

HSML-C290

Top View Orange ChipLED

Overview

The Broadcom® HSML-C290 is a surface-mount chipLED that comes in an industrial standard 1.0-mm × 0.5-mm footprint. Its small form factor allows flexible board design, and the chipLED can be closely mounted, thus offering maximum miniaturization benefits to the user.

The low 0.25-mm height makes it suitable for use in small handheld portable devices and in applications, such as wearables, where space is a constraint.

This chipLED has a wide viewing angle and high light output performance with the use of efficient AlInGaP LED materials.

It is compatible with industry standard automatic machine placement and reflow soldering.

Features

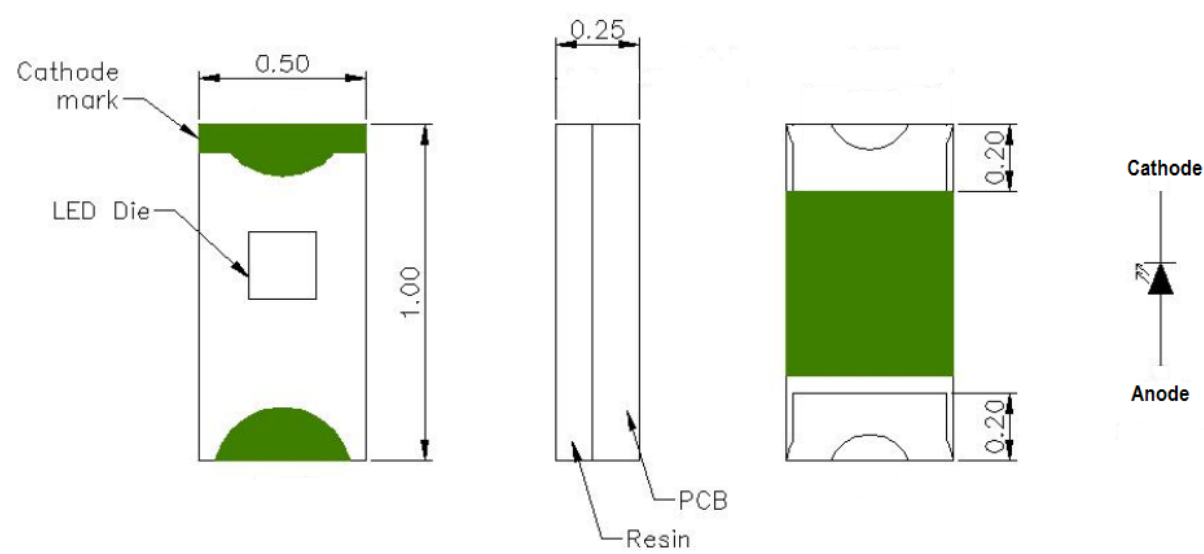
- LED with AlInGaP die
- Surface-mount device with 0402 footprint
- Compatible with reflow soldering
- Tape in 8-mm carrier tape on a 7-in. diameter reel

Applications

- Backlighting
- Indicator

CAUTION! LEDs are class 1A ESD sensitive per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001. Please observe appropriate precautions during handling and processing. Refer to Application Note AN-1142 for additional details.

Figure 1: Package Dimensions



- NOTE:**
- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
 - 2. Tolerance ± 0.1 mm unless otherwise specified.
 - 3. Terminal finish: silver plating.

Absolute Maximum Value at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Parameter	Rating	Units
DC Forward Current ^a	20	mA
Peak Forward Current ^b	30	mA
Power Dissipation	48	mW
LED Junction Temperature	95	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating Temperature Range	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	-40 to +85	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

- a. Derate as shown in [Figure 10](#).
- b. Duty factor = 10%, frequency = 1 kHz.

