connected together. The bias conditions shown in the Recommended Bias Sequence section are the operating points recommended to optimize the overall performance. Operation using other bias conditions may provide performance that differs from what is in Table 1 and Table 2. Increasing the  $V_{DD1}$  and  $V_{DD2}$  levels typically increase gain and  $P_{SAT}$  at the expense of power consumption. This behavior is seen in the Typical Performance Characteristics section. For applications where the  $P_{SAT}$  requirement is not stringent, reduce the  $V_{DD1}$  and the  $V_{DD2}$  of the HMC1114 to improve power consumption. To obtain the best performance while not damaging the device, follow the recommended biasing sequence outlined in the Recommended Bias Sequence section.

### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

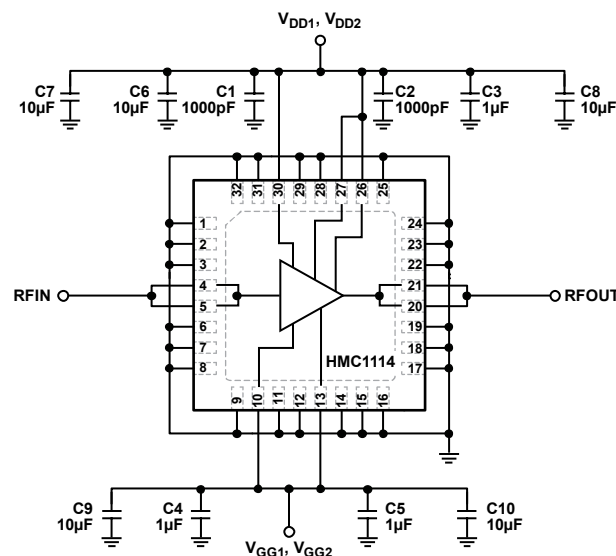


Figure 41. Typical Application Circuit

13530-040

## EVALUATION PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD (PCB)

The [EV1HMC1114LP5D](#) (600-01209-00) evaluation PCB is shown in Figure 42.

### BILL OF MATERIALS

Use RF circuit design techniques for the circuit board used in the application. Provide 50  $\Omega$  impedance for the signal lines and

directly connect the package ground leads and exposed paddle to the ground plane, similar to that shown in Figure 42. Use a sufficient number of via holes to connect the top and bottom ground planes. The evaluation PCB shown in Figure 42 is available from Analog Devices, Inc., upon request.

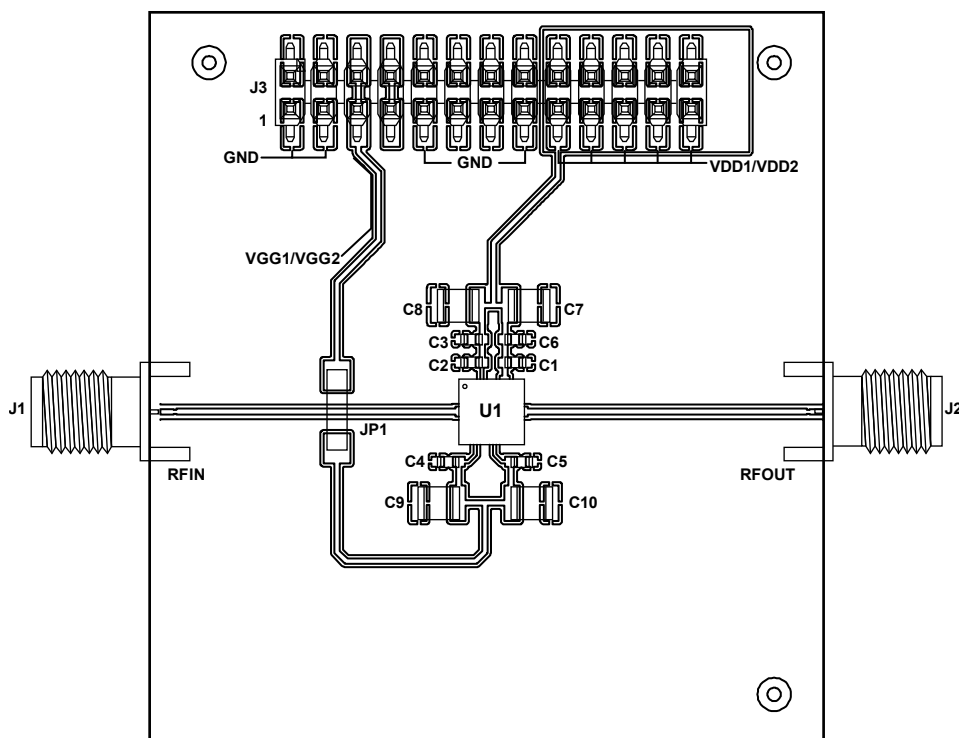


Figure 42. Evaluation Printed Circuit Board (PCB)

