

Automotive integrated H-bridge

Features

| Type | R _{DS(on)} | I _{out} | V _{CCmax} |
|-------------|------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| VNH7013XP-E | 13 mΩ typ (per leg) | 40 A | 72 V ⁽¹⁾ |

1. Per leg: sum of the two BV_{dss} (HSD + LSD);
V_{CC} > 36 V whole bridge must be switched off;

- Maximum V_{CC} voltage: 72 V
- 10 V compatible inputs
- R_{DS(on)} per leg: 13 mΩ typical
- Embedded thermal sensor: -8.1 mV/°K
- Very low stray inductance in power line



Description

The VNH7013XP-E is an automotive integrated H-bridge intended for a wide range of automotive applications driving DC motors. The device incorporates a dual channel and two single channel MOSFETs. All the devices are designed using STMicroelectronics® well known and proven proprietary VIPower® M0-S7 technology that allows to integrate in a package four different channels in H-bridge topology.

This package, specifically designed for the harsh automotive environment offers improved thermal performance thanks to exposed die pads. Moreover, its fully symmetrical mechanical design allows superior manufacturability at board level.

Table 1. Device summary

| Package | Order codes | |
|----------------|-------------|---------------|
| | Tube | Tape and reel |
| PowerSSO-36 TP | VNH7013XP-E | VNH7013XPTR-E |

Contents

- 1 Block diagram and pin description 5**

- 2 Electrical specifications 7**
 - 2.1 Absolute maximum rating 7
 - 2.2 Electrical characteristics 8

- 3 Package and PCB thermal data 15**
 - 3.1 PowerSSO-36 thermal data 15
 - 3.1.1 Thermal calculation in clockwise and anti-clockwise operation in steady-state mode 16
 - 3.1.2 Thermal resistances definition (values according to the PCB heatsink area) 17
 - 3.1.3 Thermal calculation in transient mode 17
 - 3.1.4 Single pulse thermal impedance definition (values according to the PCB heatsink area) 17

- 4 Package and packing information 20**
 - 4.1 ECOPACK® packages 20
 - 4.2 PowerSSO-36 TP package information 20
 - 4.3 PowerSSO-36 TP packing information 22

- 5 Revision history 23**

List of tables

| | | |
|-----------|--|----|
| Table 1. | Device summary | 1 |
| Table 2. | Pin definitions and functions | 6 |
| Table 3. | Absolute maximum rating | 7 |
| Table 4. | Power off. | 8 |
| Table 5. | Power on. | 8 |
| Table 6. | Dynamic | 8 |
| Table 7. | Gate resistance. | 9 |
| Table 8. | Source drain diode | 9 |
| Table 9. | Switching on HSD. | 9 |
| Table 10. | Switching on LSD | 9 |
| Table 11. | Switching off HSD. | 9 |
| Table 12. | Switching off LSD | 10 |
| Table 13. | Thermal sensor. | 10 |
| Table 14. | Thermal calculation in clockwise and anti-clockwise operation in steady-state mode | 16 |
| Table 15. | Thermal parameters | 19 |
| Table 16. | PowerSSO-36 TP mechanical data | 21 |
| Table 17. | Document revision history | 23 |

List of figures

| | | |
|------------|---|----|
| Figure 1. | Block diagram | 5 |
| Figure 2. | Configuration diagram | 5 |
| Figure 3. | Single pulse maximum current | 7 |
| Figure 4. | Gate charge vs gate-source voltage HS | 10 |
| Figure 5. | Gate charge vs gate-source voltage LS | 11 |
| Figure 6. | Capacitance variations HS | 11 |
| Figure 7. | Capacitance variations LS | 12 |
| Figure 8. | Thermal sensor voltage vs temperature | 12 |
| Figure 9. | Gate charge test circuit | 13 |
| Figure 10. | Test circuit for inductive load switching and diode recovery times | 13 |
| Figure 11. | Switching times test circuit for resistive load | 14 |
| Figure 12. | PowerSSO-36 PC board | 15 |
| Figure 13. | Chipset configuration | 16 |
| Figure 14. | Auto and mutual $R_{thj-amb}$ vs PCB copper area in open box free air condition | 16 |
| Figure 15. | PowerSSO-36 HSD thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse | 18 |
| Figure 16. | PowerSSO-36 LSD thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse | 18 |
| Figure 17. | Thermal fitting model of an H-bridge in PowerSSO-36 | 19 |
| Figure 18. | PowerSSO-36 TP package dimensions | 20 |
| Figure 19. | PowerSSO-36 TP tube shipment (no suffix) | 22 |
| Figure 20. | PowerSSO-36 TP tape and reel shipment (suffix "TR") | 22 |