Optical/Electrical Characteristics at $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = 20\text{ mA}$

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Luminous Intensity, I_v^a	71.5	89.0	285.0	mcd
Dominant Wavelength, λ_d^b	—	605	—	nm
Peak Wavelength, λ_p	—	612	—	nm
Viewing Angle, $2\theta_{1/2}^c$	—	135	—	degree
Forward Voltage, V_f	1.6	—	2.4	V
Reverse Voltage, V_r ($I_r = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$) ^d	5	—	—	V
Thermal Resistance, $R\theta_{j-s}$	—	200	—	$^{\circ}\text{C/W}$

- The luminous intensity is measured at the mechanical axis of the LED package. The actual peak of the spatial radiation pattern may not be aligned with the axis.
- The dominant wavelength is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the perceived color of the device.
- Viewing angle is the off-axis angle where the luminous intensity is $\frac{1}{2}$ the peak intensity
- Indicates product final test condition. Long-term reverse bias is not recommended.

Bin Information

Intensity Bins (CAT)

Bin ID	Luminous Intensity (mcd)	
	Min.	Max.
Q	71.5	112.5
R	112.5	180.0
S	180.0	285.5

Tolerance $\pm 15\%$.

Color Bins (BIN)

Bin ID	Dominant Wavelength (nm)	
	Min.	Max.
A	597	600
B	600	603
C	603	606
D	606	609
E	609	612
F	612	615