13830-041

Table 6. Bill of Materials for Evaluation PCB [EV1HMC1114LP5D](#) (600-01209-00)

| Item      | Description                                                                    |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| J1, J2    | SMA connectors                                                                 |
| J3        | DC pins                                                                        |
| JP1       | Preform jumper                                                                 |
| C1, C2    | 1000 pF capacitors, 0603 package                                               |
| C3 to C6  | 1 $\mu$ F capacitors, 0603 package                                             |
| C7 to C10 | 10 $\mu$ F capacitors, 1210 package                                            |
| U1        | <a href="#">HMC1114LP5DE</a>                                                   |
| PCB       | 600-01209-00 evaluation PCB; circuit board material: Rogers 4350 or Arlon 25FR |

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

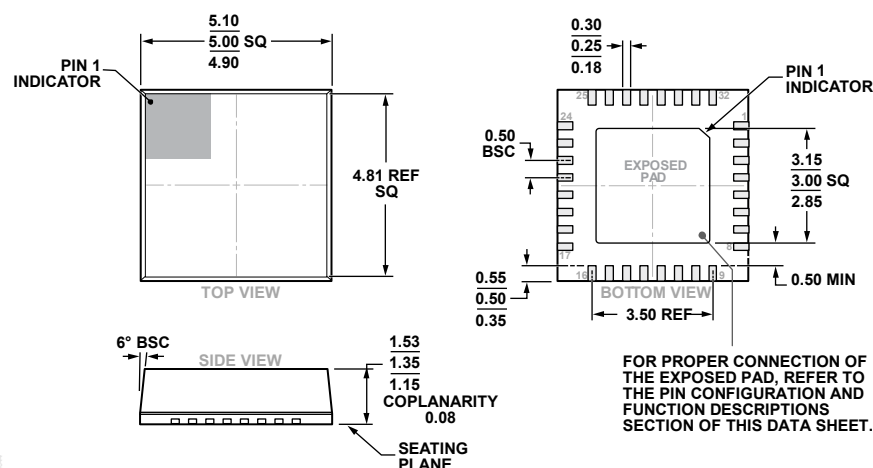


Figure 43. 32-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package, Premolded Cavity [LFCSP\_CAV]  
5 mm × 5 mm Body and 1.34 mm Package Height  
(CG-32-1)  
Dimensions shown in millimeters

## ORDERING GUIDE

| Model <sup>1, 2</sup> | Temperature    | MSL Rating <sup>3</sup> | Description <sup>4</sup>                                            | Package Option | Package Marking <sup>5</sup> |
|-----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|
| HMC1114LP5DE          | −40°C to +85°C | MSL3                    | 32-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package, Premolded Cavity [LFCSP_CAV] | CG-32-1        | H1114<br>XXXX                |
| HMC1114LP5DETR        | −40°C to +85°C | MSL3                    | 32-Lead Lead Frame Chip Scale Package, Premolded Cavity [LFCSP_CAV] | CG-32-1        | H1114<br>XXXX                |
| EV1HMC1114LP5D        |                |                         | Evaluation Board                                                    |                |                              |

<sup>1</sup> The HMC1114LP5DE and the HMC1114LP5DETR are LFCSP premolded copper alloy lead frame and RoHS Compliant Parts.

<sup>2</sup> When ordering the evaluation board only, reference the EV1HMC1114LP5D model number.

<sup>3</sup> See the Absolute Maximum Ratings section for additional information.

<sup>4</sup> The lead finish of the HMC1114LP5DE and HMC1114LP5DETR are nickel palladium gold (NiPdAu).

<sup>5</sup> The HMC1114LP5DE and HMC1114LP5DETR four-digit lot number is represented by XXXX.