1 Block diagram and pin description

Figure 1. Block diagram

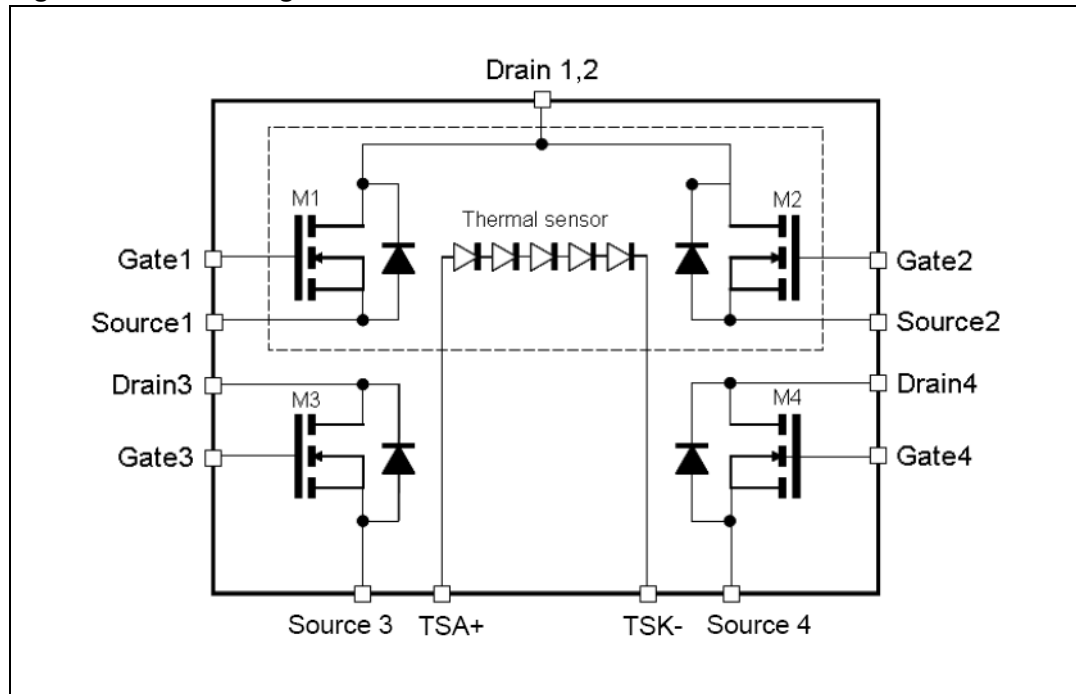


Figure 2. Configuration diagram

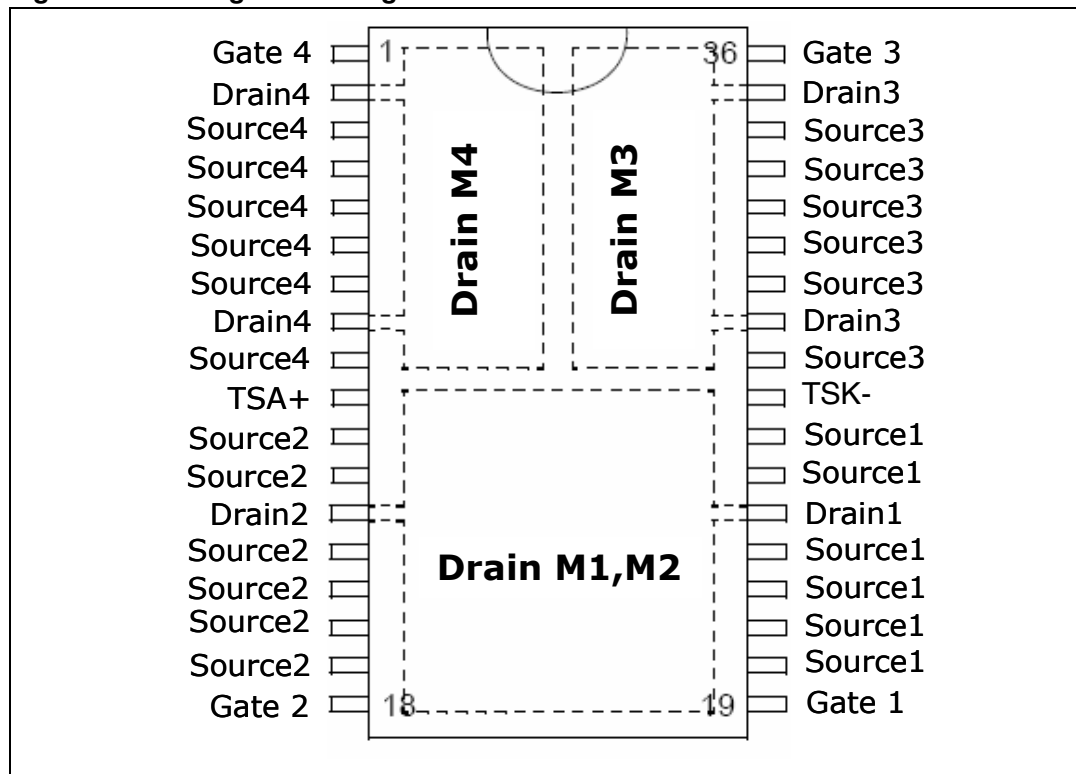


Table 2. Pin definitions and functions

| Pin number | Symbol | Function |
|---------------------------|----------|------------------------|
| 1 | Gate 4 | Gate of the LSD 4 |
| 2, 8 | Drain 4 | Drain of the LSD 4 |
| 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9 | Source 4 | Source of the LSD 4 |
| 10 | TSA+ | Thermal sensor anode |
| 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17 | Source 2 | Source of the HSD 2 |
| 13 | Drain 2 | Drain of the HSD 2 |
| 18 | Gate 2 | Gate of the HSD 2 |
| 19 | Gate 1 | Gate of the HSD 1 |
| 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 26 | Source 1 | Source of the HSD 1 |
| 24 | Drain 1 | Drain of the HSD 1 |
| 27 | TSK- | Thermal sensor cathode |
| 28, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34 | Source 3 | Source of the LSD 3 |
| 29, 35 | Drain 3 | Drain of the LSD 3 |
| 36 | Gate 3 | Gate of the LSD 3 |

2 Electrical specifications

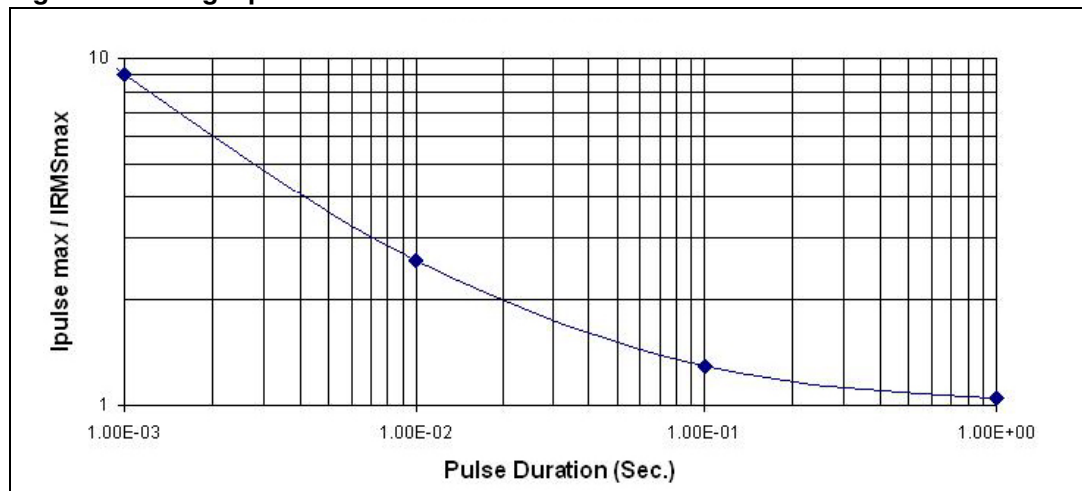
2.1 Absolute maximum rating

Table 3. Absolute maximum rating

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
|------------------|--|-------------------|------|
| V_{CC} | Supply voltage (whole bridge switched off) | 72 | V |
| I_{max} | Maximum output current (continuous) | 40 | A |
| V_{GS_max} | Maximum gate source voltage | 18 | V |
| I_{Pulse_max} | Maximum Single Pulse output current | 80 ⁽¹⁾ | A |
| T_j | Junction operating temperature | 175 | °C |
| T_c | Case operating temperature | -40 to 150 | °C |
| T_{STG} | Storage temperature | -55 to 150 | °C |
| I_S | Diode continuous forward current | 40 | A |

1. Pulse duration = 20 ms (see [Figure 3](#)).

Figure 3. Single pulse maximum current



2.2 Electrical characteristics

$T_j = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified.

Table 4. Power off

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------|---|---|------|------|-----------|---------------|
| $V_{(BR)DSS}$ | Drain-source breakdown voltage | $I_D = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ | 36 | — | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero gate voltage drain current ($V_{GS}=0V$) | $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$; $-40\text{ °C} < T_j < 150\text{ °C}$ | | — | 100 | μA |
| | | $V_{DS} = 28\text{ V}$; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ | | — | 10 | μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-source leakage current ($V_{DS}=0V$) | $V_{GS} = \pm 10\text{ V}$ | | — | ± 100 | nA |

Table 5. Power on

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------|---|---|------|------|------|-----------------------|
| $V_{GS(th)}$ | Gate threshold voltage | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$; $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$ | 2 | | 4 | V |
| $dV_{GS(th)}/dT$ | Gate threshold voltage temperature derating | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}$; $I_D = 1\text{ mA}$ | | 7.5 | | $\text{mV}/\text{°C}$ |
| $R_{DS(on)HS}$ | Static drain-source on resistance | $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$; $I_D = 5\text{ A}$; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ | | 5.7 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$; $I_D = 5\text{ A}$; $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$ | | | 11.9 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| $R_{DS(on)LS}$ | Static drain-source on resistance | $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$; $I_D = 5\text{ A}$; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ | | 7.3 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$; $I_D = 5\text{ A}$; $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$ | | | 15.1 | $\text{m}\Omega$ |

Table 6. Dynamic

| Symbol | Parameter | Test condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|------------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| $G_{fs_HS}^{(1)}$ | Forward transconductance | $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}$; $I_D = 20\text{ A}$; $T_j = 25\text{ °C}$ | — | 20 | — | S |
| $G_{fs_LS}^{(1)}$ | Forward transconductance | | — | 17.5 | — | S |
| C_{iss_HS} | Input capacitance | $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ (see Figure 6) | — | 1836 | — | pF |
| C_{oss_HS} | Output capacitance | | — | 426 | — | pF |
| C_{rss_HS} | Reverse transfer capacitance | | — | 55 | — | pF |
| C_{iss_LS} | Input capacitance | $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$; $f = 1\text{ MHz}$; $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ (see Figure 7) | — | 1250 | — | pF |
| C_{oss_LS} | Output capacitance | | — | 311 | — | pF |
| C_{rss_LS} | Reverse transfer capacitance | | — | 49 | — | pF |

1. Pulsed: pulse duration = 300 μs , duty cycle 1.5%.

Table 7. Gate resistance

| Symbol | Parameter | Test condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------|--------------------|---|------|------|------|------|
| R _{G_HS} | Gate resistance HS | V _{DD} = 15 V; f _{gate} = 1 MHz | — | 20 | — | Ω |
| R _{G_LS} | Gate resistance LS | | — | 13 | — | Ω |

Table 8. Source drain diode

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| V _{SD} ⁽¹⁾ | Forward on voltage | I _{SD} = 20 A; V _{GS} = 0 V; T _j = 25 °C | — | 0.9 | 1.1 | V |
| t _{rr} | Reverse recovery time | I _{SD} = 20 A; di/dt = 100 A/μs; V _{DD} = 20 V; T _j = 150 °C (see Figure 10) | — | 50 | | ns |
| Q _{rr} | Reverse recovery charge | | — | 28 | | nC |
| I _{RRM} | Reverse recovery current | | — | 0.8 | | A |