Tolerance $\pm 1\text{ nm}$

Figure 2: Spectrum

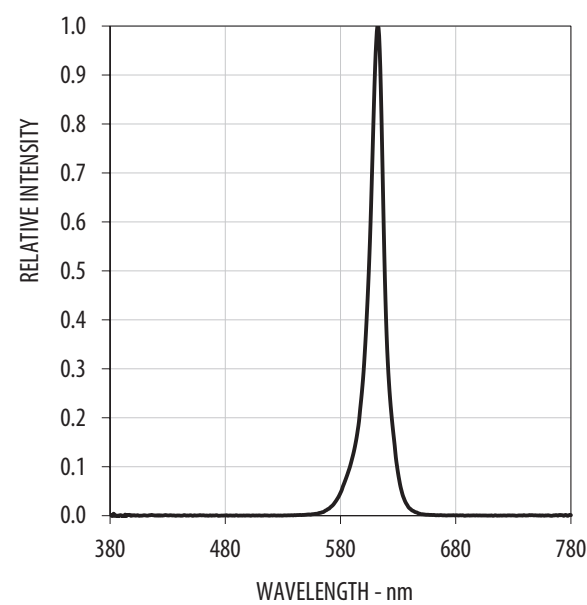


Figure 3: Luminous Intensity vs. Forward Current

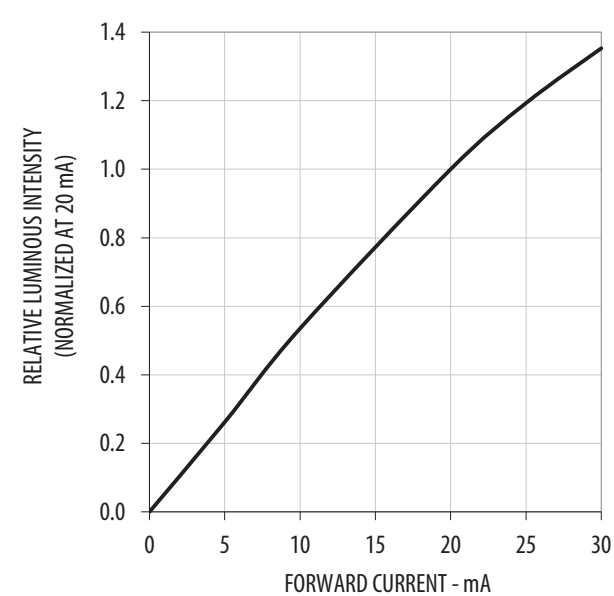


Figure 4: Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

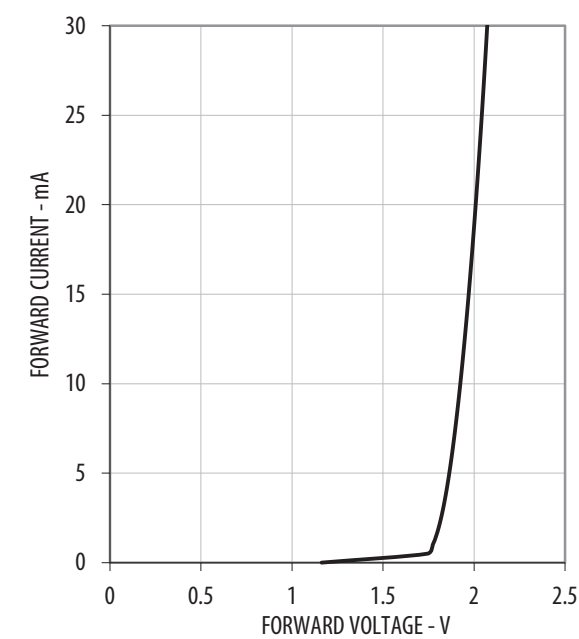


Figure 5: Radiation Pattern

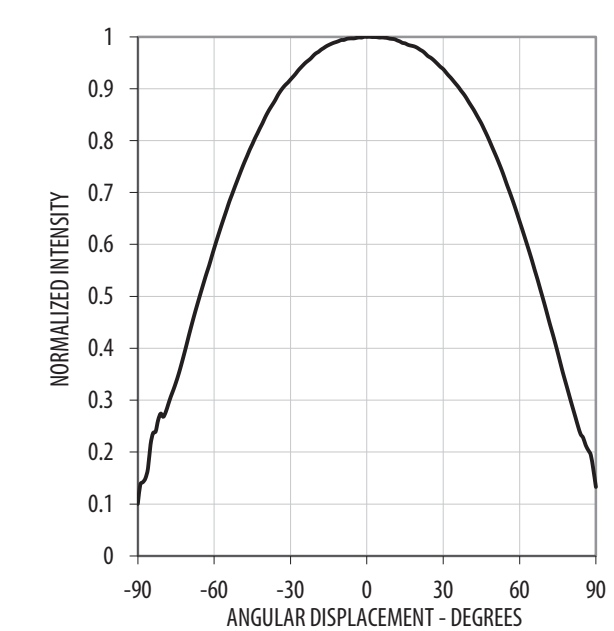


Figure 6: Wavelength Shift vs. Forward Current

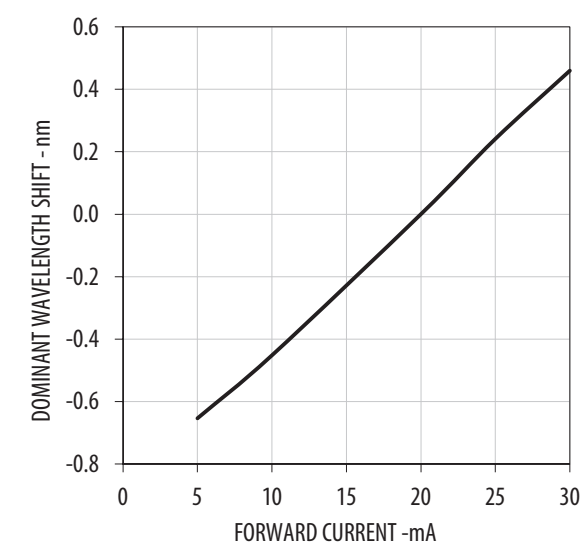


Figure 7: Relative Intensity vs. Temperature

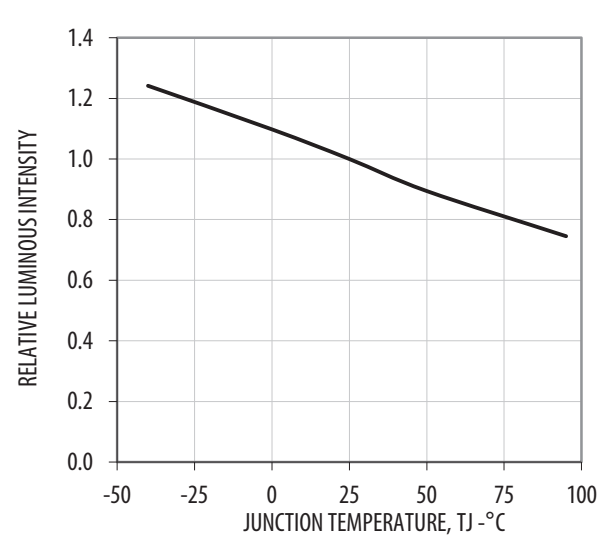


Figure 8: Forward Voltage Shift vs. Temperature

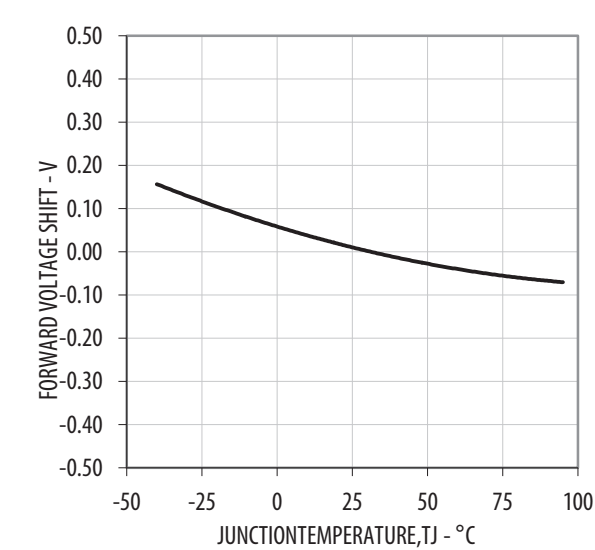


Figure 9: Wavelength Shift vs. Temperature

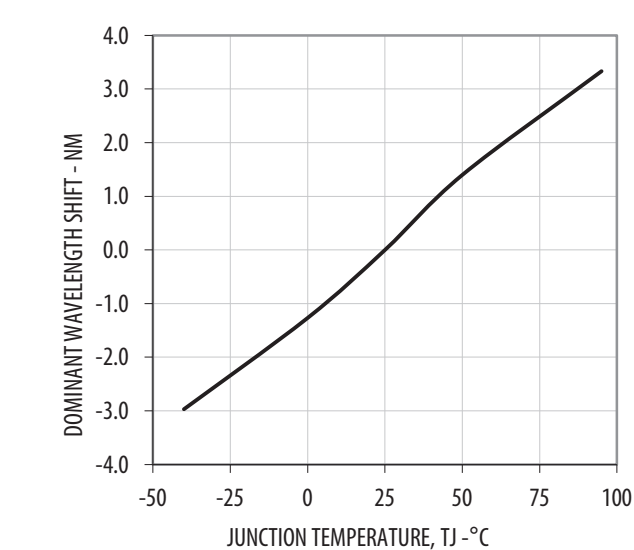


Figure 10: Derating Curve

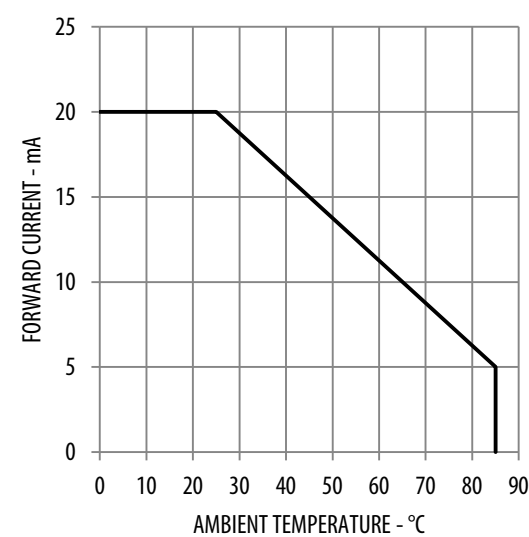


Figure 11: Recommended Solder Pad (Units: mm)