1. Pulse width limited by safe operating area.

Table 9. Switching on HSD

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| t _{d(on)} | Turn on delay time | V _{DD} = 15 V; I _D = 20 A; R _G = 4.7 Ω; V _{GS} = 10 V | — | 53 | — | ns |
| t _r | Rise time | | — | 319 | — | ns |
| Q _g | Total gate charge | V _{DD} = 15 V; I _D = 20 A; V _{GS} = 10 V (see Figure 4 and Figure 9) | — | 36 | — | nC |
| Q _{gs} | Gate-source charge | | — | 8.5 | — | nC |
| Q _{gd} | Gate-drain charge | | — | 5 | — | nC |

Table 10. Switching on LSD

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------|--------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| t _{d(on)} | Turn on delay time | V _{DD} = 15 V; I _D = 20 A; R _G = 4.7 Ω; V _{GS} = 10 V | — | 53 | — | ns |
| t _r | Rise time | | — | 430 | — | ns |
| Q _g | Total gate charge | V _{DD} = 15 V; I _D = 20 A; V _{GS} = 10 V (see Figure 5 and Figure 9) | — | 23 | — | nC |
| Q _{gs} | Gate-source charge | | — | 6 | — | nC |
| Q _{gd} | Gate-drain charge | | — | 2.5 | — | nC |

Table 11. Switching off HSD

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|---------------------|--|------|------|------|------|
| t _{d(off)} | Turn-off delay time | V _{DD} = 15 V; I _D = 20 A; R _G = 4.7 Ω; V _{GS} = 10 V (see Figure 11) | — | 253 | — | ns |
| t _f | Fall time | | — | 169 | — | ns |

Table 12. Switching off LSD

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------|---------------------|---|------|------|------|------|
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-off delay time | $V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}; I_D = 20\text{ A};$ $R_G = 4.7\ \Omega; V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (see Figure 11) | — | 124 | — | ns |
| t_f | Fall time | | — | 293 | — | ns |

Table 13. Thermal sensor⁽¹⁾

| Symbol | Parameter | Test conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|--------|-------------------------------|---|------|------|------|-------|
| V_F | Chain diode forward voltage | $T_j = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ (see Figure 8) | 3.72 | 3.88 | 4.04 | V |
| S_F | Chain temperature coefficient | $-40\text{ }^\circ\text{C} < T_j < 175\text{ }^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ | | -8.1 | | mV/°K |