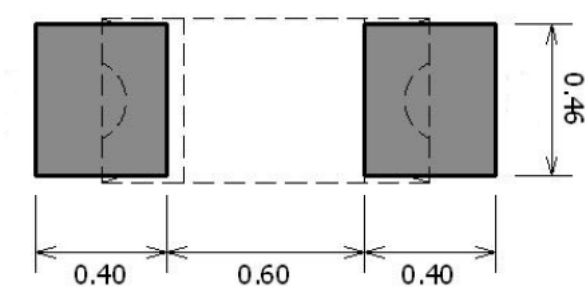


Figure 12: Reel Orientation

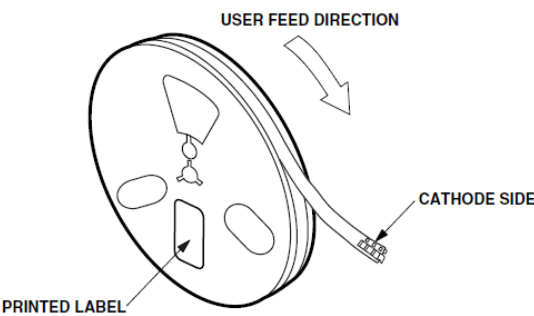


Figure 13: Reel Dimensions (Units: mm)

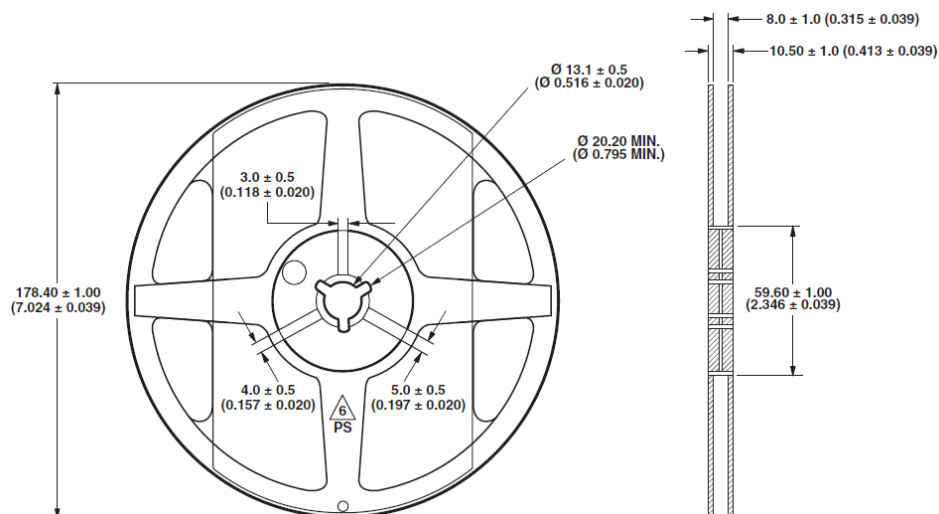
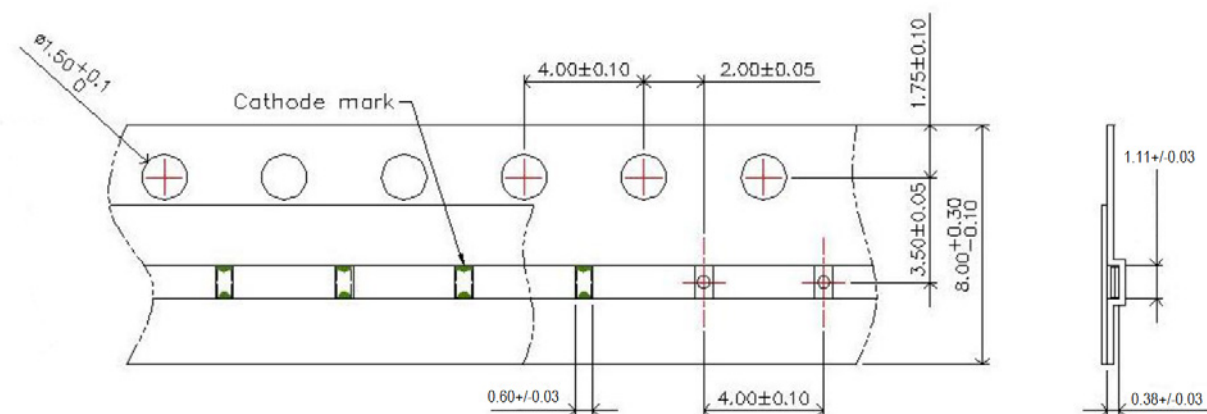
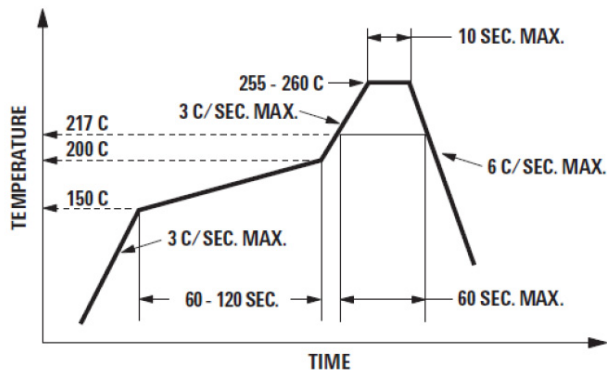


Figure 14: Carrier Tape Dimensions (Units: mm)



Soldering

Figure 15: Recommended Reflow Soldering Conditions



- Reflow soldering must not be done more than twice. Observe necessary precautions of handling moisture sensitive device as stated in the following section.
- Do not apply any pressure or force on the LED during reflow and after reflow when the LED is still hot.
- Use reflow soldering to solder the LED. If unavoidable (such as rework), use manual hand soldering strictly controlled to the following conditions:
 - Soldering iron tip temperature = 310°C maximum
 - Soldering duration = 2 seconds maximum
 - Number of cycles = 1 only
 - Power of soldering iron = 50W maximum
- Do not touch the LED package body with the soldering iron except for the soldering terminals because it might cause damage to the LED.
- Confirm beforehand whether the functionality and performance of the LED is affected by hand soldering.

Precautionary Notes

Handling of a Moisture-Sensitive Device

This product has a Moisture Sensitive Level 2a rating per JEDEC J-STD-020. Refer to Broadcom Application Note AN5305, *Handling of Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices*, for additional details and a review of proper handling procedures.

■ Before use

- An unopened moisture barrier bag (MBB) can be stored at < 40°C/90% RH for 12 months. If the actual shelf life has exceeded 12 months and the humidity indicator card (HIC) indicates that baking is not required, it is safe to reflow the LEDs per the original MSL rating.
- Do not open the MBB prior to assembly (for example, for IQC).

■ Control after opening the MBB

- Read the HIC immediately upon opening the MBB.
- Keep the LEDs at < 30°C/60% RH at all times, and all high-temperature-related processes, including soldering, curing, or rework, must be completed within 672 hours.

■ Control for unfinished reel

Store unused LEDs in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at < 5% RH.

■ Control of assembled boards

If the PCB soldered with the LEDs is to be subjected to other high-temperature processes, store the PCB in a sealed MBB with desiccant or desiccator at < 5% RH to ensure that all LEDs have not exceeded their floor life of 672 hours.

■ Baking is required if the following conditions exist:

- The HIC indicator is not blue at 10% and is pink at 5%.
- The LEDs are exposed to conditions of > 30°C/60% RH at any time.
- The LEDs' floor life exceeded 672 hours.

The recommended baking condition is: 60°C ±5°C for 20 hours.

Baking should only be done once.

■ Storage

The soldering terminals of these Broadcom LEDs are silver plated. If the LEDs are exposed in an ambient environment for too long, the silver plating might be oxidized, thus affecting its solderability performance. Therefore, keep unused LEDs in a sealed MBB with desiccant or in desiccator at < 5% RH.

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