1. See [Figure 8](#).

Figure 4. Gate charge vs gate-source voltage HS

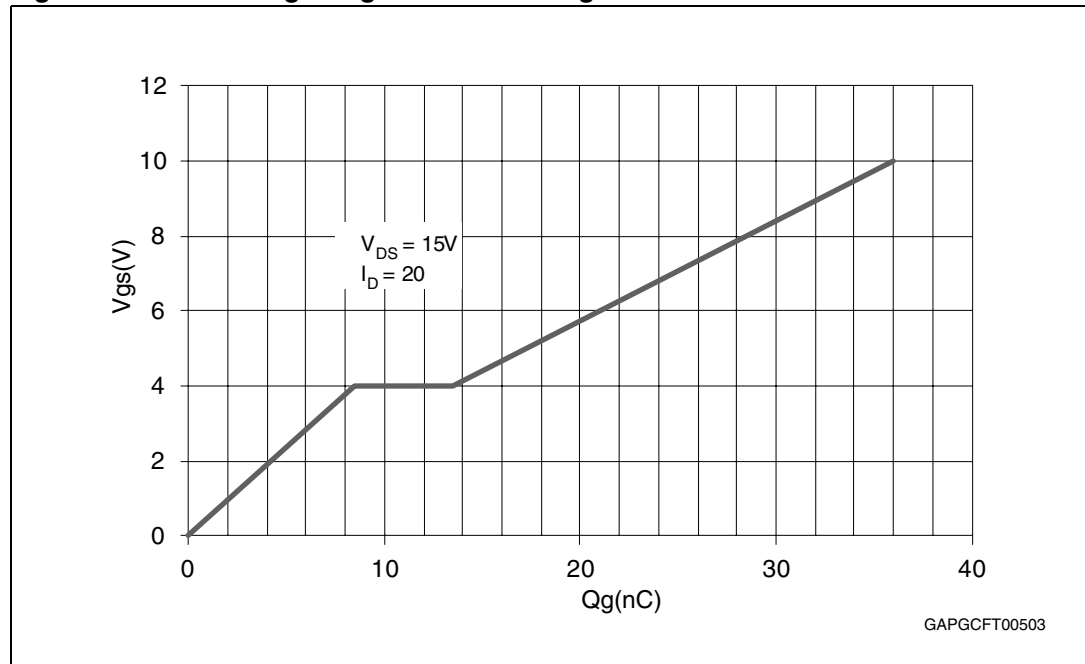


Figure 5. Gate charge vs gate-source voltage LS

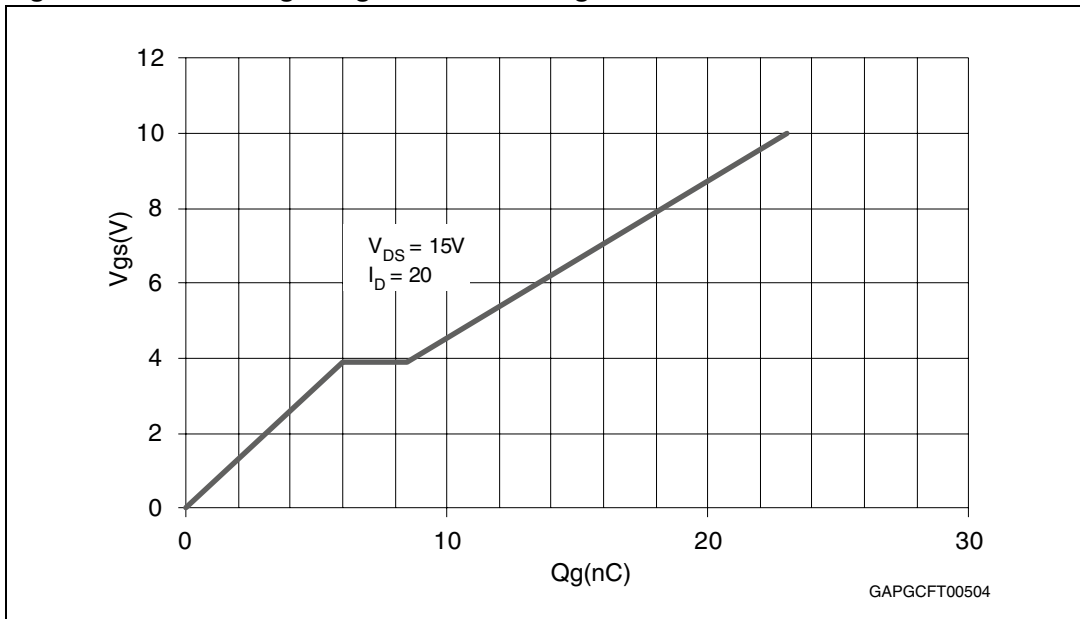


Figure 6. Capacitance variations HS

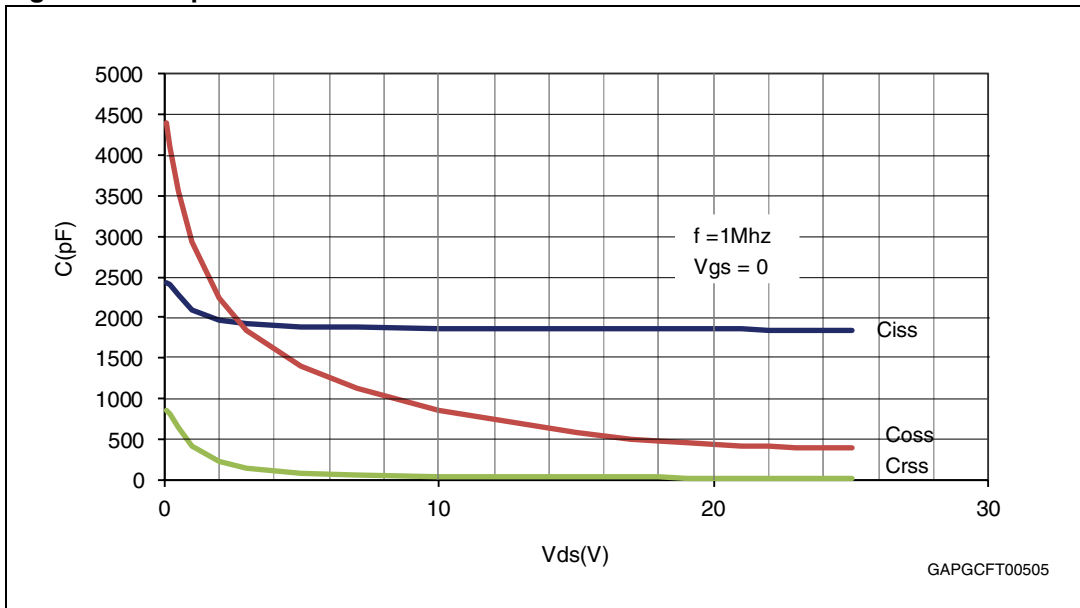


Figure 7. Capacitance variations LS

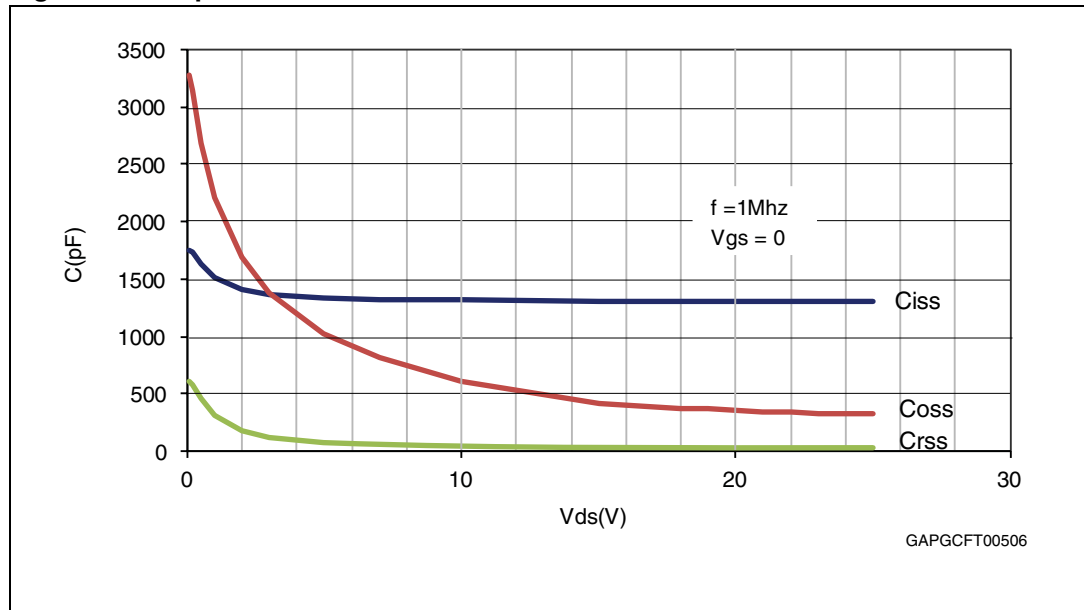


Figure 8. Thermal sensor voltage vs temperature

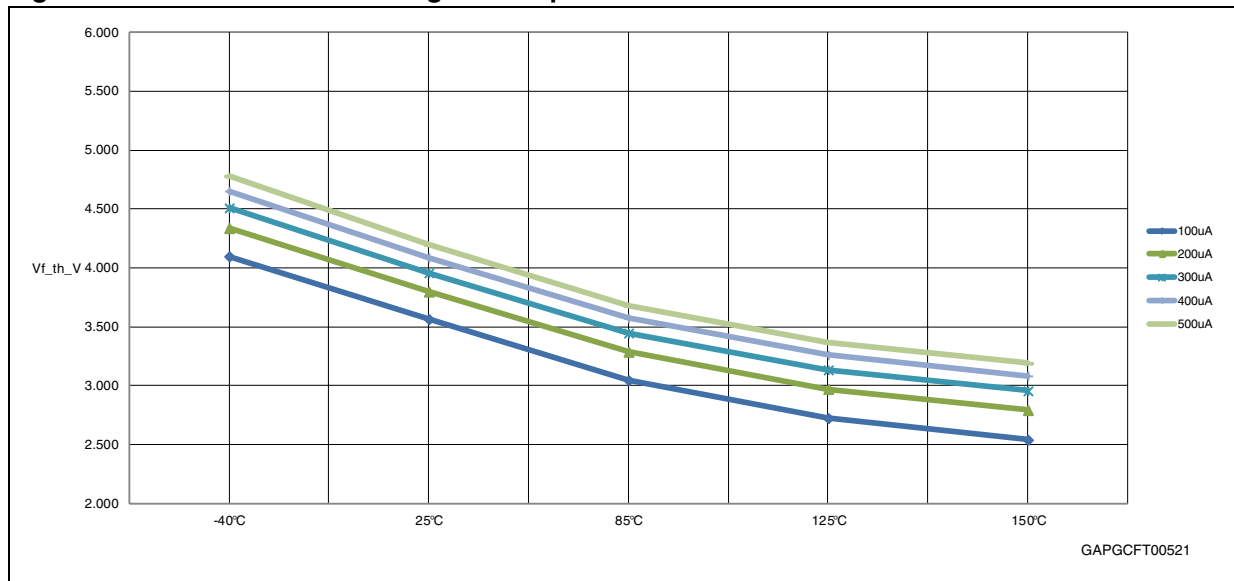


Figure 9. Gate charge test circuit

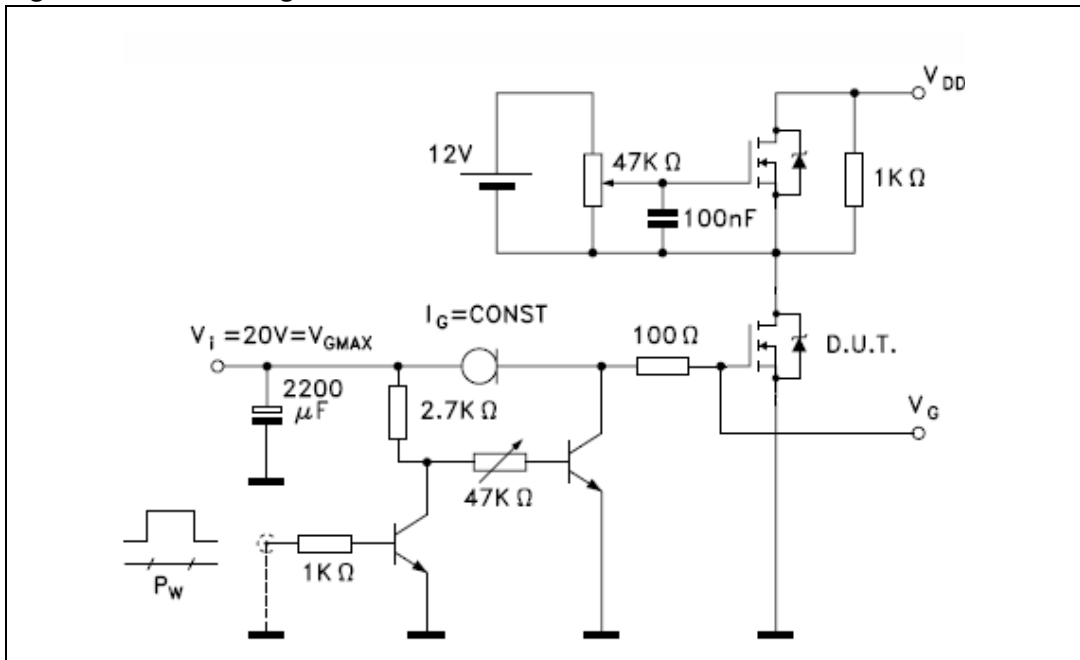


Figure 10. Test circuit for inductive load switching and diode recovery times

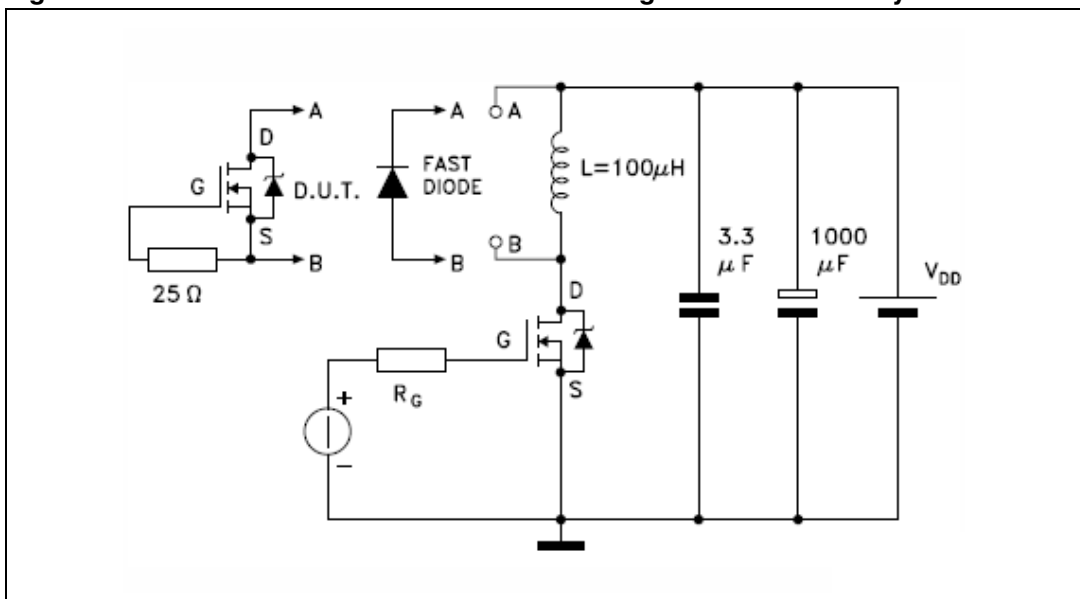
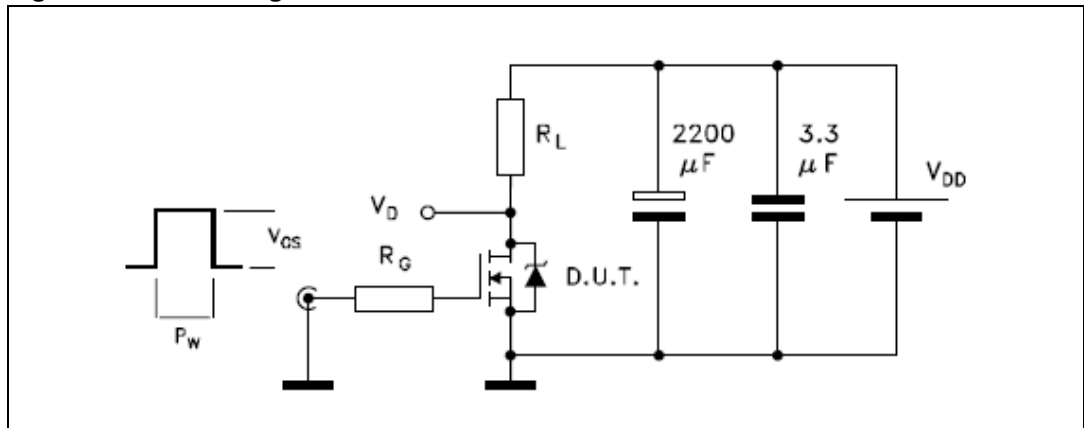


Figure 11. Switching times test circuit for resistive load



3 Package and PCB thermal data

3.1 PowerSSO-36 thermal data

Figure 12. PowerSSO-36 PC board

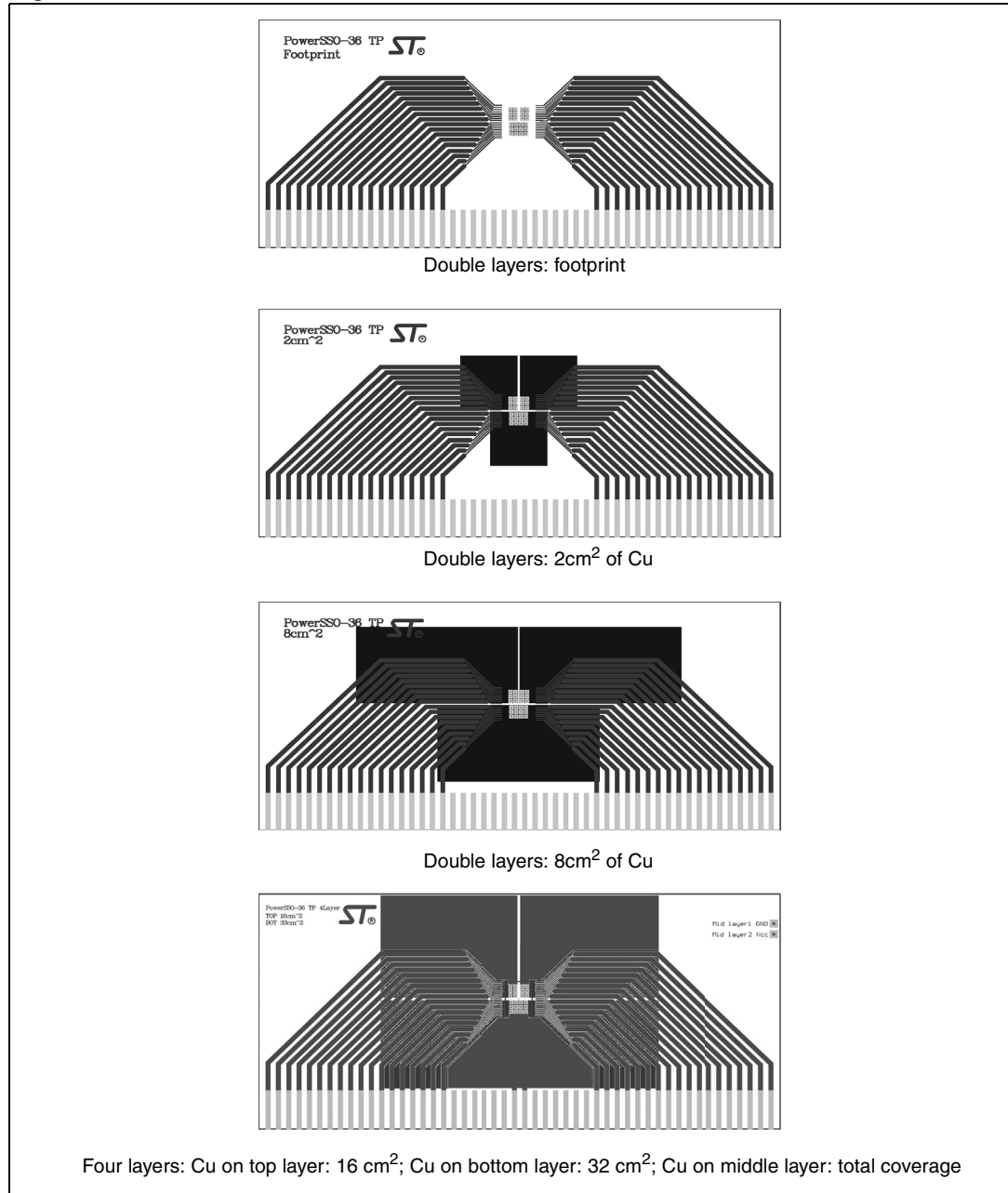


Figure 13. Chipset configuration

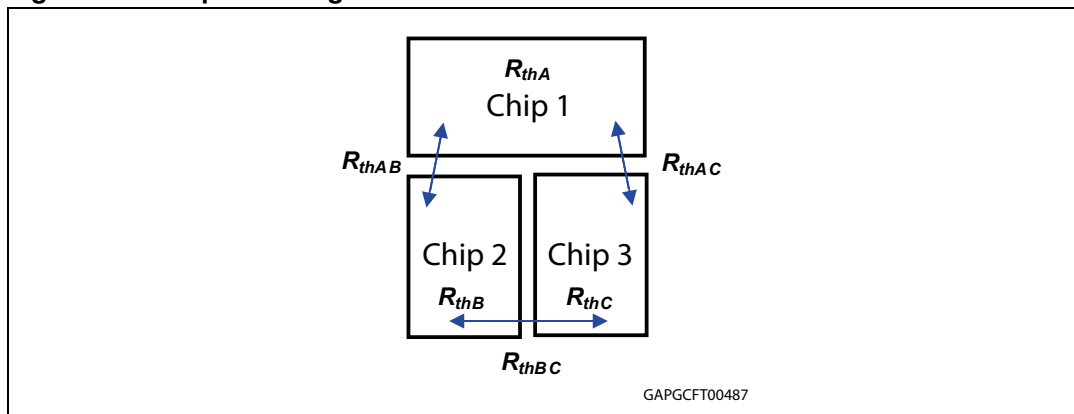
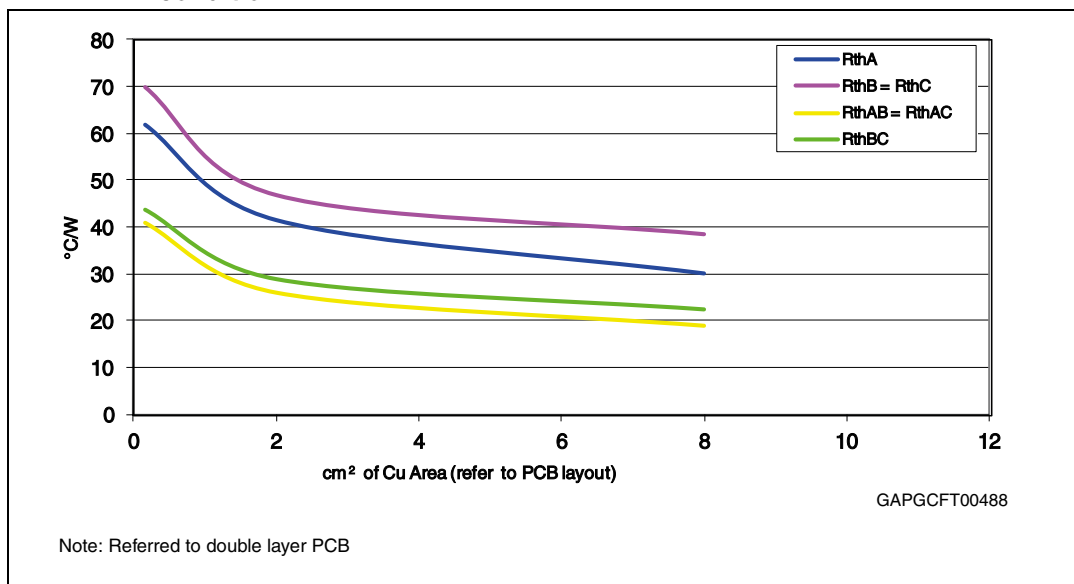


Figure 14. Auto and mutual $R_{thj-amb}$ vs PCB copper area in open box free air condition



3.1.1 Thermal calculation in clockwise and anti-clockwise operation in steady-state mode

Table 14. Thermal calculation in clockwise and anti-clockwise operation in steady-state mode

| HS _A | HS _B | LS _A | LS _B | T _{jHSAB} | T _{jLSA} | T _{jLSB} |
|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---|---|---|
| ON | OFF | OFF | ON | $P_{dHS_A} \times R_{thHS} + P_{dLS_B} \times R_{thHSLS} + T_{amb}$ | $P_{dHS_A} \times R_{thHSLS} + P_{dLS_B} \times R_{thLSLS} + T_{amb}$ | $P_{dHS_A} \times R_{thHSLS} + P_{dLS_B} \times R_{thLS} + T_{amb}$ |
| OFF | ON | ON | OFF | $P_{dHS_B} \times R_{thHS} + P_{dLS_A} \times R_{thHSLS} + T_{amb}$ | $P_{dHS_B} \times R_{thHSLS} + P_{dLS_A} \times R_{thLS} + T_{amb}$ | $P_{dHS_B} \times R_{thHSLS} + P_{dLS_A} \times R_{thLSLS} + T_{amb}$ |

3.1.2 Thermal resistances definition (values according to the PCB heatsink area)

$R_{thHS} = R_{thHSA} = R_{thHSB}$ = High Side Chip Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient (HS_A or HS_B in ON state)

$R_{thLS} = R_{thLSA} = R_{thLSB}$ = Low Side Chip Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient

$R_{thHSLS} = R_{thHSALS} = R_{thHSBLS}$ = Mutual Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient between High Side and Low Side Chips

$R_{thLSLS} = R_{thLSALS}$ = Mutual Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient between Low Side Chips

3.1.3 Thermal calculation in transient mode^(a)

$T_{jHSAB} = Z_{thHS} \times P_{dHSAB} + Z_{thHSLS} \times (P_{dLSA} + P_{dLSB}) + T_{amb}$

$T_{jLSA} = Z_{thHSLS} \times P_{dHSAB} + Z_{thLS} \times P_{dLSA} + Z_{thLSLS} \times P_{dLSB} + T_{amb}$

$T_{jLSB} = Z_{thHSLS} \times P_{dHSAB} + Z_{thLSLS} \times P_{dLSA} + Z_{thLS} \times P_{dLSB} + T_{amb}$

3.1.4 Single pulse thermal impedance definition (values according to the PCB heatsink area)

Z_{thHS} = High Side Chip Thermal Impedance Junction to Ambient

$Z_{thLS} = Z_{thLSA} = Z_{thLSB}$ = Low Side Chip Thermal Impedance Junction to Ambient

$Z_{thHSLS} = Z_{thHSALS} = Z_{thHSBLS}$ = Mutual Thermal Impedance Junction to Ambient between High Side and Low Side Chips

$Z_{thLSLS} = Z_{thLSALS}$ = Mutual Thermal Impedance Junction to Ambient between Low Side Chips

Equation 1: pulse calculation formula

$$Z_{TH\delta} = R_{TH} \times \delta + Z_{THtp} (1 - \delta)$$

where $\delta = t_p / T$

a. Calculation is valid in any dynamic operating condition. P_d values set by user.

Figure 15. PowerSSO-36 HSD thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse

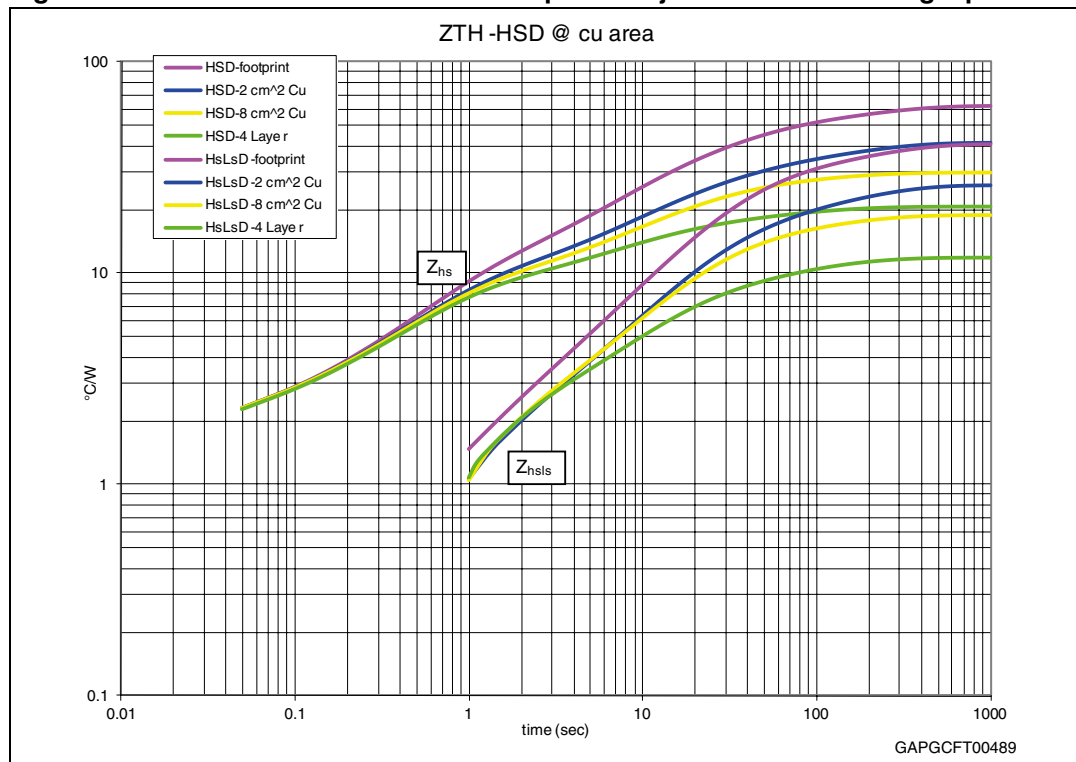


Figure 16. PowerSSO-36 LSD thermal impedance junction ambient single pulse

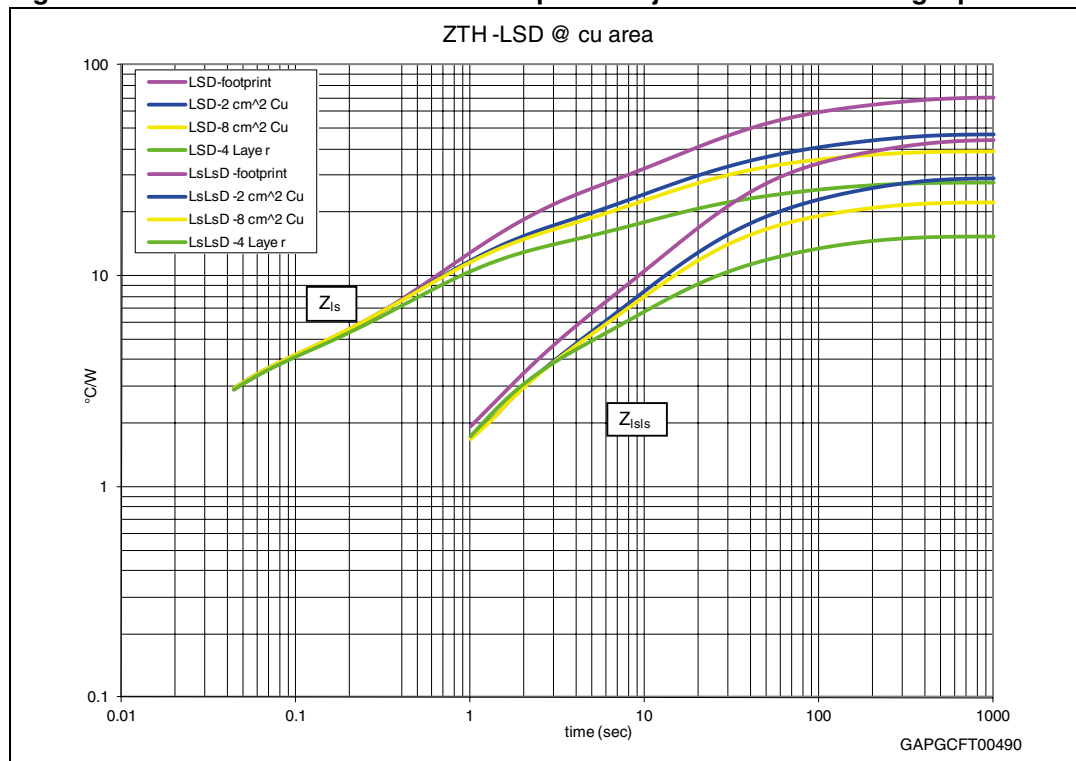


Figure 17. Thermal fitting model of an H-bridge in PowerSSO-36

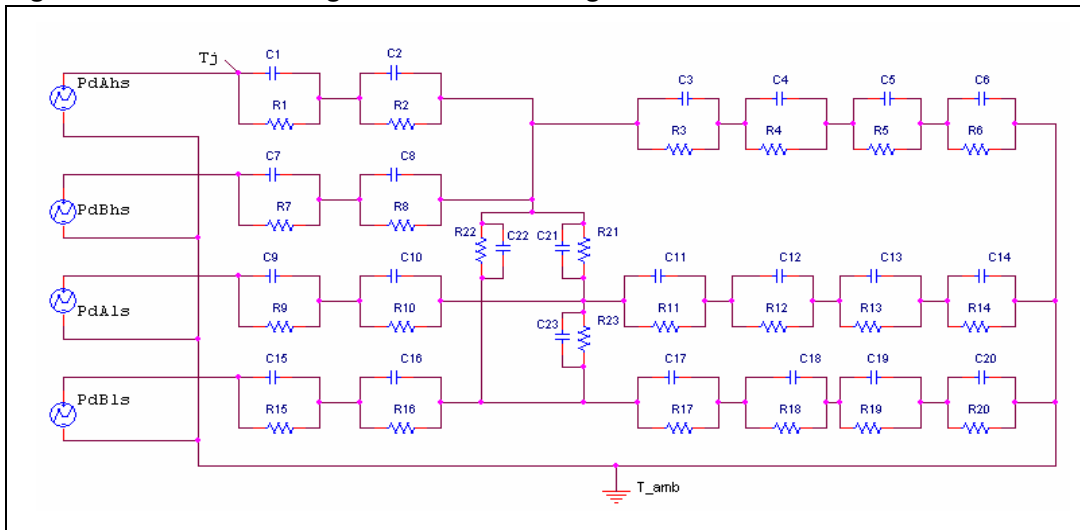


Table 15. Thermal parameters⁽¹⁾

| Area/island (cm ²) | Footprint | 2 | 8 | 4L |
|--------------------------------|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| R1 = R7 (°C/W) | 0.2 | | | |
| R2 = R8 (°C/W) | 1.6 | | | |
| R3 (°C/W) | 8 | | | |
| R4 (°C/W) | 30 | 16 | 16 | 10 |
| R5 (°C/W) | 40 | 22 | 12 | 5 |
| R6 (°C/W) | 36 | 28 | 10 | 6 |
| R9 = R15 (°C/W) | 0.1 | | | |
| R10 = R16 (°C/W) | 2.8 | | | |
| R11 = R17 (°C/W) | 22 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| R12 = R18 (°C/W) | 49 | 30 | 30 | 20 |
| R13 = R19 (°C/W) | 52 | 36 | 28 | 16 |
| R14 = R20 (°C/W) | 50 | 32 | 26 | 18 |
| R21 = R22 (°C/W) | 80 | 60 | 50 | 40 |
| R23 (°C/W) | 80 | 50 | 45 | 30 |
| C1 = C7 = C9 = C15 (W.s/°C) | 0.001 | | | |
| C2 = C8 (W.s/°C) | 0.009 | | | |
| C3 (W.s/°C) | 0.09 | | | |
| C4 (W.s/°C) | 0.5 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| C5 (W.s/°C) | 0.8 | 1.4 | 2 | 3 |
| C6 (W.s/°C) | 5 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| C10 = C16 (W.s/°C) | 0.1 | | | |
| C11 = C17 (W.s/°C) | 0.07 | | | |
| C12 = C18 (W.s/°C) | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.45 | 0.6 |
| C13 = C19 (W.s/°C) | 0.8 | 1 | 1.2 | 2.5 |
| C14 = C20 (W.s/°C) | 4 | 5 | 6 | 8 |
| C21 = C22 = C23 (W.s/°C) | 0.01 | 0.006 | 0.005 | 0.005 |

1. The blank space means that the value is the same as the previous one.

4 Package and packing information

4.1 ECOPACK® packages

In order to meet environmental requirements, ST offers these devices in different grades of ECOPACK® packages, depending on their level of environmental compliance. ECOPACK® specifications, grade definitions and product status are available at: www.st.com.

ECOPACK® is an ST trademark.

4.2 PowerSSO-36 TP package information

Figure 18. PowerSSO-36 TP package dimensions

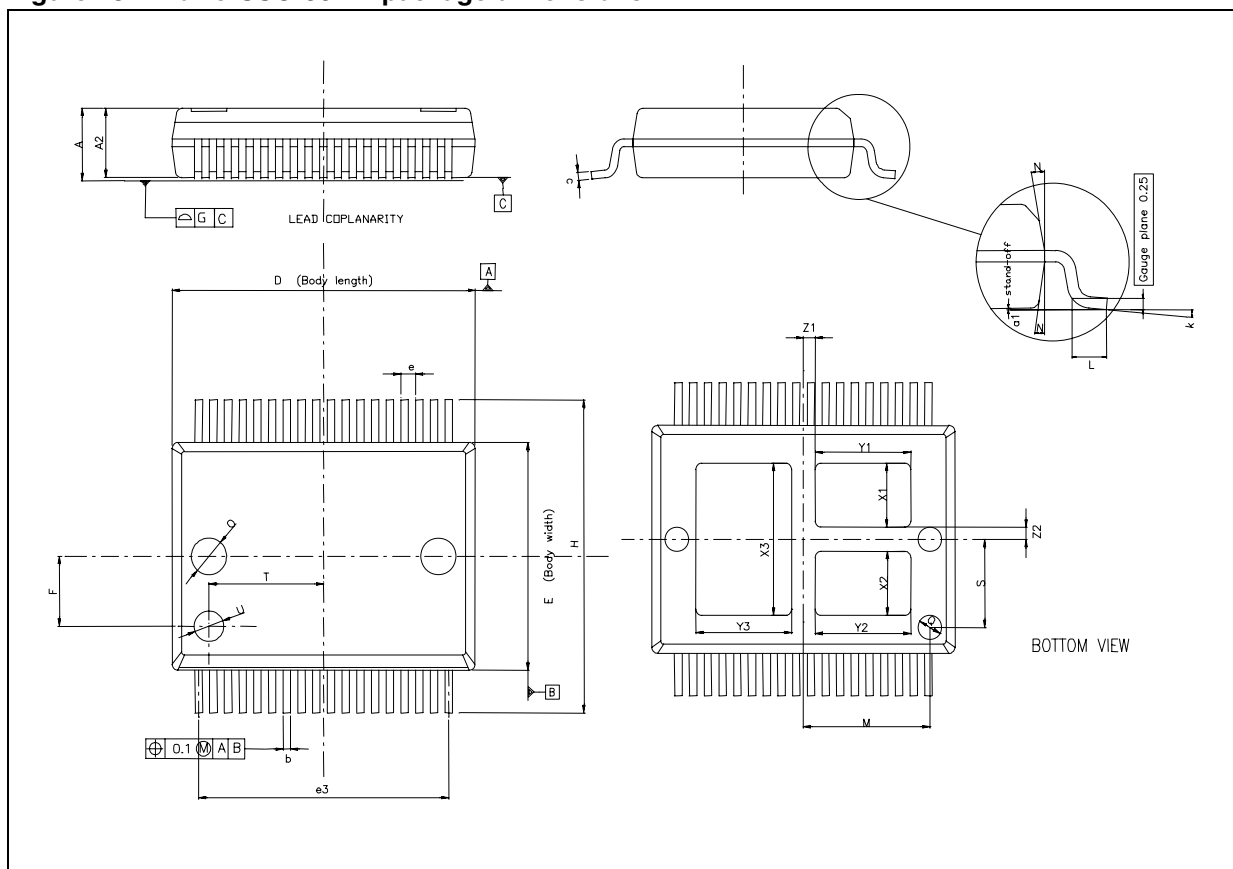


Table 16. PowerSSO-36 TP mechanical data

| Symbol | Millimeters | | |
|--------|-------------|------|--------|
| | Min. | Typ. | Max. |
| A | 2.15 | | 2.47 |
| A2 | 2.15 | | 2.40 |
| a1 | 0 | | 0.1 |
| b | 0.18 | | 0.36 |
| c | 0.23 | | 0.32 |
| D | 10.10 | | 10.50 |
| E | 7.4 | | 7.6 |
| e | | 0.5 | |
| e3 | | 8.5 | |
| F | | 2.3 | |
| G | | | 0.1 |
| H | 10.1 | | 10.5 |
| h | | | 0.4 |
| k | 0 deg | | 8 deg |
| L | 0.6 | | 1 |
| M | | 4.3 | |
| N | | | 10 deg |
| O | | 1.2 | |
| Q | | 0.8 | |
| S | | 2.9 | |
| T | | 3.65 | |
| U | | 1.0 | |
| X1 | 1.85 | | 2.35 |
| Y1 | 3 | | 3.5 |
| X2 | 1.85 | | 2.35 |
| Y2 | 3 | | 3.5 |
| X3 | 4.7 | | 5.2 |
| Y3 | 3 | | 3.5 |
| Z1 | | 0.4 | |
| Z2 | | 0.4 | |

4.3 PowerSSO-36 TP packing information

Figure 19. PowerSSO-36 TP tube shipment (no suffix)

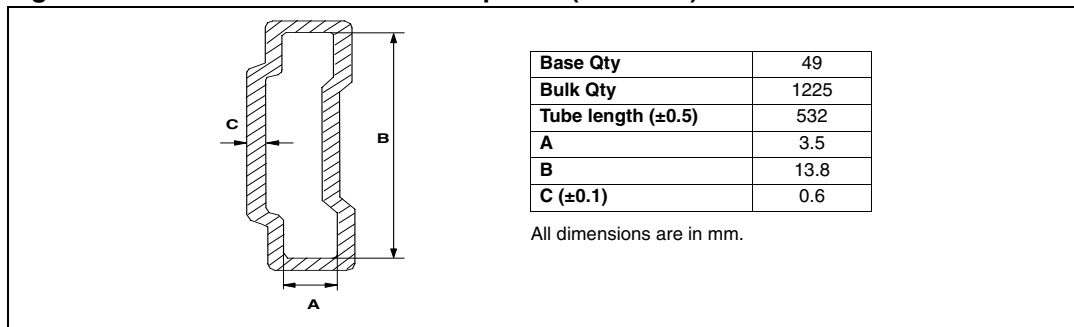
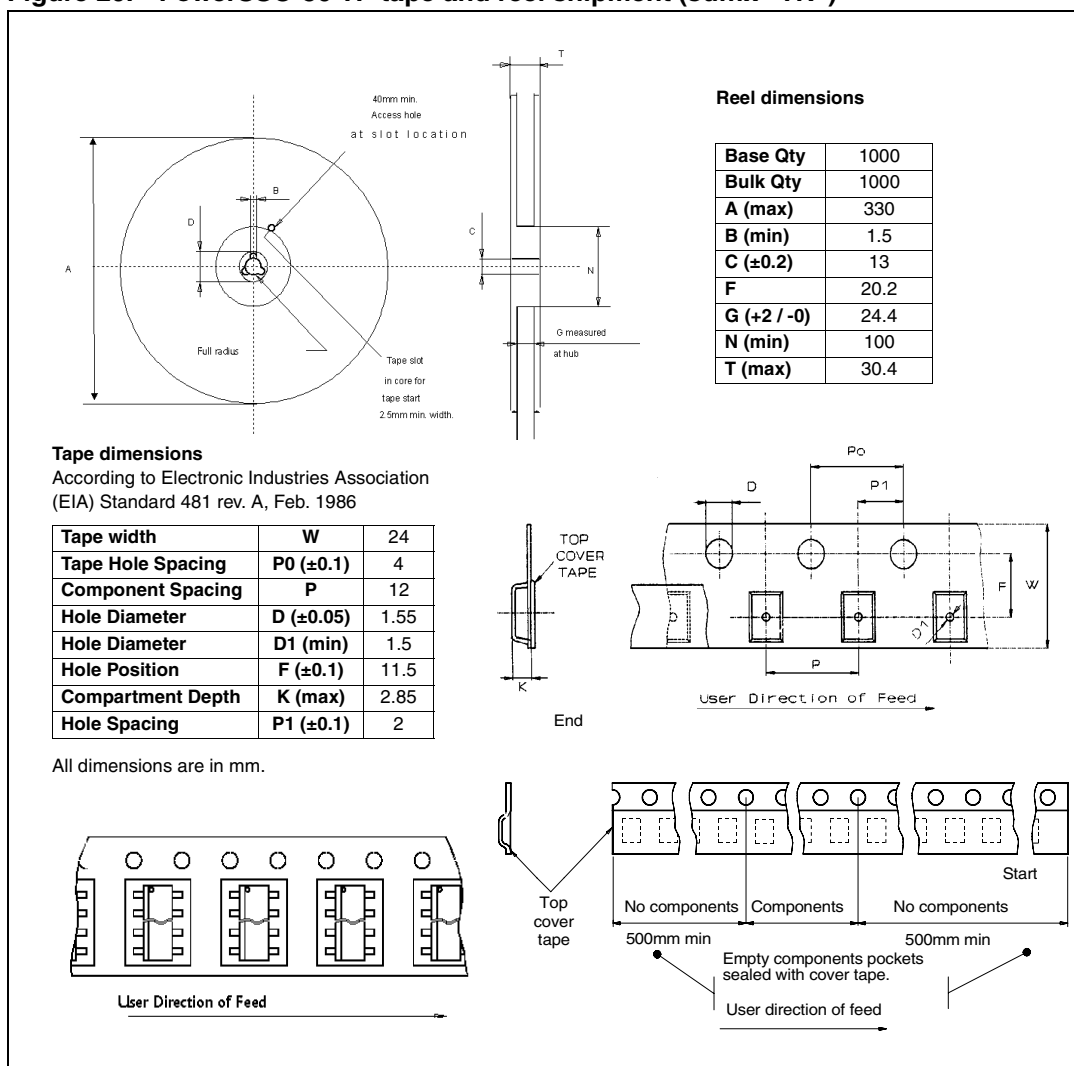


Figure 20. PowerSSO-36 TP tape and reel shipment (suffix “TR”)



5 Revision history

Table 17. Document revision history

| Date | Revision | Changes |
|-------------|-----------------|---|
| 07-Nov-2011 | 1 | Initial release |
| 18-Jan-2012 | 2 | Changed document status from preliminary data to datasheet. |
| 20-Jan-2012 | 3 | Updated features list. |

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